ANNUAL REPORT 2010-11



Ministry of Tribal Affairs

Government of India



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CHAPTER 1 Highlights of 2010-11

- **1.1** A number of important activities, including several new initiatives, were taken up by the Ministry during the year for a more focused attention on the rights, welfare and development of Scheduled Tribes.
- 1.2 The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 which is being administered by the Ministry of TribalAffairs, seeking to recognize and vest the forest rights and occupation in forest land in forest dwelling Scheduled Tribes and other traditional forest dwellers who have been residing in such forests for generations but whose rights could not be recorded, has been notified for operation with effect from 31.12.2007. The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2008 for implementing the provisions of the Act have also been notified on 1.1.2008.
- 1.2.1 As per the Act and the Rules notified there under, the responsibility for recognition and vesting of forest rights and distribution of land rights rests the State/UT Governments. After operationalisation of the Act and notification of the Rules, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs had addressed the State/UT Governments on 11.1.2008 to initiate necessary action for implementing the Act, as per a time-bound schedule. Subsequently, actionable points along with the timelines were also forwarded to all the States/UTs for implementation of the Act. They were directed to take all necessary steps to create awareness about the objectives, provisions and procedures of the Act and the Rules amongst the forest dwelling Scheduled Tribes and other traditional forest dwellers and the concerned authorities under the Act. They were advised to ensure translation and publication of the Act and the rules in all the regional languages and arrange their distribution to all Gram

- Sabhas, Forest Rights Committees and all departments of the Government including Panchayati Raj, Rural Development, Tribal and Social Welfare and Forest Departments, and to undertake the orientation of officials, civilian representatives and non-Government organisations in the State, who can then be called upon to assist as resource persons in the awareness programmes, etc.
- 1.2.2 The progress of implementation of the Act is being monitored by the office of the Prime Minister, Cabinet Secretariat and Planning Commission through monthly progress reports being sent by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs. The Ministry of Tribal Affairs is also reviewing the progress of implementation of the Act periodically by convening review meetings of State Secretaries/ Commissioners of Tribal Welfare/Development Departments. Five such review meetings have been held so far on 18/19.2.2008, 16.5.2008, 27.6.2008, 11.11.2008 and 4/5.11.2009.
- 1.2.3 Her Excellency, the President of India, in her joint Address to Parliament on 26th February, 2010, announced that "Under the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, nearly seven lakh titles have been distributed so far. Further, efforts will be made, in conjunction with State Governments, to ensure early disposal of the remaining claims". The following measures have been taken subsequent to that:
- This Ministry has been interacting with the State Governments and UT Administrations urging them to take all necessary steps for expeditious implementation of the Act. For this purpose, Hon'ble Minister of Tribal Affairs, Hon'ble Minister of State for Tribal Affairs and senior

- officers of the Ministry have been visiting the States/ UTs to assess and guide the pace of the implementation;
- The clarifications, sought by some of the States on certain issues with reference to the provisions of the Act were issued by this Ministry after examination of the same and whenever needed, in consultation with Ministry of Law & Justice;
- The Hon'ble Minister of Tribal Affairs has written to the Minister of Environment & Forests to issue instructions to all State Forests Departments to faithfully implement the provisions of the Act before any decision is taken on the eviction of the Scheduled Tribes living in these areas;
- The Hon'ble Minister of Tribal Affairs has written to all Hon'ble Members of Parliament, reiterating the need for dovetailing all development and welfare programme in tribal areas for a coherent strategy and coordinated approach involving all departments, stressed by Hon'ble Prime Minister while taking stock of the implementation of Forest RightsAct, 2006 during 2009-2010.
- A consultative meeting of Working Group Members of National Advisory Council was held on 7th September, 2010 at TRIFED Conference Hall, NCUI Building, August Kranti Marg, New Delhi for discussion on Tribal Development. Dr. Ram Dayal Munda, M.P., Member, NAC; Dr. Rita Sharma, Secretary, NAC; Shri A. K. Chugh, Secretary, Ministry of Tribal Affairs; Shri A. N. P. Sinha, Secretary, Ministry of Panchayati Raj; Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Tribal Affairs; Shri A. K. Srivastava, Director, Ministry of Tribal Affairs; representatives of Ministries of Environment & Forests and Rural Development; representatives of some selected State Governments; Experts and Members of various Civil Societies & organizations from various States participated in that meeting. Dr. Bachittar Singh, made a power point presentation on the implementation of the Forest Rights Act, 2006 which was followed by discussion amongst the

- participants on the various aspects of implementation of the Act;
- Hon'ble Minster of Tribal Affairs has written, on 10.11.2010, to Chief Ministers of States where the implementation process of the Act is slow/very slow, urging them to formulate a strategy for implementation of the Act in a time bound manner and ensuring that title deeds are distributed to all the eligible claimants without delay.
- 1.2.4 As a result of the efforts and persistent persuasion made by the Ministry with the States/UTs, more than 30.31 lakh claims have been filed and more than 11.06 lakh titles have been distributed as on 31.12.2010. More than 32 thousand titles were ready for distribution. Atotal number of 25,48,496 claims have been disposed of, which is 84.06% of the total claims received. As per the information available from 11 States, the extent of forest land for which 9,50,798 titles have been distributed, is 13,77,535.06 ha. (34,02,511.61 Acres).
- 1.3 The Ministry of Tribal Affairs has, during the year 2006, formulated a draft "National Tribal Policy" covering all important issues that concern tribals. The Policy derives strength from the principles enshrined in the Constitution and the Provisions of the Panchayats (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996. Simultaneously, the draft Policy also identifies the strengths of tribal traditions and cultures. The main issues covered in the draft Policy relate to: Alienation of Tribal Land; Tribal-Forest Interface; Displacement, Resettlement & Rehabilitation; Enhancement of Human Development Index; Creation of Critical Infrastructure; Violent Manifestations; Conservation & Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs); Adoption of Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP) Strategy; Empowerment; Gender Equity; Enlisting Support of Non-Governmental Organizations; Tribal Culture & Traditional Knowledge; Administration of Tribal Areas; the Regulatory & Protective Regime etc. The Policy was publicized and widely circulated through print and electronic media and large scale consultations were made. Final draft of the Policy was placed before the Union Cabinet for approval

on 31-5-2007. Union Cabinet referred the Policy to a Group of Ministers (GoM) for consideration and harmonization with National Rehabilitation Policy. After deliberations, the GoM made its recommendation. The recommendations of GoM were accordingly incorporated in the Cabinet Note and the same was submitted on 14.7.2008, and resubmitted on 7.11.2008 to Cabinet Secretariat for placing it before Cabinet for approval. The Cabinet Secretariat returned the Cabinet Note for obtaining comments of Ministry of Finance for creation of posts for Implementation Cell. Thereafter, the Cabinet Note was resubmitted along with the comments of the Ministry of Finance, when the Ministry was asked to consult the Prime Minister's Office. The PMO asked the Ministry to place it before the National Council for Tribal Welfare in the first instance. The matter was placed before the Standing Committee of National Council for Tribal Welfare at its meeting held on 12.1.2011. The draft Policy will be placed before the National Council for Tribal Welfare with the recommendations of the Standing Committee.

1.4 The Ministry, as in previous years, has been proactively advocating the need for an effective Tribal Sub-Plan component (in Central Ministries/ Departments and in proportion to the ST population of States/ UTs), to be put in a separate budget head and to enable implementation of programmes/schemes for tribals in a more focused and integrated manner so as to avoid spreading of resources too thinly. The Ministry's concern in respect of States which have not been earmarking the fund for the Tribal Sub-Plan in proportion to the ST population, was conveyed to those States. The Planning Commission has set up a Task force under the chairmanship of Dr.Narendra Jadhav, Member Planning

Commission, to review guidelines for the implementation of Tribal Sub-Plan in Central Ministries/Departments and States/UT Governments. The Task Force has furnished the recommendations revising the criteria for earmarking of Plan Outlays for TSP during 2011-12 by Central Ministries/Departments. The Ministry organised a regional workshop at Udaipur, Rajasthan with five States on effective implemenation of TSP in States on 3.02.2011.

- habitations in the country, Ministry funds the State Governments for setting up of Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) for ST students, which are treated at par with quality schools in the country. The funding is done under grants released in accordance with Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India. During the year, Ministry further revised the guidelines for setting up of such EMRSs, under which the State Governments are being encouraged to set up new EMRSs. The funding for new EMRS have been increased substantially and high quality standards have also been proposed. The revised cost per EMRS is as below:
 - (i) The capital cost for the school complex, including hostels and staff quarters will now be Rs. 12.00 crore with a provision to go up to Rs.16.00 crore in hill areas deserts and islands. Any escalation will have to be met by State Government;
 - (ii) Recurring Cost has been raised at Rs.42000/- per student per annum. This may be raised by 10% every second year to compensate for inflation etc.



CHAPTER 2 Activities of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs - An Overview

- 2.1 The Ministry of Tribal Affairs is the nodal Ministry for the overall policy, planning and coordination of programmes for the development of the Scheduled Tribes (STs). The programmes and schemes of the Ministry are intended to support and supplement, through financial assistance, the efforts of other Central Ministries, the State Governments and voluntary organizations, and to fill critical gaps taking into account the needs of ST. Though the primary responsibility for promotion of interests of Scheduled Tribes rests with all the Central Ministries, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs complements their efforts by way of various developmental interventions in critical sectors through specially tailored schemes. These schemes which are for the economic, educational and social development are administered by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs and implemented through the State Governments, Union Territory Administrations and voluntary organizations.
- **2.2** An overview in respect of various Central Sector and Centrally Sponsored Schemes of the Ministry is given below while the details are given in the subsequent Chapters.
- 2.3 As educational development is a stepping-stone to economic and social development, and the most effective instrument for empowering the tribals, maximum efforts were made during the year to improve their educational status.
- **2.4** The flagship scheme of Post Matric Scholarship (PMS) continues to be an important centrally sponsored scheme to promote higher education among STs. Under the scheme, till 31st December 2010, an amount of Rs. 319.91 crore has been spent during 2010-11.

- **2.4.1** The scheme of 'Hostels for ST Boys and Girls', aims at augmenting the availability of educational facilities to ST students, thereby reducing drop-out rates at the middle/higher level education. An expenditure of Rs. 74.80 crore had been incurred under the Scheme, till 31st December, 2010. The scheme of Ashram Schools is yet another scheme which aims at extending educational facilities and providing an environment conducive to the education of ST boys and girls through dedicated residential schools. An amount of Rs.54.17 crore had been released till 31st December, 2010 for the year 2010-11 under this scheme.
- 2.5 The aim of the scheme of Vocational Training is imparting vocational training to ST youth to increase their employability. The scheme has been revised with effect from 1.4.2009 and a maximum assistance of Rs. 30,000/- per annum per ST trainee as per norms will be provided to the State Governments/UT Administrations, Institutions or Organizations. Under the scheme, till 31st December, 2010, an amount of Rs. 5.63 crore has been spent. The provisions of the revised scheme are equally applicable to State run Vocational Training Centres as well as those run by NGOs.
- 2.6 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, the Ministry has funded 40 Educational Complexes under the scheme of **Strengthening Education Among Scheduled Tribe Girls in Low Literacy Districts** for improvement of ST female literacy in tribal areas covering about 7089 Scheduled Tribe girl students, by extending grants of Rs.7.51 crore to voluntary organizations and autonomous societies of the State Government.

- 2.7 Under the scheme of "Grant-in-aid to Voluntary Organizations working for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes", the Ministry, during 2010-11 upto 31.12.2010, has funded about 283 projects covering residential schools, non-residential schools, hostels, libraries, mobile dispensaries, ten or more bedded hospitals, computer training centres, rural night school, agricultural training, etc. by extending a grant of Rs.32.74 crore benefiting about 614614 scheduled tribes.
- **2.8** Under the scheme of "Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Scheme of Development of Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs)", during 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, the Ministry released Rs.178.86 crore to 10 States for implementation of prioritized activities as per "Conservation-cum-Development (CCD) Plans for PTGs".
- Under the scheme of "Research Information 2.9 and Mass Education, Tribal Festivals and Others" the Ministry takes up various activities including interalia research and evaluation studies by reputed Institutes/ Universities, seminars/ workshops and publications, photo competitions, tribal festivals, tribal sports, exchange of visits by tribals and national tribal awards. Grants are also provided to the 17 Tribal Research Institutes (TRIs) on 50:50 sharing basis with the State Governments. These TRIs conduct research and evaluation studies, collect data, codify customary law and conduct training, seminars and workshops and thereby provide planning inputs to the State Governments. During 2010-11, an amount of Rs. 6.00 crore is expected to be released under the scheme.
- **2.10** Under the programme of SCA to TSP, the Ministry continued to release funds to TSP States, as in previous years, with the objective of supporting the initiatives of the State Governments to provide income earning opportunities in tribal areas in accordance with the guidelines laid down by the Ministry. As on 31.12.2010, Rs. 743.65 crore released out of the total B.E. outlay of Rs. 960.50 crore for 2010-11. This includes funding for the programme of development of forest villages.

- 2.11 The practice of releasing funds under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution on the basis of approved projects continued during the year 2010-11. An amount of Rs.733.10 crore has been released up to 31.12.2010 out of total B.E. of Rs.1046.00 crore to various States for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes and raising the level of administration in the Scheduled Areas in these States. Guidelines for setting up EMRSs in the country funded out of this fund have been further revised during the current year with a view to continue the Ministry's policy of providing quality education to ST Students.
- **2.12** The National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation (NSTFDC) continued to function as a catalytic agent for financing, facilitating and mobilizing funds for promoting economic developmental activities of STs. This Corporation provides financial assistance at concessional rates of interest. During the year 2010-11, the Corporation fixed a target of Rs. 150 crore for sanction under Income Generating Activities. Against this, sanction of Rs.136.59 crore was made for 99440 nos. of beneficiaries as on 31.12.2010 under Income Generating Activities. This includes sanction of Rs.4.16 Crore under Adivasi Mahila Sashaktikaran Yojana (AMSY) for 1306 nos. of women beneficiaries and Rs. 4.63 crore under Micro Credit Scheme for 1784 nos. of beneficiaries. During the year (as on 31.12.2010) the Corporation also released Rs. 30.45 crore for implementation of sanctioned schemes.
- 2.13 The Standing Committee on Inter-Sectoral Issues Relating to Tribal Development headed by Dr. Bhalchandra Mungekar, Ex-Member, Planning Commission, with Secretaries of some Key Ministries concerned with tribal development as Members, submitted its 3rd Report on the subject "Standards of Administration and Governance in the Scheduled Areas" to the Prime Minister on 31.3.2009. The comments of MoTA have been sent to PMO and it has been decided to place the issue before CoS. The Ministry is keen on early and effective implementation of the recommendations of the Mungekar Committee for the benefit of the tribals and development of the Scheduled Areas.

CHAPTER 3

The Ministry: An Introduction

The Mandate

- 3.1 The Ministry of Tribal Affairs was constituted in October 1999 with the objective of providing more focused attention on the integrated socio-economic development of the most under-privileged sections of the Indian society, the Scheduled Tribes (STs), in a coordinated and planned manner. The Ministry of Tribal Affairs is the nodal Ministry for overall policy, planning and coordination of programmes for development of ST's. To this end, Ministry of Tribal Affairs has undertaken activities that follow from the subjects allocated under the Government of India (Allocation of Business) Rules, 1961. These include:
- Social security and social insurance to the Scheduled Tribes;
- Tribal Welfare: Tribal welfare planning, project formulation, research, evaluation, statistics and training;
- Promotion and development of voluntary efforts on tribal welfare;
- 4) Scheduled Tribes, including scholarship to students belonging to such tribes;
- 5) Development of Scheduled Tribes
 - 5A) All matters including legislation relating to the rights of forest dwelling Scheduled Tribes on forest lands.

Note: The Ministry of Tribal Affairs shall be the nodal Ministry for overall policy, planning and coordination of programmes of development for the Scheduled Tribes. In regard to sectoral programmes and schemes of development of these communities policy, planning, monitoring, evaluation etc. as also their coordination will

be the responsibility of the concerned Central Ministries/ Departments, State Governments and Union Territory Administrations. Each Central Ministry/Department will be the nodal Ministry or Department concerning its sector.

- 6)(a) matters relating to autonomous districts of Assam excluding roads and bridge works and ferries thereon; and,
- (b) regulations framed by the Governors of States for Scheduled Areas and for Tribal Areas specified in Part 'A' of the Table appended to paragraph 20 of the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution:
- 7)(a) Commission to report on the administration of Scheduled Areas and the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes; and
- (b) Issue of directions regarding the drawing up and execution of schemes essential for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes in any State.
- 8) The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes;
- 9) Implementation of the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 (22 of 1955) and the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 (33 of 1989), excluding administration of criminal justice in regard to offences in so far as they relate to Scheduled Tribes.

The Role

3.2 It needs to be emphasized that the programmes and schemes of the Ministry are intended to support and supplement, through financial assistance, the efforts of other Central Ministries, the State Governments and voluntary organizations, and to fill critical gaps taking

responsibility for promoting the interests of Scheduled Tribes thus rests with all the Central Ministries. The Ministry complements their efforts by way of various developmental interventions in critical sectors through specially tailored schemes. These, comprising schemes for economic, educational and social development, are administered by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs and implemented through the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations and voluntary organizations.

Organization

3.3 The Ministry of Tribal Affairs is functioning under the overall guidance of the Union Minister Shri Kanti Lal Bhuria. Dr. Tusharbhai A. Chaudhary was assisting him as Minister of State for Tribal Affairs till 20.01.2011. Consequent upon change of his portfolio, Shri Mahadeo Singh Khandela has taken over the charge of Minister of State for Tribal Affairs. The Hon'ble Ministers were being assisted by the Secretary Sh. Gautam Buddha Mukherji till his retirement on superannuation on 31.07.2010. Consequent upon the retirement of Shri Gautam Buddha Mukherji, Shri Arvind Kumar Chugh has taken over as Secretary in the Ministry of Tribal Affairs on 04.08.2010. The Secretary is assisted by Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary, Shri Prabhu Dayal Meena, Joint Secretary, Shri S.K. Gupta, Deputy Director General (Stat), and Smt. Urvashi Sadhwani, Economic Adviser till her relieving on 25.10.2010. Shri S.K. Ray, Additional Secretary and Financial Adviser has been assisting the Secretary, Ministry of Tribal Affairs till Shri A.N.Jha, Joint Secretary assumed the charge as Financial Adviser in this Ministry w.e.f. 31.08.2010 and Sh. A.N.Bokshi is working as the Chief Controller of Accounts. The Ministry is organized into Divisions, Sections and Units. Each division is headed by a Deputy Secretary/Director. The Ministry of Tribal Affairs has a sanctioned strength of 134 employees (including 5 posts of PAO) and a working strength of 99. There are 33 Group 'A' posts, 54 group 'B' posts, 31 group 'C' posts and 16 group 'D" posts. The organizational chart of the Ministry is at Annexure 3-A.

Administration

- 3.4 The establishment and general administration matters of the Ministry and that of National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (NCST) requiring Ministry's approval are handled in the Administration Division. In addition, establishment matters of officers appointed under Central Staffing Schemes for the Department proper and against ex-cadre posts of this Ministry and also posts belonging to other Central Services i.e. Indian Economic Service cadre, various Statistical cadres, etc. are being administered in this Division.
- 3.5 Ministry of Tribal Affairs had been facing severe crunch of space since its inception. Some divisions viz., Research & Media, Plan and Miscellaneous, Statistics and Cooperative Marketing & Regulation Divisions have been located in August Kranti Bhawan at Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi. Hon'ble MOS (TA)'s office is located at Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi. It involves extra efforts of staff and vehicles for the coordination.

Computer Centre (NIC)

- 3.6 NIC has established a Computer Centre for the Ministry of Tribal Affairs in Shastri Bhawan for IT applications, development and operation. NIC is maintaining LAN and WAN functioning. Separate antivirus server and patch management server has been installed at Shastri Bhawan for on-line updation of windows, antivirus software and patch management.
- **3.7** NIC has also established LAN/ MAN for the Ministry of Tribal Affairs in August Kranti Bhawan having E-mail and Internet connectivity through 2 Mbps leased line with the backup of 20 Mbps R.F from CGO Complex, NIC-Hqtrs.
- **3.8** Updation of the Ministry's website (URL: http://www.tribal.gov.in) such as the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006, Notifications, Rules, News, Schemes of Education Division, NGO Division, Research and Media is being undertaken from time to time.

3.9 NIC is also providing IT support to TRIFED, NCST, NSTFDC and maintaining their websites –

http://www.trifed.nic.in, http://www.tribes.nic.in, http://www.ncst.nic.in, http://www.nstfdc.nic.in,

- 3.10 Web-based Portal for monitoring the implementation of Forest Right Act has been put up and training has been imparted to various states for updation. Regular updation of implementation status is also being uploaded on the Ministry's website. Web based scheme Monitoring system for State Grants is developed & is being implemented. Web based Top Class Scholarship MIS is also under development. Various Modules of Comprehensive DDO (CompDDO) such as Salary, GPF, Income Tax, Bonus, Contingency and Bills have been implemented. Various NIC software such as CPGRAMS, e-servicebook, ACC-Vacancy Monitoring System, RTI Annual Returns, NGO Partnership are being implemented. Intra-tribal (IntraGov - G2E) of Ministry is developed and will be inaugurated soon. Scheme Monitoring System for State Grants Division and E-scholarship System for the Top Class Education Scholarship (ver 1.1) are developed and testing are being done, and are to be implemented soon.
- **3.11** Ministry's website was re-designed as per the guidelines issued by Govt. of India and launched on 26th September, 2009 by the Hon'ble Union Minister Shri Kanti Lal Bhuria in the presence of Hon'ble Minister of State Dr. Tushar A. Chaudhary. Other officers of the Ministry and TV & Print media persons were also present.

Budget Allocation

3.12 The Budget allocation for various schemes/programmes of Ministry of Tribal Affairs for 2010-11 was Rs. 3206.50 crore and RE was Rs. 3205.70 crore. The total releases made by the Ministry during the year 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) are Rs. 2229.31 crore, which is 69.52 per cent of the Revised Estimates.

3.13 The scheme-wise Budget Estimates, Revised Estimates and expenditure during 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) are at **Annexure 3-B.**

Progressive Use of Hindi

- **3.14** Hindi is the official language of the Government of India and, therefore, the Ministry is actively involved in promoting the use of Hindi in official work. There is a Hindi Section assisted by an Assistant Director (OL), one Senior Translator and two Junior Translators. One post of Junior Hindi Translator is vacant since 15th December, 2010. This Section looks after the work of translation and deals with the Official Language Policy and Act. It also monitors the progressive use of Hindi in official work in organizations under the Ministry.
- **3.15** The Ministry has a working strength of 134 officers and staff, most of whom either have proficiency or working knowledge of Hindi.

Implementation of the Official Language Act/Rules and Annual Programme

- 3.16 Continuous efforts are being made to achieve the targets fixed by the Department of Official Languages in the Annual Programme for the year 2010-11, for correspondence in Hindi with various offices/regions etc. All the letters received in Hindi are being replied to in Hindi only. During the period of this Report, most of the original letters to 'A' and 'B' regions were sent in Hindi. All administrative and other reports are being made bilingually. All rubber stamps and printed stationary have also been made in Hindi and English. Section 3(3) of the Official Language Act is being complied with by the Ministry.
- **3.17** Implementation of the programme is being regularly monitored/reviewed in the meetings of the Official Language Implementation Committee.

Hindi Fortnight

3.18 Hindi fortnight was organized in the Ministry during 14th to 28th September, 2010. During this fortnight activities and competitions like Hindi Noting and Drafting, Hindi Essay, typing and Shrutlekh were organized. Officers and other employees of the Ministry enthusiastically participated in these competitions.

Vigilance Activities

- **3.19** Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary was designated as the Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO) in the Ministry with effect from 28.03.2007. The CVO provides assistance to the Secretary of the Ministry in all matters pertaining to vigilance and acts as a link between the Ministry and the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC). The CVO looks after the vigilance work in addition to his normal duties as Joint Secretary in the Ministry. One Director (Vigilance) in the Ministry assists the CVO in discharging his functions. Standard Notice Boards were displayed in the office premises for attention of public.
- **3.20** Pursuant to the instructions from the Central Vigilance Commission, the Ministry celebrated the 'Vigilance Awareness Week' from 25.10.2010 to 01.11.2010. Secretary, Ministry of Tribal Affairs administered the pledge to the officers and staff of the Ministry on 25.10.2010 in Shastri Bhawan and by Deputy Director General (DDG) for Staff of Ministry at August Kranti Bhawan.

Public Grievance Redressal Mechanism

3.21 Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary, has been designated as Director of Grievances in the Ministry w.e.f. 16.1.2007. Details of Dr. Singh such as room number, telephone number, etc. have also been widely circulated. The Director of Grievances also hold regular meetings with officers/staff and sometimes, with their representatives to hear their problems and grievances.

Republic Day Celebrations, 2011

- **3.22** As per the practice being followed over the years, this year too, the Ministry invited two tribal representatives, one female and one male from each State/UnionTerritory as tribal guests of the Government of India, to witness the Republic Day Parade and Celebrations, 2011.
- **3.23** In the Republic Day Celebration 2011, 44 Tribal guests from 23 States/Union Territories witnessed the Republic Day Parade 2011, the Prime Minister's NCC Rally on 28th January,2011 and the Beating Retreat Ceremony on 29th January, 2011. The tribal guests also called on the President of India, Vice-President and also attended reception hosted by Prime Minister on 27th January, 2011 and also attended Reception hosted by Prime Minister on 24th January, 2011. They also met Defence Minister. The Hon'ble Minister of Tribal Affairs/ Minister of State for Tribal Affairs held a reception in the honour of tribal guests and awarded a certificate of participation in the Republic Day Celebration and Gifts. Gifts from Prime Minister and Defence Minister were also distributed to them. The tribal guests paid homage to the Father of the Nation at Rajghat on 30.1.2011.
- **3.24** The guests were also taken for sightseeing in and around Delhi and also visited Agra, Fetehpur Sikri and the temples in Mathura.

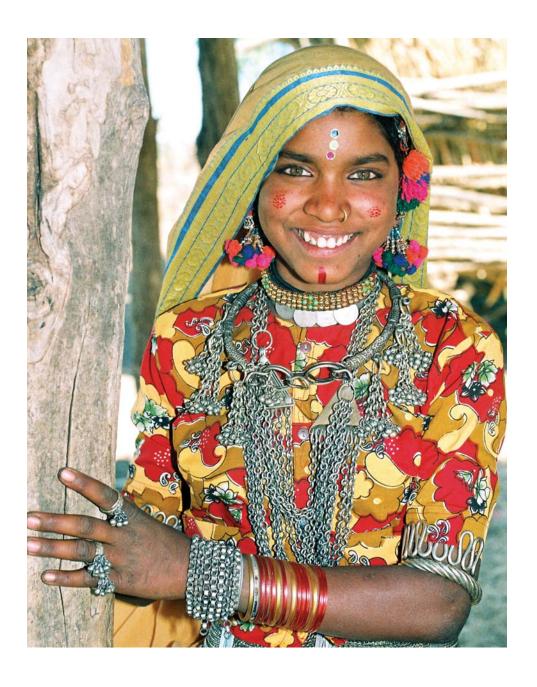
Parliamentary Standing Committee

3.25 Under the chairmanship of Shri Dara Singh Chauhan, the Parliamentary Committee on Social Justice and Empowerment (2009-10) took evidence for the representatives of the Ministry on 26.03.2010, in connection with the examination of the Demands of Grants of the Ministry for the year 2010-11. The Standing Committee presented its Fifth report to the Lok Sabha on 20.04.2010, which was also laid on the Table of the Rajya Sabha on the same day.

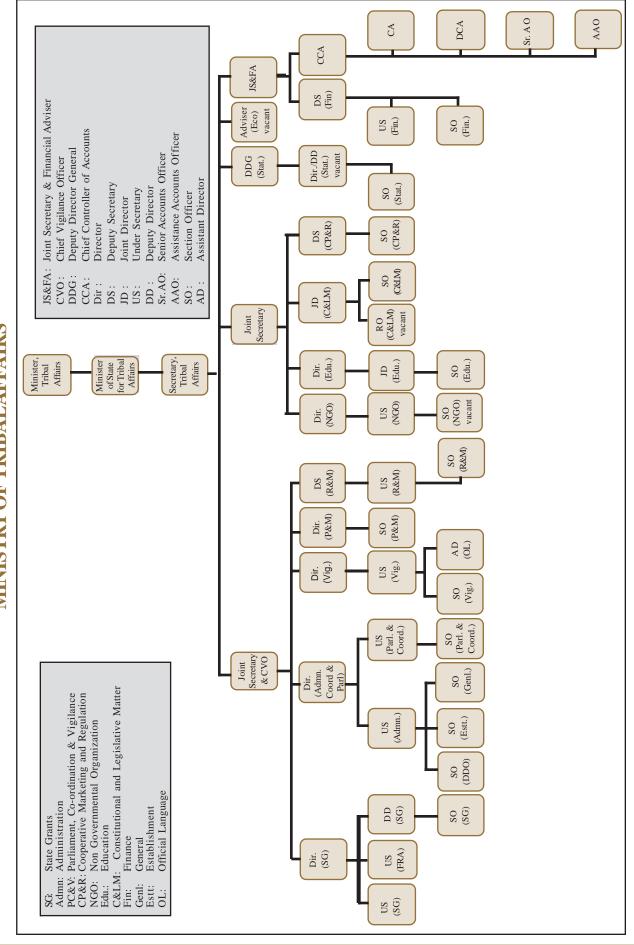
3.26 Under the Chairmanship of Shri Dara Singh Chauhan, the Parliamentary Committee on Social Justice & Empowerment took evidence of the representatives of the Ministry on the subject "Implementation of Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006-rules made thereunder" on 8th July, 2010. The Committee had earlier visited the States of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka, accompanied by Shri A.K. Srivastava, Director, Ministry of Tribal Affairs, from 14th June, 2010 to 19th June,

2010 on their Study Tour Programme and reviewed the progress of the implementation of the Forest Rights Act, 2006 in those States. The Standing Committee presented its report to the Lok Sabha on 16th November, 2010, which was also laid on the Table of the Rajya Sabha on the same day.

3.27 The Citizen's/Client's Charter for Ministry of Tribal Affairs 2010-2011 has been shown in **Chapter-19** of this Report.



ORGANIZATION CHART MINISTRY OF TRIBALAFFAIRS



ANNEXURE: 3-B

BUDGET ALLOCATION, REVISED ALLOCATION AND EXPENDITURE (PLAN) DURING 2008-09, 2009-10 & 2010-11 (UPTO 31.12.2010)

(Rs.' in crore)

							Rs.' in c				
М.	Details of Sub-Scheme	Name of the scheme	-	2008-			2009-		2010-11		
Head			BE	RE	Exp.	BE	RE	Exp.*	BE	RE	Exp**
A	Central Sector Schemes										
2225	Aid to Voluntary Organisations		26.10	29.10		35.95	35.95	44.75	36.99	39.00	28.89
2225	Special Incentives to NGOs performing exemplary tasks	Grant-in-Aid to NGO	0.70	0.70	40.30	0.80	0.30	46.75	0.01	0.50	
2225	Coaching & Allied Scheme	for STs including Coaching & Allied	2.50	3.00	2.6088	5.50	3.00	3.00	4.50	4.50	0.72
	Total of 2225	Scheme and award for	29.30	32.80	42.9088	42.25	39.25	49.75	41.50	44.00	29.61
3601	Coaching & Allied Scheme	exemplary service	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
3602	Coaching & Allied Scheme		0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total of 2225,3601,3602		29.50	33.00	43.1088	42.75	39.25	49.75	42.00	44.00	29.61
2225	Vocational Training in	Vocational Training in	3.00	1.50	1.47	3.72	2.00	2.00	3.00	2.90	0.73
3601	Tribal Areas	TribalAreas	6.00	6.00	6.97	10.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	5.63
	Total		9.00	7.50	8.45	13.72	2.00	2.00	8.00	7.90	6.36
2225	Strengthening of Education among ST girls in low literacy Districts	Strengthening of Education among ST girls in low literacy Districts	60.00	40.00	40.00	50.00	33.50	33.50	40.00	39.70	6.28
2225	Market Development of Tribal Products/ Produce	Market Development of Tribal Products/ Produce	18.99	21.20	21.20	19.86	19.86	19.3550	12.00	14.53	6.00
4225	Investment in TRIFED		0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total		19.00	21,21	21.20	19.86	19.86	19.3550	12.00	14.53	6.00
3601	State Tribal Dev. Coop.Corn. For Minor Forest Produce	State Tribal Dev. Coop. Corn. For Minor Forest Produce	40.00	16.00	16.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	15.00	15.00	7.01
2225	Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal	Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PTG)	4.00	4.00	3.0412	4.00	4.00	3.9996	6.00	5.80	1.88
3601	Group (PTG)	Thoar Group (1 10)	169.00	185.00	189.0266	151.00	75.00	79.6180	175.00	223.90	175.44
	Total		173.00	189.00	192.0678	155.00	79.00	83.6176	181.00	229.70	177.32
4225	National Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corproration	Support to National/ State Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corporations	50.00	0.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	70.00	70.00	0.00
4225	State Tribal Development Finance Corp.	Corporations									
	Total		50.00	0.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	70.00	70.00	0.00
2225	Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship for ST Students	Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship for ST Students	29.00	29.00	31.0324	42.00	30.00	30.00	72.00	60.69	60.68
2225	Scheme of Institute of Excelence / Top Class Institute	Scheme of Institute of Excelence / Top Class Institute	10.00	2.50	1.2161	4.00	1.75	1.75	2.50	5.00	2.44
2225	National Overseas Scholarship Scheme	National Overseas Scholarship Scheme	2.00	0.15	0.0118	0.50	0.31	0.3080	1.00	0.50	0.01
	Total of A (Central Sector Plan)		421.50	338.36	353.0832	387.83	215.67	230.2806	443.50	497.52	295.71

M. Head B 2225 2225	Details of Sub-Scheme Centrally Sponsored Scheme Post Matric Scholarship for STs Book Banks Total of 2225	Name of the scheme	BE 0.10	2008- RE	Exp.	BE	2009- RE	Exp.*	BE	2010-1 RE	Exp**
2225	Post Matric Scholarship for STs Book Banks Total of 2225		0.10								
-	Book Banks Total of 2225	Scheme of PMS	0.10								
2225	Total of 2225	Scheme of PMS		0.10	0.0014	0.10	0.02	0.0173	0.10	0.10	0.10
		Book Bank and	0.10	0.10	0.0014	0.10	0.02	0.0173	0.10	0.10	0.10
3601	Post Matric Scholarship for STs	Ugradation of Merit of ST student	192.90	192.90	225.8317	215.85	215.85	270.85	467.93	467.93	319.81
3601	Book Banks										
3601	Upgradation of Merit of ST Students		2.00	2.00	0.7330	2.00	0.50	0.50	2.00	1.50	0.56
	Total of 3601		194.90	194.90	226.5647	217.85	216.35	271.35	469.93	469.43	320.37
	Total 2225 & 3601		195.00	195.00	226.5661	217.95	216.37	271.3673	470.03	469.53	320.47
2225	Girls Hostels		7.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	1.80
2225	Boys Hostels	Scheme of Hostel for ST Girls and									
	Total of 2225	Boys	7.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	1.80
3601	Girls Hostels		54.00	54.00	59.00	54.00	54.00	59.00	63.00	63.00	73.00
3601	Boys Hostels										
	Total of 3601		54.00	54.00	59.00	54.00	54.00	59.00	63.00	63.00	73.00
	Total 2225 & 3601		61.00	60.00	65.00	59.00	59.00	64.00	68.00	68.00	74.80
2225	Establishment of Ashram	Establishment of	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3601	Schools	Ashram Schools	30.00	30.00	30.00	41.00	41.00	41.00	75.00	65.00	54.17
	Total		30.00	30.00	30.00	41.00	41.00	41.00	75.00	65.00	54.17
2225	Research and Training		0.60	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00
2225	Information and Mass Media	Research	1.25	1.50	0.8816	1.75	1.75	1.54	3.00	3.00	2.90
2225	National Tribal Affairs Award	Information & Mass Education,	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.29	0.00
2225	Centre of Excellence	Tribal Festival and	0.60	0.60	0.4790	1.00	0.60	0.58	1.00	0.65	0.24
2225	Supporting Projects of All-India nature or Inter-State nature for Scheduled Tribes	Other	1.00	1.00	0.6493	1.00	0.65	0.2171	1.00	0.40	
2225	Organisation of Tribal Festival	1	0.70	0.70	0.6992	1.50	1.50	0.90	1.75	1.75	
2225	Exchange of visits by Tribals		0.45	0.45	0.00	0.45	0.20	0.00	0.45	0.20	
	Total of 2225		4.74	4.39	2.7091	6.47	4.70	3.2371	7.97	6.29	3.14
3601	Research and Training		10.26	8.00	6.8708	10.00	5.50	6.0754	12.00	5.00	3.66
	Total 2225 & 3601		15.00	12.39	9.5799	16.47	10.20	9.3125	19.97	11.29	6.80

M.	Details of Sub-Scheme	Name of the scheme		2008-0	2008-09		2009-		2010-11		
Head			BE	RE	Exp.	BE	RE	Exp.*	BE	RE	Exp**
2225	Monitoring and Evaluation	Monitoring and Evaluation	0.50	0.75	0.3266	0.75	0.35	0.0698	2.00	1.70	0.38
2251	Information Technology	Information Technology	1.50	0.50	0.0641	1.50	0.95	0.3752	1.50	0.70	0.22
	Total of B (Centrally Sponsored Sch	emes)	303.00	298.64	331.5367	336.67	327.87	386.1248	636.50	616.22	456.84
С	Lump Sum Provision										
2552	North Eastern Areas	North Eastern	80.50	80.50	0.00	80.50	76.12	0.00	120.00	120.00	0.00#
4522		Areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total of 2552 & 4552		80.50	80.50	0.00	80.50	76.12	0.00	120.00	120.00	0.00
	Total of A+B+C		805.00	717.50	684.62	805.00	619.66	616.41	1200.00	1233.74	752.55
D	Special Central Assistance										
3601	Special Central Assistance for Tribal Sub-Plan	Special Central Assistance for Tribal Sub-Plan	900.00	860.50	780.8683	900.50	481.24	481.24	960.50	941.96	743.65
3601	Scheme Under Proviso to Art.275 of the Constitution	Scheme Under Proviso to Art. 275(1) of the Constitution	416.00	392.00	339.7841	1000.00	399.10	399.10	1046.00	1030.00	733.11
3601	ACA for Educational Development of Tribal Children in Schedule-V areas and Naxal affected areas	ACA for Educational Development of Tribal Children in Schedule-V areas and Naxal affected areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	500.00	499,9999	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total of C (Special Central Assistance)		1316.00	1252.50	1120.65	2400.50	1380.34	1380.3399	2006.50	1971.96	1476.76
	Grand total of A,B & C		2121.00	1970.00	1805.2723	3205.50	2000.00	1996.7453	3206.50	3205.70	2229.31

^{*} as per appropriation account stage III ** upto 31.12.10 # Rs. 102.157 crore re-appropriated to functional head for expenditure

CHAPTER 4 National Commission for Scheduled Tribes

- 4.1 In addition to the Office of the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes created in 1950 for effective implementation of various safeguards provided in the Constitution for the SCs & STs and various other protective legislations, a multi-member Commission for SCs and STs was set up in 1978. However, in 1992 these two organizations were replaced by a statutory multi-member National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. Since the needs and problems of Scheduled Tribes and the solutions required were quite different from those of Scheduled Castes, and a special approach for tribal development and independent machinery to safeguard the rights of Scheduled Tribes was considered necessary, a separate National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (NCST) was set up with effect from 19th February, 2004 by amending Article 338 and inserting a new Article 338A in the Constitution, through the Constitution (Eighty-ninth Amendment) Act, 2003.
- 4.2 The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Commission have been conferred the rank of Union Cabinet Minister and Minister of State respectively, while the Members of the Commission have been given the rank of a Secretary to the Government of India. The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and other Members of the Commission hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he/ she assumes such office.
- **4.3** The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes comprises of Dr. Rameshwar Oraon Chairperson; Shri Maurice Kujur Vice Chairperson; Shri Oris Syiem Myriaw, Smt.K.Kamala Kumari and Shri Bheru Lal Meena Members. The functions, duties and power of the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes have been laid down in Clauses (5), (8) and (9) of the Article

- 338A of the Constitution. As per the NCST (specification of others functions) Rules, 2005 the Commission shall also discharge some other functions in relation to protection, welfare, development and advancement of the Scheduled Tribes namely;
- (a) Measures that need to be taken over conferring ownership rights in respect of minor forest produce to the Scheduled Tribes living in forest areas;
- (b) Measures to be taken to safeguard rights of the tribal communities over mineral resources, water resources etc. as per law;
- (c) Measures to be taken for the development of tribals and to work for more viable livelihood strategies;
- (d) Measures to be taken to improve the efficacy of relief and rehabilitation measures for tribal groups displaced by development projects;
- Measures to be taken to prevent alienation of tribal people from land and to effectively rehabilitate such people in whose case alienation has already taken place;
- (f) Measures to be taken to elicit maximum cooperation and involvement of tribal communities for protecting forests and undertaking social afforestation:
- (g) Measures to be taken to ensure full implementation of the provisions of Panchayats (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 (40 of 1996);
- (h) Measures to be taken to reduce and ultimately eliminate the practice of shifting cultivation by tribals that lead to their continuous disempowerment and degradation of land and the environment.
- **4.4** The main duties of the Commission are to investigate and monitor all matters relating to the

safeguards provided for the Scheduled Tribes and to evaluate the working of such safeguards; and to inquire into specific complaints with respect to the deprivation of rights and safeguards of the Scheduled Tribes. The Commission is vested with all the powers of a civil court trying a suit while investigating any matter or inquiring into any complaint relating to deprivation of rights and safeguards of the Scheduled Tribes and in particular in respect of the following matters, namely:-

- (a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person from any part of India and examining him on oath;
- (b) requiring the discovery and production of any documents:
- (c) receiving evidence on affidavits;
- (d) requisitioning any public record or copy thereof

- from any court or office;
- (e) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses and documents;
- (f) Any other matter which the President may by rule, determine;
- **4.5** Clause (9) of 338A provides that the Union and every State Government shall consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting Scheduled Tribes.
- **4.6** The headquarters of the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes is located in New Delhi. The Commission has six Regional Offices, located in Bhopal, Bhubaneswar, Jaipur, Raipur, Ranchi and Shillong. The location and jurisdiction of these offices is as given below:-

S.No	Address of the Regional Offices	Jurisdiction
1.	Room No. 309, Nirman Sadan, CGO Complex, 52-A, Arera Hills, Bhopal - 462011. (Ph: 0755-2578272/2576530)	M.P. Maharashtra, Karnataka, Kerala, Goa and Union Territories of Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep.
2.	N-1/297, IRC Village, Bhubaneswar-751015 (Ph: 0674-2551616/2551818	Andhra Pradesh, Orissa, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and Union Territories of A&N Islands and Puducherry.
3.	C-29, Lal Kothi Scheme, Behind SMS Stadium, Pankaj Singhvi Marg, Jaipur-302015 (Ph: 0141-2741173/2743199)	Gujarat, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, J&K, Punjab, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand and Union Territories of Chandigarh and Daman & Diu
4.	R-26, Sector-2, Avanti Vihar, PO Ravigram, Raipur-492006, (Ph: 0755-2560869)	Chhatisgarh.
5.	14, New A.G. Co-operative Colony, Kadru, Ranchi. (Ph: 0651-2340368/2341677)	Bihar, Jharkhand and Uttar Pradesh
6.	Rabekka Villa, Temple Road, Lower Lachumiere, Shillong-793001(Ph: 0364-2221362/2504202)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and Tripura.

4.7 The National Commission for Scheduled Tribe since its creation has submitted its 1st Report for the year 2004-05 and 2005-06 on 8.8.2006; 2nd Report for 2006-07 on 3.9.2008; 3rd Report for 2007-08 on 29.3.2010; and 4th Report for 2008-09 on 27.8.2010 to the President of India. In terms of Clause (6) of the Article 338A of the Constitution, the reports

of the NCST requires to be laid before each House of Parliament along with a memorandum explaining the action taken or proposed to be taken on the recommendations relating to the Union and the reason for the non-acceptance, if any, of any of such recommendations.

Tribal Development Strategy and Programmes

Tribal Development Strategy and Programmes

5.1 The first Five Year Plan emphasized the provision of additional financial resources through a community development approach to address the problems of tribal people rather than evolving a clear-cut tribal development strategy. Towards the end of the plan (1954), 43 Special Multipurpose Tribal Development Projects (MTDPs) were created. These MTDPs could not fully serve the interests of the tribal people since the schemes were numerous and of a general nature. This approach continued during the Second Five Year Plan. In the Third Plan, a different strategy for tribal development was evolved by converting those Community Development Blocks where the concentration of tribal population was 66% and above into Tribal Development Blocks (TDBs). By the end of the Fourth Five Year Plan, the number of TDBs in the country rose to 504. The strategy of development through TDBs had its limitations as well, as it failed to address the cause of the tribal population of the country living outside the TDBs, which comprised more than 60% of the total tribal population.

The present strategy-Tribal Sub-Plan

5.2 The Tribal Sub Plan strategy was developed by an Expert Committee set up by the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare in 1972 under the Chairmanship of Prof. S.C. Dube for the rapid socio-economic development of tribal people and was adopted for the first time in the Fifth Five Year Plan.

The strategy adopted continues till this day and the salient features are given below; the extant guidelines are under review by a Task force of the Planning Commission:

(i) Preparation of plan meant for the welfare and development of tribals within the ambit of a State

- or a UT plan is a part of the overall plan of a State or UT, and is therefore called a Sub-Plan;
- (ii) The funds provided under the Tribal Sub-Plan have to be at least equal in proportion to the ST population of each State or UT;
- (iii) Tribals and tribal areas of a State or a UT are given benefits under the TSP, in addition to what percolates from the overall Plan of a State/UT;
- (iv) The Sub-Plan should:
 - (a) Identify the resources for TSP areas;
 - (b) Prepare a broad policy framework for development; and,
 - (c) Define a suitable administrative strategy for its implementation.
- (v) The TSP strategy has been in operation in 22 States and 2 UTs. The names of TSP States and UTs are given in Table 5.1.

Table 5.1: TSP States	& Union Territories
Andhra Pradesh	Madhya Pradesh
Assam	Maharashtra
Bihar	Manipur
Chhattisgarh	Rajasthan
Goa	Sikkim
Gujarat	Tamil Nadu
Himachal Pradesh	Tripura
Jammu & Kashmir	Uttar Pradesh
Jharkhand	Uttarakhand
Karnataka	West Bengal
Kerala	Andaman & Nicobar Islands
Orissa	Daman & Diu

- (vi) TSP concept is not applicable to the tribal majority States of Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram and Nagaland and in the UTs of Lakshadweep and Dadra & Nagar Haveli where tribals represent more than 60% of the population, since the Annual Plan in these States/ UTs is itself a Tribal Plan.
- 5.3 Though the States are expected to provide under the TSP funds which are at least equal to the percentage of the tribal population to the total population in the State, and though both the Ministry of Tribal Affairs and the Planning Commission had written to the States to do so, this was unfortunately not followed by all the States while preparing the Annual Plan for 2010-11. The details of Annual Plan outlays for 2010-11 of States/UTs and the proportion or Funds provided under the TSP are given at **ANNEXURE 5-A**.

TSP Component of Central Ministries/ Departments.

- 5.4 The TSP strategy is expected to be followed in the Central Ministries/ Departments also so that an adequate flow of funds in the Central Ministries/ Departments is ensured. Ministries/Departments had earlier been reporting difficulty in implementing TSP citing indivisibility of projects, projects being applicable to all communities, including SCs/ STs etc. The Ministry taking this into account had approached Planning Commission for devising a different strategy for Central Ministries on TSP.
- 5.5 The Planning Commission constituted a Task Force under the Chairmanship of Dr. Narendra Jadhav, Member, Planning Commission to (a) review the operational guidelines in implementing TSP, and (b) suggest remedial measures for an effective and meaningful implementation of TSP. It has recommended a classification of Ministries/ Departments according to their obligation towards earmarking Plan outlay for TSP. The Planning Commission has accepted the recommendations of the Task Force consisting, *inter alia*, of earmarking of Plan funds under TSP by Central Ministries/ Departments. All Central Ministries/

Departments are expected to implement the recommendations of the Task Force commencing from the Annual Plan 2011-12 and ensure appropriate earmarking of funds under TSP in the Annual Plan proposals 2011-12.

TSP of the State Governments

- 5.6 The Planning Commission has issued guidelines for the States to earmark funds for TSP to be placed under a separate Budget Head Code 796 from total State Plan outlay. As per guidelines issued by the Planning Commission, the Tribal Sub Plan funds are to be non-divertible and non-lapsable. The guidelines also provide that the Tribal Welfare Departments will be nodal Departments for the formulation and implementation of the Tribal Sub Plan in the States. The Task force referred to in para 5.5 above is reviewing the guidelines for implementation of TSP by States.
- 5.7 In order to provide incentive for adoption of TSP, as provided in the guidelines for release of funds under the programme of SCA to TSP, an amount equivalent to 10% of the total allocation is earmarked and released to those States who qualify for incentive based on the past performance of TSP implementation-i.e. those which have utilized more than 75% of the approved Tribal Sub-Plan funds to the implementing agencies through the Budget Head of the Tribal Development Department of the State.
- 5.8 Similar provision of earmarking 10% is contained in the guidelines for release of funds under the programme of grants under Article 275(1) of the Constitution, under which such funds are released to those 22 states which qualify as indicated above, and in the case of the 4 tribal-majority States, utilization of 75% of the grants released under the Central Sector Schemes of the Ministry is the criterion for qualifying for such special funds, for consideration of innovative projects grants Ministry scrutinizes such proposals from the States to ensure that these are being used for innovative projects only; as an instrument to bring about changes in the institutional framework for adoption of the TSP.

Funding of Tribal Development Programmes

- **5.9** Funds for tribal development under TSP are sourced from:
 - (i) State Plans;

- (ii) Special Central Assistance (SCA) to Tribal Sub Plan, Grants under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution and funds under other Schemes of the Ministry;
- (iii) Sectoral programmes of Central Ministries/ Departments; and
- (iv) Institutional Finance.



Address by Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary – TSP Workshop at Udaipur on 3.2.2011

ANNEXURE 5-A

STATUS OF THE TSP FORMULATED BY STATES/ UTS FOR 2010-11

(a) States which have made adequate/ excess provision.

Sl.	State/UT	ST	Annual Plan 2010-11 (Rs. in crore)				
No.		Population %	State Plan Outlay	Flow to TSP	% of TSP to Annual Plan		
1	Andhra Pradesh	6.6	36800.00	2529.20	6.9		
2	Bihar	0.9	20000.00	222.49	1.1		
3	Chhattisgarh	31.8	12277.83	4094.83	33.4		
4	Himachal Pradesh	4.0	3000.00	270.00	9.0		
5	Jammu & Kashmir	10.9	6000.00	673.75	11.2		
6	Jharkhand	26.3	9240.00	4657.72	50.4		
7	Kerala	1.1	10025.00	200.50	2.0		
8	Madhya Pradesh	20.3	19000.00	4244.10	22.3		
9	Manipur	34.2	2600.00	1017.50	39.1		
10	Orissa	22.1	11000.00	2463.08	22.4		
11	Tripura	31.1	1860.00	630.27	33.9		
12	Uttar Pradesh	0.1	42000.00	31.00	0.1		
13	Uttarakhand	3.0	6800.00	204.00	3.0		
14	West Bengal	5.5	17985.00	1127.28	6.3		
15	A & N Islands	8.3	924.97	180.93	19.6		
16	Daman & Diu	8.8	169.23	14.99	8.9		

(b) States which have not made adequate provision.

Sl.	State/UT	ST	Annual Plan 2010-11 (Rs. in crore)				
No.		Population %	State Plan Outlay	Flow to TSP	% of TSP to Annual Plan		
1	Assam	12.4	7645.00	53.55	0.7		
2	Goa	12.1	2710.00	153.09	5.6		
3	Gujarat	14.8	30000.00	4146.45	13.8		
4	Karnataka	6.6	31050.00	1517.94	4.9		
5	Maharashtra	8.9	33934.00	2793.54	8.2		
6	Rajasthan	12.6	24000.00	2857.41	11.9		
7	Sikkim	20.6	1175.00	92.74	7.9		
8	Tamil Nadu	1.0	20068.00	38.51	0.2		

(Source: Planning Commission)

CHAPTER 6

The Scheduled Tribes and the Scheduled Areas

Scheduled Tribes

- **6.1** Article 366 (25) of the Constitution of India refers to Scheduled Tribes as those communities, who are scheduled in accordance with Article 342 of the Constitution. This Article says that only those communities who have been declared as such by the President through an initial public notification or through a subsequent amending Act of Parliament will be considered to be Scheduled Tribes.
- **6.2** The list of Scheduled Tribes is a State/UT specific and a community declared as a Scheduled Tribe in a State need not be so in another State/UT. The essential characteristics, first laid down by the Lokur Committee, for a community to be identified as Scheduled Tribes are
 - indications of primitive traits;
 - distinctive culture;
 - shyness of contact with the community at large;
 - geographical isolation; and
 - backwardness.
- **6.3** The inclusion of a community as a Scheduled Tribe is an ongoing process and the procedure is indicated later in this chapter.

Distribution of Tribes

- 6.4 The Scheduled tribes population of the country, as per the 2001 census, is 8.43 crore, constituting 8.2% of the total population. The population of Scheduled tribes had grown at the growth rate of 24.45% during the period 1991-2001. More than half the Scheduled Tribes population is concentrated in the States of Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Maharashtra, Orissa, Jharkhand and Gujarat.
- 6.5 Scheduled tribes communities live in about 15% of the country's areas, in various ecological and geoclimatic conditions ranging from plains and forests to hills and inaccessible areas. Tribal groups are at different stages of social, economic and educational development. While some tribal communities have adopted a mainstream way of life, at the other end of the spectrum, there are certain Scheduled Tribes, 75 in number known as Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier turned as Primitive Tribal Groups) (PTGs), who are characterised by:-
- a) a pre-agriculture level of technology;
- b) a stagnant or declining population;
- c) extremely low literacy; and
- d) a subsistence level of economy.
- **6.6** The distribution of tribal population in different states/UTs of India is shown in Table 6.1

Tak	Table 6.1: Distribution of ST Population in Different States/UTs							
Sl. No.	States	% of ST Population in States/UTs to the total ST population of the country (Descending Order)						
01	Madhya Pradesh	14.51						
02	Maharastra	10.17						
03	Orissa	9.66						
04	Gujarat	8.87						
05	Rajasthan	8.42						
V6	Jharkhand	8.40						
V7	Chhattisgarh	7.85						
08	Andhra Pradesh	5.96						
09	West Bengal	5.23						
10	Karnataka	4.11						
11	Assam	3.92						
12	Meghalaya	2.36						
13	Nagaland	2.10						
14	Jammu & Kashmir	1.31						
15	Tripura	1.18						
16	Mizoram	1.00						
17	Bihar	0.90						
18	Manipur	0.88						
19	Arunachal Pradesh	0.84						
20	Tamil Nadu	0.77						
21	Kerala	0.43						
22	Uttarakhand	0.30						
23	Himachal Pradesh	0.29						
24	Dadra & Nagar Havel	i 0.16						
25	Sikkim	0.13						
26	Uttar Pradesh	0.13						

when calculated as the percentage of the total tribal population of India but it constitutes the majority within the state or UT itself (e.g. in Lakshadweep, Mizoram, Nagaland, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh and Dadra & Nagar Haveli). A very sizable segment of tribal population, as stated earlier, resides in the states of Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Orissa, Rajasthan, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh. The tribal population as percentage of the States/UTs is indicated in Fig. 6(a). The tribal population of each State/UT as a percentage of the total tribal population of the country is given in Fig. 6(b).

The Major Tribes

6.8 There are over 700 Scheduled Tribes notified under Article 342 of the Constitution of India, spread over different States and Union Territories of the country. Many tribes are present in more than one state. The largest numbers of scheduled tribes are in the states of Orissa (i.e. 62). The synonyms of these 700 or so tribes are also vary many a times and are listed in the Schedule.

Demographic Trends and Present Status

6.9 Population Profile: According to the 2001 Census, the population of Scheduled Tribes in the country is 8.43 crore, which is 8.2% of the total population of the country. The population of Scheduled Tribes has been on the increase since 1961. The State wise overall population, ST population, growth rate, etc during 1991 to 2001 as per census 2001 are given at **Annexure 6-A.**

6.10 Growth: The decadal population growth between the Census Year 1971 to 1981 in respect of the tribal population has been higher (35.79%) than that of the entire population (25.0%). The decadal population growth between the Census Year 1981 to 1991 in respect of the tribal population has been higher (31.64%) than that of the entire population (23.51%). Similarly during census year 1991 to 2001 it has been 24.45% against the growth rate of 22.66% for the entire population. The ST population in the State of Karnataka has

witnessed the highest growth rate of 80.82% followed by Nagaland (67.23%). The increased rate of population growth, in some cases, however, is as a result of addition of new communities to the STs list. The lowest growth rate in respect of ST population as per 2001 census was recorded in Andaman & Nicobar (10.08%) followed by Himachal Pradesh (12.02%).

6.11 Sex Ratio: As compared to the sex ratio for the overall population (933 females per 1000 male), the sex ratio among Scheduled Tribes is more favourable, at 977 females per thousand males (2001 Census), though also declining. In all States except Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu and Uttarakhand, the ST sex ratio as per 2001 Census was better than the general sex ratio.

6.12 Child Sex Ratio: The 1991 Census revealed that the child sex ratio in 0-6 age group for the general population was 940 girls per 1000 boys for the country as a whole. In case of STs, this ratio was more favourable and stood at 985 girls per 1000 boys. In 2001, the child sex ratio in the general population further deteriorated to 919 girls to 1000 boys. The situation among STs, though also on the decline, remains comparatively better at 972 girls per 1000 boys.

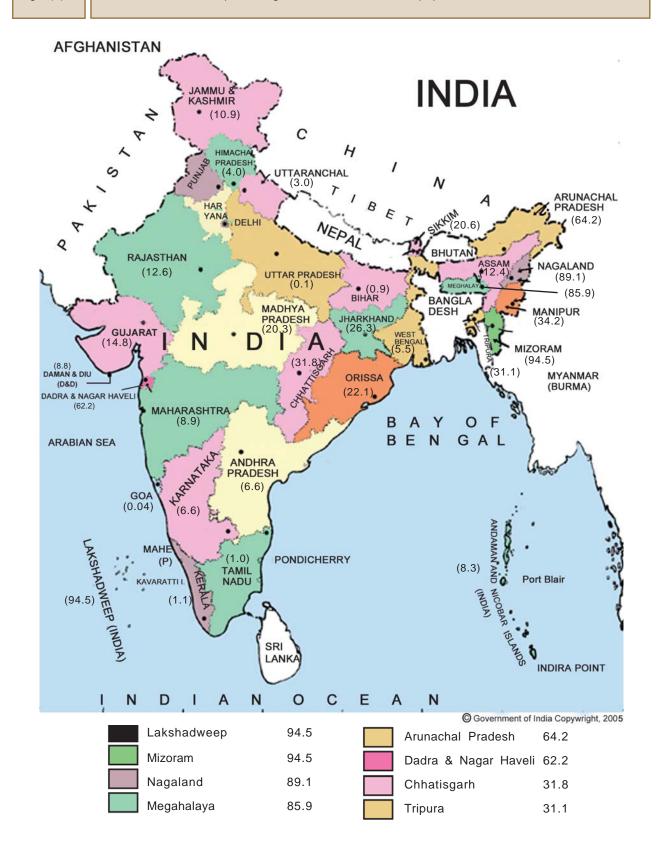
In the UT of Dadra and Nagar Haveli, the ST sex ratio for the 0-6 age group is positive. There were 1018 girls per 1000 boys in 1991, which declined to 1009 girls per 1000 boys during 2001 Census. However, it was still higher than the general sex ratio of 1005 girls (1991) and 911 girls (2001) per 1000 boys in the UT. The State-wise details of 1991 and 2001 census figures indicating child sex ratios is at **Annexure 6-B.**

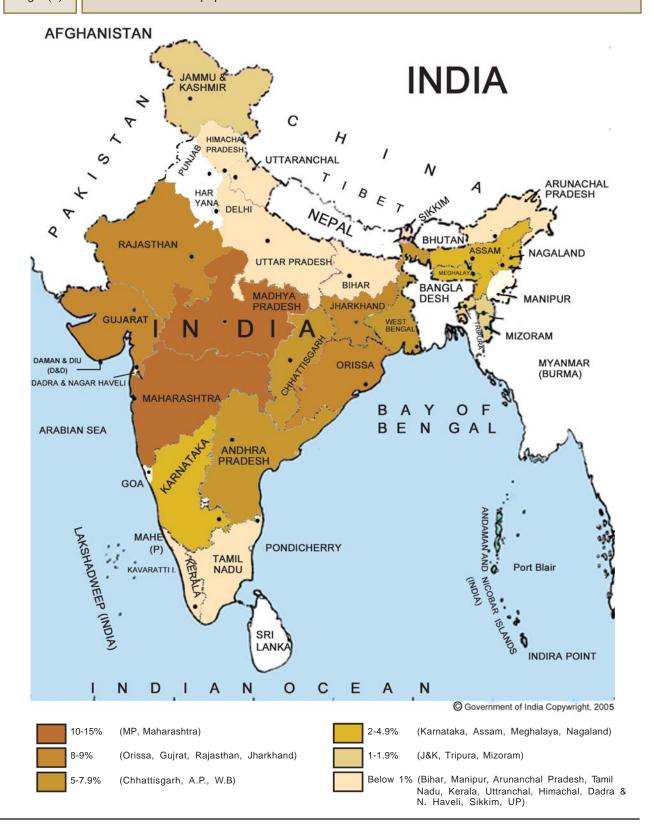
6.13 Literacy: The literacy rate for the total population in India has increased from 52.21% to 64.84% during the period from 1991 to 2001 whereas the literacy rate among the Scheduled Tribes has increased from 29.60% to 47.10%. Among ST males literacy increased from 40.65% to 59.17% and among ST female literacy increased from 18.19% to 34.76% during the same period. The ST female literacy is lower by approximately 21 percentage point as compared to the overall female literacy of the general population. However, the increase in total as well as female literacy among STs is significant.

Literacy rate has increased from 8.53 percent in 1961 to 47.10 percent in 2001 for STs while the corresponding increase for total population was from 28.30 percent in 1961 to 64.84 percent in 2001. The details are given in **Table 6.2.**

Table 6.2: Literacy among STs and all Social Groups											
Year	STs			All Social Groups							
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total					
1961	13.83	3.16	8.53	40.40	15.35	28.30					
1971	17.63	4.85	11.30	45.96	21.97	34.45					
1981	24.52	8.04	16.35	56.38	29.76	43.57					
1991	40.65	18.19	29.60	64.13	39.29	52.21					
2001	59.17	34.76	47.10	75.26	53.67	64.84					

Source: Registrar General of India





Literacy Rate increased by 17.5 percentage points from 1991 to 2001 for STs and increased by 12.63 percentage points for total population during the same period. Male-female gap in literacy rate increased from 22.46 percentage points in 1991 to 24.41 percentage points in 2001 for STs while it declines from 24.84 percentage points in 1991 to 21.59 percentage points in 2001 for total population.

6.14 The percentage of literacy gap between STs and all population various from 0.5 to 31.9 percentage point during 2001. The States like Tamilnadu, Kerala, Karnataka, Goa, Andhra Pradesh, Maharastra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Jammu & Kashmir are having more than 17.7 (i.e. literacy gap at all India) percentage gap of literacy rate between STs vis-a-vis total population during 2001. All States registered a decline in literacy gap between 1991 to 2001 except in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Dadra & Nagar Haveli. Although Uttar Pradesh and Bihar maintained almost the same gap as compared to census 1991 but the gap was widened in case of Dadra & Nagar Haveli. States like West Bengal, Orissa, Goa, Kerala and Tamil Nadu are having more than 25 percentage point gap of literacy between STs

and all population in these states. State-wise details are given in **Annexure 6-C.**

Indicators of Backwardness

6.15 According to the 2001 Census figures, 44.70% of the ST population were cultivators, 36.9% agricultural labourers, 2.1% house hold industry workers and 16.3% were other occupation workers. Thus, about 81.6% of the main workers from these communities were engaged in primary sector activities. These disparities are compounded by higher dropout rates in formal education, resulting in disproportionately low representation in higher education. Not surprisingly, the cumulative effect has been that the proportion of STs below the poverty line is substantially higher than the national average. As per the statement provided by the Planning Commission, it is observed that ST people living below the poverty line in 1993-94 was 51.94% in the rural areas and 41.14% in the urban areas respectively. This percentage of ST population living below the poverty line has decreased to 47.2% in the rural areas and 39.9% in the urban areas as per poverty line estimates in the year 2004-05. There is a decrease of STs living below the poverty line by about 4.7% in the rural areas and 1.15% in urban areas since 1993-94 to 2004-05. Statewise details are in **Table 6.3** below:

Table 6.3: Percentage of Population (Social Group Wise) below poverty line by States 2004-05									
S.No.	States	Rural				Urban			
		ST	SC	OBC	Others	ST	SC	OBC	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Andhra Pr.	30.5	15.4	9.5	4.1	50.0	39.9	28.9	20.6
2	Assam	14.1	27.7	18.8	25.4	4.8	8.6	8.6	4.2
3	Bihar	53.3	64.0	37.8	26.6	57.2	67.2	41.4	18.3
4	Chhattisgarh	54.7	32.7	33.9	29.2	41.0	52.0	52.7	21.4
5	Delhi	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	9.4	35.8	18.3	6.4
6	Gujarat	34.7	21.8	19.1	4.8	21.4	16.0	22.9	7.0
7	Haryana	0.0	26.8	13.9	4.2	4.6	33.4	22.5	5.9
8	Himachal Pr.	14.9	19.6	9.1	6.4	2.4	5.6	10.1	2.0
9	Jammu & Kashmir	8.8	5.2	10.0	3.3	0.0	13.7	4.8	7.8
10	Jharkhand	54.2	57.9	40.2	37.1	45.1	47.2	19.1	9.2

S.No.	States	Rural				Urban			
		ST	SC	OBC	Others	ST	SC	OBC	Others
11	Karnataka	23.5	31.8	20.9	13.8	58.3	50.6	39.1	20.3
12	Kerala	44.3	21.6	13.7	6.6	19.2	32.5	24.3	7.8
13	M.P.	58.6	42.8	29.6	13.4	44.7	67.3	55.5	20.8
14	Maharashtra	56.6	44.8	23.9	18.9	40.4	43.2	35.6	26.8
15	Orissa	75.6	50.2	36.9	23.4	61.8	72.6	50.2	28.9
16	Punjab	30.7	14.6	10.6	2.2	2.1	16.1	8.4	2.9
17	Rajasthan	32.6	28.7	13.1	8.2	24.1	52.1	35.6	20.7
18	Tamilnadu	32.1	31.2	19.8	19.1	32.5	40.2	20.9	6.5
19	Uttar Pradesh.	32.4	44.8	32.9	19.7	37.4	44.9	36.6	19.2
20	Uttarakhand	43.2	54.2	44.8	33.5	64.4	65.7	46.5	25.5
21	West Bengal	42.4	29.5	18.3	27.5	25.7	28.5	10.4	13.0
	All India	47.3	36.8	26.7	16.1	33.3	39.9	31.4	16.0

Legend SC= Scheduled Castes, ST= Scheduled Tribes, OBC= other backward classes

Sources: Planning Commission.

Health Indices of STs versus Others

6.16 The infant mortality, under-5 child mortality and percentage of child mortality rate for STs as well as of other disadvantaged socio-economic groups *are* as shown in the **Table 6.4**

Table 6.4: Some Health Indicators						
Indicator	Infant mortality/ 1000 live births	Under-5 mortality/ 1000 live births	Child mortality rate			
India	57.0	74.3	18.4			
SC	66.4	88.1	23.2			
ST	62.1	95.7	35.8			
OBC	56.6	72.8	17.3			
Others	48.9	59.2	10.8			

Source: NFHS 3: 2005-06. M/o Health & Family Welfare.

Education

6.17 Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) for elementary stage (classes I-VIII) is defined as percentage of the enrolment in Elementary stage to the estimated child population in the age group of 6 to below 14 years. GER has increased from 102.4% in 2004-05 to 109.6% in 2006-07 for all STs and from 93.5% in 2004-05 to 100.5% in 2007-08 for total population. The Gross Enrolment Ratio in respect of all categories and Scheduled tribes at elementary stage (I-VIII) is given in **Table 6.5.**

The enrolments in these stages include underage and overage and hence the total percentage may be more than 100 in some cases.

Gender disparity in GER at elementary stage declined 12.7 percentage points in 2004-05 to 10.5 percentage points in 2007-08 for ST children and declines 7.0 percentage points in 2004-05 to 6.9 percentage points in 2007-08 for total population.

Table 6.5: GROSS ENROLMENT RATIOS (GER) for Elementary stage (I-VIII)

	Sche	eduled Tribe	Total population			
Year	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1995-96	105.7	75.1	90.9	86.9	69.4	78.5
1999-2000*	99.3	70.9	85.2	90.1	72.0	81.3
2000-01*	102.5	73.5	88.0	90.3	72.4	81.6
2001-02*	99.8	77.3	88.9	90.7	73.6	82.4
2002-03*	86.7	73.9	80.5	85.4	79.3	82.5
2003-04*	90.6	81.1	86.1	87.9	81.4	84.8
2004-05	108.5	95.8	102.4	96.9	89.9	93.5
2005-06	111.9	100.6	106.4	98.5	91.0	94.9
2006-07	114.7	104.2	109.6	100.4	93.5	97.1

^{*}Provisional

Sources: Ministry of Human Resources Development

National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation

6.18: The target fixed for financial assistance to ST families through National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation during 2010-11 is 34000 beneficiaries under Income Generating Activities, 20000 beneficiaries under Marketing Support Assistance and 2000 beneficiaries under skill & Entrepreneurs Development. Details are given in **Annexure 6-D**.

Constitutional Guarantees

6.19 The Constitution of India provides social, economic and political guarantees to disadvantaged sections of the people. Some provisions specific for the Scheduled Tribes are:

i) Social:

- Equality before Law (Article 14);
- The State to make special provisions for the advancement of any socially and educationally

backward classes of citizens or for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes [Article 15 (4)];

- Equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the State (Article 16);
- The State to make provisions for reservation in appointment, posts in favour of any backward class citizens, which in the opinion of the State is not adequately represented in the services under the State [Article 16 (4)];
- The State to make provisions in matters of promotion to any class or classes of posts in the services in favour of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes [Article 16 (4A)];
- A National Commission for Scheduled Tribes to investigate, monitor and evaluate all matters relating to the Constitutional safeguards provided for the Scheduled Tribes (Article 338 A);
- Appointment of a Commission to report on the

administration of the Scheduled Areas and the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes in the States [Article 339 (1)];

- Appointment of a Commission to investigate the conditions of socially and educationally backward classes and the difficulties under which they labour and to make recommenda-tions to remove such difficulties and to improve their conditions (Article 340);
- To specify the tribes or tribal communities to be Scheduled Tribes (Article 342)

ii) Economic:

- The State, to promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and in particular of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, and protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation (Article 46);
- Grants-in-Aid to be made available from the Consolidated Fund of India each year for promoting the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes and administration of Scheduled Areas [Article 275(1)];
- The claims of the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in the appointments to services and posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or of a State to be taken into consideration consistent with the maintenance of efficiency of administration (Article 335).

iii) Political:

 Special provisions, spelt out in the Fifth Schedule, for the administration and control of Scheduled Areas and the Scheduled Tribes in any State (other than the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram), Annual Reports are to be submitted by the Governors to the President of India regarding the administration of the Scheduled Areas, Tribes Advisory Councils are required to be set up (especially in Fifth Schedule States) to advise on such matters pertaining to the welfare and advancement of the Scheduled Tribes {Article 244 (1)};

- Special provisions, spelt out in the Sixth Schedule for the administration of tribal areas in the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram by designating certain tribal areas as Autonomous Districts and Autonomous Regions and also by constituting District Councils, Autonomous Councils and Regional Councils {Article 244(2)};
- Reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in the House of the People (Article 330);
- Reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in the Legislative Assemblies of the States (Article 332);
- Reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in every Panchayat (Article 243D);
- Extension of the 73rd and 74th Amendments of the Constitution to the Scheduled Areas through the provisions of the Panchayats (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 to ensure effective participation of the tribals in the process of planning and decision making.

Scheduling and De-scheduling of Tribes

6.20 The term "Scheduled Tribes" is defined in Article 366 (25) of the Constitution as "such tribes or tribal communities or parts of, or groups within such tribes, or tribal communities as are deemed under Article 342 to be Scheduled Tribes for the purposes of this Constitution". Article 342 prescribes the procedure to be followed in the matter of specification of Scheduled Tribes.

- **6.21** Under Clause (1) of Article 342, the President may, with respect to any State or Union Territory, and where it is a State, after consultation with the Governor thereof, notify tribes or tribal communities or parts of these as Scheduled Tribes. This confers on the tribe, or part of it, a Constitutional status invoking the safeguards provided for in the Constitution, to these communities in their respective States/UTs.
- **6.22** Clause (2) of the Article empowers the Parliament to pass a law to include in or exclude from the list of Scheduled Tribes, any tribe or tribal community or parts of these.
- 6.23 Thus, the first specification of Scheduled Tribes in relation to a particular State/ Union Territory is by a notified order of the President, after consultation with the State Governments/UTs concerned. A list of Orders specifying the Scheduled Tribes in relation to the States and the Union Territories is at Annexure 6-E. These orders can be modified subsequently only through an Act of Parliament. The above Article also provides for listing of Scheduled Tribes State/Union Territory wise and not on an all India basis.
- **6.24** The criteria followed for specification of a community as a Scheduled Tribe are:-
- Indications of primitive traits,
- Distinctive culture,
- Geographical isolation,
- Shyness of contact with the community at large, and
- Backwardness.
- 6.25 These criteria are not spelt out in the Constitution but have become well established and accepted. It take into account the definitions in the 1931Census, the reports of the first Backward Classes Commission (Kalelkar) 1955, the Advisory Committee on Revision of SC/ST lists (Lokur Committee) 1965 and the Joint Committee of Parliament on the Scheduled Castes and

- Scheduled Tribes Orders (Amendment) Bill, 1967 (Chanda Committee) 1969.
- **6.26** The State/Union Territory-wise list of Scheduled Tribes is at **Annexure: 6-F**. The most recent additions / deletions made in the list of Scheduled Tribes are indicated in bold.
- **6.27** No community has been specified as a Scheduled Tribe in relation to the States of Haryana and Punjab and Union Territories of Chandigarh, Delhi and Puducherry.

Ascertaining ST Status of Individuals

- **6.28** (a) General: Where a person claims to belong to a Scheduled Tribe by birth it should be verified:
 - i) That the person and his parents actually belong to the community claimed;
 - ii) That the community is included in the Presidential Order specifying the Scheduled Tribes in relation to the concerned State;
 - iii) That the person belongs to that State and to the area within that State in respect of which the community has been scheduled;
 - iv) He may profess any religion;
 - That he or his parents/ grandparents etc., should be permanent resident of the State/ UT on the date of notification of the Presidential Order applicable in his case;
 - vi) A person who is temporarily away from his permanent place of residence at the time of the notification of the Presidential Order applicable in his case, for example-to earn a living or seek education, etc can also be regarded as a Scheduled Tribe, if his tribe has been specified in that Order in relation to his State/ Union Territory. But he cannot be treated as such in relation to the place of his temporary residence notwithstanding the

fact that the name of his tribe has been scheduled in respect of that State where he is temporarily settled, in any Presidential Order;

vii) In the case of persons born after the date of notification of the relevant Presidential Order, the place of residence for the purpose of acquiring Scheduled Tribe status, is the place of permanent abode of their parents at the time of the notification of the Presidential Order under which they claim to belong to such a tribe. This does not apply to the STs of the Lakshadweep for whom there is a requirement of being born in the UT in order to be eligible for ST status.

(b) Scheduled Tribe claims on migration

- i) Where a person migrates from the portion of the State in respect of which his / her community is scheduled to another part of the same State in respect of which his / her community is not scheduled, the person will continue to be deemed to be a member of the Scheduled Tribe, in relation to that State:
- ii) Where a person migrates from one State to another, he can claim to belong to a Scheduled Tribe only in relation to the State to which he originally belonged and not in respect of the State to which he has migrated.

(c) Scheduled Tribe claims through marriages

The guiding principle is that no person who is not a Scheduled Tribe by birth will be deemed to be a member of Scheduled Tribe merely because he or she has married a person belonging to a Scheduled Tribe. Similarly a person who is a member of a Scheduled Tribe will continue to be a member of that Scheduled Tribe, even after his or her marriage with a person who does not belong to a Scheduled Tribe.

(d) Issue of Scheduled Tribe certificates

The candidates belonging to Scheduled Tribes may get Scheduled Tribe certificates, in the prescribed form, from any one of the following authorities:

- 1) District Magistrate/ Additional District Magistrate/Collector/Deputy Commissioner/ Additional Deputy Commissioner/ Deputy Collector/ 1st Class Stipendiary Magistrate/ City Magistrate/ Sub Divisional Magistrate/ Taluka Magistrate/ Executive Magistrate/ Extra Assistant Commissioner. [Not below the rank of 1st Class Stipendiary Magistrate];
- Chief Presidency Magistrate/ Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/ Presidency Magistrate;
- Revenue Officers not below the rank of Tehsildar;
- 4) Sub-Divisional Officer of the area where the candidate and/or his family normally resides;
- 5) Administrator/ Secretary to the Administrator/ Development Officer [Lakshadweep Islands]

(e) Punishment for officials issuing Scheduled Tribe Certificate without proper verification

Action is to be taken under the relevant provisions of the Indian Penal Code if any official is found to have issued a Scheduled Tribe certificate carelessly and without proper verification. This will be in addition to other action to which they are liable under the appropriate disciplinary rules applicable to them.

(f) Liberalization of procedure for issue of Scheduled Tribe certificate to migrants from other States/ Union Territories.

Persons belonging to a Scheduled Tribe, who have migrated from one State to another for the purpose of employment, education etc. experience great difficulty in obtaining ST certificates from the State from which they have migrated. In order to remove this difficulty, it has been decided that the prescribed authority of a State Government/ Union Territory Administration may issue a Scheduled Tribe certificate to a person, who has migrated from another State, on the production of the genuine certificate issued to his father/ mother by the prescribed authority of the State of the father/ mother's origin except where the prescribed authority feels that a detailed enquiry is necessary through the State of origin before issue of the certificate. The certificate will be issued irrespective of whether the tribe in question is scheduled or not in relation to the State/ Union Territory to which the person has migrated. However, they would not be entitled to ST benefits in the State they have migrated to.

(g) Procedure for inclusion in, or exclusion from, the list of Scheduled Tribes

In June, 1999 further revised on 25-6-2002, the Government approved modalities for deciding claims for inclusion in, or exclusion from and other modification in the order specifying the lists of Scheduled Tribes. According to these approved guidelines, only those claims that have been agreed to by the concerned State Government, the Registrar General of India and the National Commission for Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes(now National Commission for STs) will be taken up for consideration. Whenever representations are received in the Ministry for inclusion of any community in the list of Scheduled Tribes of a State/UT, the Ministry forwards that representation to the concerned State Government/U.T. Administration for recommendation as required under Article 342 of the Constitution. If the concerned State Government recommends the proposal, then the same is sent to the Registrar General of India (RGI). The RGI, if satisfied with the recommendation of the State Government, recommends the proposal to the Central Government. Thereafter, the Government refers the proposal to the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes for their recommendation. If the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes also recommends the case, the matter is processed for the decision of the Cabinet. Thereafter, the matter is put up before the Parliament in the form of a Bill to amend the Presidential Order. Cases for inclusion / exclusion which the State Government or the RGI or the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes does not support are rejected.

Scheduled Areas

- **6.29** The Scheduled Tribes live in contiguous areas unlike other communities. It is, therefore, much simpler to have an area approach for development activities as well as regulatory provisions to protect their interests.
- **6.30** In order to protect the interests of Scheduled Tribes with regard to land and other social issues, various provisions have been enshrined in the Fifth Schedule and the Sixth Schedule of the Constitution.
- **6.31** The Fifth Schedule under Article 244(1) of Constitution defines "Scheduled Areas" as such areas as the President may by order declare to be Scheduled Areas after consultation with the Governor of that State.
- **6.32** The Sixth Schedule under Article 244 (2) of the Constitution relates to those areas in the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram which are declared as "tribal areas" and provides for District or Regional Autonomous Councils for such areas. These councils have wide ranging legislative, judicial and executive powers.

Fifth Schedule Areas

- **6.33** The criteria for declaring any area as a "Scheduled Area" under the Fifth Schedule are:
- Preponderance of tribal population,
- Compactness and reasonable size of the area,
- A viable administrative entity such as a district, block or taluk, and
- Economic backwardness of the area as compared to the neighboring areas.
- **6.34** The specification of "Scheduled Areas" in relation to a State is by a notified order of the President, after consultation with the State Government concerned.

The same applies in the case of any alteration, increase, decrease, incorporation of new areas, or rescinding any Orders relating to "Scheduled Areas".

6.35 The following Orders are in operation at present in their original or amended form:-

Madhya Pradesh. The President has promulgated a new Constitutional Order specifying the Scheduled Areas in respect of the States of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh on 20th February 2003. The Scheduled Areas in the State of Jharkhand have been redefined to be the Scheduled Areas within the State of Jharkhand

S.No.	Name of Order	Date of Notification	Name of State(s) for which applicable
1	The Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950 (C.O.9)	26.1.1950	Andhra Pradesh
2	The Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950 (C.O.26)	7.12.1950	Andhra Pradesh
3	The Scheduled Areas (Himachal Pradesh) Order, 1975 (C.O.102)	21.11.1975	Himachal Pradesh
4	The Scheduled Areas (States of Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa) Order, 1977 (CO 109)	31.12.1977	Gujarat and Orissa
5	The Scheduled Areas (State of Rajasthan) Order, 1981 (C.O.114)	12.2.1981	Rajasthan
6	The Scheduled Areas (Maharashtra) Order, 1985 (C.O.123)	2.12.1985	Maharashtra
7.	The Scheduled Areas (States of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh) Order, 2003 (C.O. 192)	202.2003	Chhattisgarh, and Madhya Pradesh
8.	The Scheduled Areas (State of Jharkhand) Order, 2007 (C.O. 229).	11.04.2007	Jharkhand

6.36 The States of Madhya Pradesh and Bihar were reorganised vide the Madhya Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000 and Bihar Reorganisation Act, 2000 respectively. Consequently, a portion of Scheduled Areas of the composite State of Madhya Pradesh stood transferred to the newly formed State of Chhattisgarh and the whole of Scheduled areas stood transferred to Jharkhand from the parent State of Bihar. In order to ensure that members of the Scheduled Tribes in the newly formed States continue to get the benefits available under the Fifth Schedule to the Constitution, it became necessary to amend the Scheduled Areas (States of Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa) Order 1977 (C.O.109) issued on 31 December, 1977 in so far as it related to the composite States of Bihar and

vide the Scheduled Areas (State of Jharkhand) Order, 2007 (Constitutional Order 229) dated 11-04-2007.

6.37 The State-wise position of Scheduled Areas is at **Annexure 6-G**.

Purpose and Advantage of Scheduled Areas

- **6.38** Scheduled Areas have certain distinct provisions meant to protect and benefit tribals:
- (a) The Governor of a State, which has Scheduled Areas, is empowered to make regulations in respect of the following:

- i. Prohibit or restrict transfer of land from tribals:
- ii. Regulate the business of money lending to the members of Scheduled Tribes. In making any such regulation, the Governor may repeal or amend any Act of Parliament or of the Legislature of the State, which is applicable to the area in question.
- (b) The Governor may by public notification direct that any particular Act of Parliament or of the Legislature of the State shall not apply to a Scheduled Area or any part thereof in the State or shall apply to such area subject to such exceptions and modifications as he may specify;
- (c) The Governor of a State having Scheduled Areas therein, shall annually, or whenever so required by the President of India, make a report to the President regarding the administration of the Scheduled Areas in that State and the executive power of the Union shall extend to the giving of directions to the State as to the administration of the said area;
- (d) Tribes Advisory Councils [TAC] shall be established in States having Scheduled Areas. A TAC may also be established in any State having Scheduled Tribes, but not Scheduled Areas, on the direction of the President of India. The TAC should consist of not more than twenty members of whom, as nearly as may be, three fourth should be from the representatives of Scheduled Tribes in the Legislative Assembly of the State. The role of TAC is to advise the State Government on matters pertaining to the welfare and advancement of the Scheduled Tribes in the State, as may be referred to it by the Governor;
- (e) The Panchayat (Extension to Scheduled Areas)
 Act, 1996, vide which the provisions of
 Panchayats, contained in Part IX of the
 Constitution, were extended to Scheduled Areas,
 also contains special provisions for the benefit of
 Scheduled Tribes.

The Sixth Schedule

- **6.39** The Sixth Schedule of the Constitution of India under Article 244 makes provisions for the administration of tribal areas through Autonomous District/Regional Councils in the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Mizoram and Tripura.
- 6.40 The term "tribal areas" generally means areas with a preponderance of tribal population. However, the Constitution of India recognizes the tribal areas within the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura & Mizoram, as those areas are specified in Parts I, II, IIA & III of the table appended to paragraph 20 of the Sixth Schedule. In other words, areas where provisions of Sixth Schedule are applicable are known as "tribal areas". In relation to these areas, Autonomous District Councils, each having not more than thirty members, have been set up.
- **6.41** These Councils are elected bodies and have powers of legislation, administration of justice apart from executive, developmental and financial responsibilities. The State wise details of tribal areas are as under:-

Part-I

- 1. The North Cachar Hills District;
- 2. The Karbi-Anglong District;
- 3. The Bodo Land Territorial Area District

Part II

- 1. Khasi Hills District;
- 2. Jaintia Hills District;
- 3. The Garo Hills District.

[Part IIA]

1. Tripura Tribal Areas District.

Part III

- 1. The Chakma District;
- 2. The Mara District;
- 3. The Lai District.

6.42 The District or Regional Councils are empowered to make rules with the approval of the Governor with regard to matters like establishment, construction or management of primary schools, dispensaries, markets, cattle ponds, ferries, fisheries,

roads, road transport and water-ways in the district. The Autonomous Councils of the North Cachar Hills and Karbi Anglong have been granted additional powers to make laws with respect to other matters like secondary education, agriculture, social security and social insurance, public health and sanitation, minor irrigation etc. The Councils have also been conferred powers under the Civil Procedure Code and Criminal Procedure Code for trial of certain suits and offences, as also the powers of a revenue authority for their area for collection of revenue and taxes and other powers for the regulation and management of natural resources.



ANNEXURE 6-A

	DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS: 2001 CENSUS								
S. No	India/State	Total F	Population	Decadal Growth in %	ST Population		Decadal Growth in %	% age of STs in the State to total State population in 2001	% age of STs in the State to total ST population in India in 2001
		1991	2001		1991	2001			
	India	838,583,988	1,028,610,328	22.66	67,758,380	84,326,240	24.45	8.2	-
1	Andhra Pradesh	66,508,008	76,210,007	14.59	4,199,481	5,024,104	19.64	6.6	5.96
2	Arunachal Pradesh	864,558	1,097,968	27	550,351	705,158	28.13	64.2	0.84
3	Assam	22,414,322	26,655,528	18.92	2,874,441	3,308,570	15.1	12.4	3.92
4	Bihar	86,374,465	82,998,509		6,616,914	758,351		0.9	0.9
5	Chhattisgarh		20,833,803			6,616,596		31.8	7.85
6	Goa	1,169,793	1,347,668	15.21	376	566	50.53		0.001
7	Gujarat	41,309,582	50,671,017	22.66	6,161,775	7,481,160	21.41	14.8	8.87
8	Haryana	16,463,648	21,144,564	28.43					
9	Himachal Pradesh	5,170,877	6,077,900	17.54	218,349	244,587	12.02	4	0.29
10	Jharkhand		26,945,829			7,087,068		26.3	8.4
11	Karnataka	44,977,201	52,850,562	17.51	1,915,691	3,463,986	80.82	6.6	4.11
12	Kerala	29,098,518	31,841,374	9.43	320,967	364,189	13.47	1.1	0.43
13	Madhya Pradesh	66,181,170	60,348,023		15,399,034	12,233,474		20.3	14.51
14	Maharashtra	78,937,187	96,878,627	22.73	7,318,281	8,577,276	17.2	8.9	10.17
15	Manipur	1,837,149	2,166,788	17.94	632,173	741,141	17.24	34.2	0.88
16	Meghalaya	1,774,778	2,318,822	30.65	1,517,927	1,992,862	31.29	85.9	2.36
17	Mizoram	689,756	888,573	28.82	653,565	839,310	28.42	94.5	1
18	Nagaland	1,209,546	1,990,036	64.53	1,060,822	1,774,026	67.23	89.1	2.1
19	Orissa	31,659,736	36,804,660	16.25	7,032,214	8,145,081	15.83	22.1	9.66
20	Punjab	20,281,969	24,358,999	20.1	0				
21	Rajasthan	44,005,990	56,507,188	28.41	5,474,881	7,097,706	29.64	12.6	8.42
22	Sikkim	406,457	540,851	33.06	90,901	111,405	22.56	20.6	0.13
23	Tamil Nadu	55,858,946	62,405,679	11.72	574,194	651,321	13.43	1	0.77
24	Tripura	2,757,205	3,199,203	16.03	853,345	993,426	16.42	31.1	1.18
25	Uttarakhand		8,489,349			256,129		3	0.3
26	Uttar Pradesh	139,112,287	166,197,921		287,901	107,963		0.1	0.13
27	West Bengal	68,077,965	80,176,197	17.77	3,808,760	4,406,794	15.7	5.5	5.23
28	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	280,661	356,152	26.9	26,770	29,469	10.08	8.3	0.03

S. No	India/State	Total I	Population	Decadal Growth in %	ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		ST Population		Decadal Growth in %	% age of STs in the State to total State population in 2001	% age of STs in the State to total ST population in India in 2001
		1991	2001		1991	2001			III 2001																
29	Chandigarh	642,015	900,635	40.28	0																				
30	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	138,477	220,490	59.22	109,380	137,225	25.46	62.2	0.16																
31	Daman & Diu.	101,586	158,204	55.73	11,724	13,997	19.39	8.8	0.017																
32	Delhi	9,420,644	13,850,507	47.02	0	NST																			
33	Lakshadweep	51,707	60,650	17.3	48,163	57,321	19.01	94.5	0.07																
34	Pondicherry	807,785	974,345	20.62	0																				
35	J&K		10,143,700			1,105,979		10.9	1.31																

^{*} States like Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Uttaranchal (now Uttarakhand) were created in the year 2000 after reorganisation of the states of Madhya Pradesh, Bihar and Uttar Pradesh.

ANNEXURE 6-B

	CHILD SEX R	ATIO (P	OPULA	TION 0-	6 AGE G	ROUP)	
S.	State	1	991 Cens	sus	200	1 Census	
No.		Total	Gen.	ST	Total	Gen.	ST
	India	945	940	985	927	919	973
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	973	981	897	957	957	956
2.	Andhra Pradesh	975	972	978	961	957	972
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	982	993	976	904	940	976
4.	Assam	975	973	990	965	966	962
5.	Bihar	953	950	983	942	938	975
6.	Chandigarh	899	889	NST	845	834	NST
7.	Chhattisgarh	984	978	996	975	962	998
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1013	1005	1018	979	911	1009
9.	Daman & Diu	958	966	911	926	923	983
10.	Delhi	915	912	NST	868	861	NST
11.	Goa	964	964	1122	938	937	915
12.	Gujarat	928	916	988	883	865	966
13.	Haryana	879	875	NST	819	807	NST
14.	Himachal Pradesh	951	945	966	896	876	955
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	NA	NA	NA	941	939	979
16.	Jharkhand	979	973	993	965	955	979
17.	Karnataka	960	957	970	946	941	961
18.	Kerala	958	957	961	960	961	974
19.	Lakshadweep	941	1138	936	959	1057	957
20.	Madhya Pradesh	941	929	987	932	915	979
21.	Maharashtra	946	940	982	913	903	965
22.	Manipur	974	979	968	957	955	959
23.	Meghalaya	986	949	991	973	963	974
24.	Mizoram	969	988	969	964	909	966
25.	Nagaland	993	916	1003	964	919	969
26.	Orissa	967	951	998	953	938	979
27.	Pondicherry	963	962	NST	967	962	NST
28.	Rajasthan	916	910	958	909	897	950
29.	Sikkim	965	960	973	963	963	964

30.	Tamil Nadu	948	943	955	942	937	945
31.	Tripura	967	954	984	966	956	981
32.	Punjab	875	865	NST	798	767	NST
33.	Uttar Pradesh	927	926	967	916	911	973
34.	Uttarakhand	949	945	973	908	899	955
35.	West Bengal	967	967	983	960	958	981

- 1. Excludes Jammu & Kashmir from 1991 Census as 1991 Census was not conducted in J&K;
- Excludes figures of Paomata, Mao Maram and Purul sub-divisions of Senapati district of Manipur for 2001; Total Includes General, ST & SC population NA-Not available, NST-No Notified STs, GEN-Other than SC/ST population

ANNEXURE 6-C

LITERACY RATE OF TOTAL POPULATION AND SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION AND GAP IN LITERACY RATE -INDIA /STATES/UNION TERRITORIES: 1991-2001

(Figures in percentage)

ST Code	India/State/UT#		eracy 1991	Gap in Literacy Rate		teracy e-2001	Gap in Literacy Rate
		Total	ST		Total	ST	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	INDIA	52.2	29.6	22.6	64.8	47.1	17.7
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands#	73.0	56.6	16.4	81.3	66.8	14.5
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	41.6	34.4	7.2	54.3	49.6	4.7
3.	Assam	52.9	49.2	3.7	63.3	62.5	0.8
4.	Andhra Pradesh	44.1	17.2	26.9	60.5	37.0	23.4
5.	Bihar	37.5	18.9	18.6	47.0	28.2	18.8
6.	Chandigarh#	77.8	NST	-	81.9	NST	-
7.	Chhattisgarh	42.9	26.7	16.2	64.7	52.1	12.6
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	40.7	28.2	12.5	57.6	41.2	16.4
9.	Daman & Die	71.2	52.9	18.3	78.2	63.4	14.8
10	Delhi#	75.3	NST	-	81.7	NST	-
11.	Goa	75.5	42.9	32.6	82.0	55.9	26.1
12.	Gujarat	61.3	36.4	24.9	69.1	47.7	21.4
13.	Haryana	55.8	NST	-	67.9	NST	-
14.	Himachal Pr.	63.9	47.1	16.8	76.5	65.5	11.0
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	NA	NA	NA	55.5	37.5	18.0
16.	Jharkhand	41.4	27.5	13.9	53.6	40.7	12.9
17.	Karnataka	56.0	36.0	20.0	66.6	48.3	18.3
18	Kerala	89.8	57.2	32.6	90.9	64.4	26.5
19.	Lakshadweep	81.8	80.6	1.2	86.7	86.1	0.6
20.	Madhya Pradesh	44.7	18.4	26.3	63.7	41.2	22.5
21.	Maharashtra	64.9	36.8	28.1	76.9	55.2	21.7
22.	Manipur	59.9	53.6	6.3	70.5	65.9	4.6
23.	Meghalaya	49.1	46.7	2.4	62.6	61.3	1.3
24.	Mizoram	82.3	82.7	0.4	88.8	89.3	0.5

25.	Nagaland	61.6	60.6	1.0	66.6	65.9	0.7
26.	Orissa	49.1	22.3	26.8	63.1	37.4	25.7
27.	Pondicherry#	74.7	NST	-	81.2	NST	-
28.	Punjab	58.8	NST	-	69.7	NST	-
29	Rajasthan	38.6	19.4	19.2	60.4	44.7	15.7
30.	Sikkim	56.9	59.0	2.1	68.8	67.1	1.7
31.	Tamil Nadu	62.7	27.9	34.8	73.5	41.5	32.0
32.	Tripura	60.4	40.4	20.0	73.2	56.5	16.7
33.	Uttar Pradesh	40.7	20.0	20.7	56.3	35.1	21.2
34.	Uttarakhand	57.8	41.2	16.6	71.6	63.2	8.4
35.	West Bengal	57.7	27.8	29.9	68.6	43.4	25.2

- 1. Excludes Jammu & Kashmir where 1991 census was not conducted.
- 2. Excludes figure of Paomata, Mao Marm & Purul Sub divisions of Senapati districts of Manipur; for 2001.
- # NST = No Notified Scheduled Tribes in the States.

ANNEXURE 6-D

RESTRUCTURED TWENTY POINT PROGRAMME 2006 TARGET FOR COVERAGE OF BENEFICIARIES DURING 2010-11

Sl.	Name of State		2010-11
No.		Beneficiaries under Income Generating Schemes	Beneficiaries under Skill and Entrepreneurs Development Target
1	A.P. Scheduled Tribes Cooperative Finance Corpn. Ltd.,	Target	rarget
	ANDHRA PRADESH	1988	117
2	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	103	5
3	Arunachal Pradesh Industrial & Finance Dev. Corporation, ARUNACHAL PRADESH	280	17
4	Assam Plain Tribes Dev. Corporation Ltd. ASSAM	1311	78
5	Bihar State Scheduled Castes Co-operative Dev. Corp. Ltd., BIHAR	301	18
6	Chattisgarh Rajya Antavsayee Sahkari Vitta Aivam Vikas Nigam, CHATTISGARH	2621	155
7	Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu SCs/STs Other BC's & Minorities Fin & Dev. Corpn. Ltd. DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	103	5
8	Goa State Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corp. Ltd., GOA	103	5
9	Gujarat Tribal Dev. Corporation GUJARAT	2963	176
10	Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes Scheduled Tribes Dev. Corporation, HIMACHAL PRADESH	103	5
11	J&K Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes & Backward Classes Development Corporation. JAMMU & KASHMIR	439	27
12	Jharkhand State Tribal Coop. Dev. Corpn. Ltd. JHARKHAND	2807	166
13	Karnataka Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation, KARNATAKA	1372	81
14	Kerala State Development Corpn. For Scheduled Caste & Scheduled Tribes Ltd., KERALA	103	5
15	Kerala State Women Development Corpn. Ltd. KERALA	103	5

16	Lakshadweep Dev Corporation Limited		
	LAKSHDWEEP	103	5
17	Manipur Tribal Dev. Corpn. Ltd. MANIPUR	387	23
18	Shabari Adivasi Vitta Va Vikas Nigam, Nasik, MAHARASHTRA	3398	200
19	Meghalaya Cooperative Apex Bank Limited, MEGHALAYA	789	46
20	M.P. Adivasi Vitta Aivam Vikas Nigam MADHYA PRADESH	4844	285
21	Mizoram Khadi & Village Industries Board MIZORAM	167	10
22	Mizoram Urban Cooperative Development Bank Ltd. MIZORAM	165	10
23	Nagaland Industrial Devp. Corporation Ltd. NAGALAND	352	21
24	Nagaland State Co-operative Bank Ltd. NAGALAND	350	21
25	Orissa Scheduled Castes Scheduled Tribes Dev. & Fin. Coop. Corpn. Ltd. ORISSA	3227	190
26	Rajasthan SC & ST Fin. &Dev. Co-op. Corpn. RAJASTHAN	2811	165
27	Sikkim Scheduled Castes, Tribes & Backward Classes Development. Corpn. Ltd. SIKKIM	103	5
28	Tamil Nadu Adi Dravidar Housing & Dev. Corpn. Ltd. TAMIL NADU	258	15
29	Tripura Scheduled Tribes Co-op. Development Corpn. Ltd TRIPURA	394	25
30	Uttranchal Bahuudheshya Vitta Evam Vikas Nigam UTTRANCHAL	103	5
31	U. P. Scheduled Castes Fin. And Development Corporation, UTTAR PRADESH	103	5
32	West Bengal SC's & STs Dev. Fin. Corp. WEST BENGAL	873	52
33	West Bengal Tribal Development Cooperative Corporation, WEST BENGAL	873	52
	TOTAL(A):-	34000	2000
B)	MARKETINGSUPPORTASSISTANCE	20000	0
	TOTAL(B)	20000	0
	GRAND TOTAL (A+B)	54000	2000

ANNEXURE 6-E

ORDERS SPECIFYING THE SCHEDULED TRIBES IN RELATION TO THE STATES AND UNION TERRITORIES

			N (0) ((1) - () ()
S.	Name of order	Date of	Name of States/ UTs for which
No.		Notification	applicable (as amended)
1.	The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order 1950 (C.O.22)	6-9-1950	Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Goa, Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Orissa, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Tripura and West Bengal.
2.	The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) (Union Territories) Order, 1951(C.).33)	20.9.1951	Daman & Diu, Lakshdweep
3.	The Constitution (Andaman and Nicobar Islands) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1959 (C.O.58)	31.3.1959	Andaman & Nicobar Islands
4.	The Constitution (Dadra & Nagar Haveli) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1962 (C.O.65)	30.6.1962	Dadra & Nagar Haveli
5.	The Constitution (Uttar Pradesh) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1967 (C.O.78)	24.6.1967	Uttar Pradesh/Uttarakhand
6.	The Constitution (Nagaland) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1970 (C.O.88)	23.7.1970	Nagaland
7.	The Constitution (Sikkim) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1978 (C.O.111)	22.6.1978	Sikkim
8.	The Constitution (Jammu & Kashmir) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1989 (C.O.142)	7.10.1989	Jammu & Kashmir

No community has been specified as Scheduled Tribes in relation to the status of Haryana and Punjab and Union Territories of Chandigarh, Delhi and Puduchery.

ANNEXURE 6-F

STATE/UNION TERRITORY-WISE LIST OF SCHEDULED TRIBES IN INDIA

I. Andhra Pradesh

- 1. Andh, Sadhu Andh
- 2. Bagata
- 3. Bhil
- 4. Chenchu,
- 5. Gadabas, **Bodo Gadaba**, **Gutob Gadaba**, **Kallayi Gadaba**, **Parangi Gadaba**, **Kathera Gadaba**, **Kapu Gadaba**
- **6.** Gond, Naikpod, Rajgond, **Koitu**r
- 7. Goudu (in the Agency tracts)
- 8. Hill Reddis
- 9. Jatapus
- 10. Kammara
- 11. Kattunayakan
- 12. Kolam, Kolawar
- 13. Konda Dhoras, Kubi
- 14. Konda Kapus
- 15. Kondareddis
- 16. Kondhs, Kodi, Kodhu, Desaya Kondhs, Dongria Kondhs, Kuttiya Kondhs, Tikiria Kondhs, Yenity

- Kondhs, Kuvinga
- 17. Kotia, Bentho Oriya, Bartika, Dhulia, Holva, Paiko, Putiya, Sanrona, Sidhopaiko
- 18. Koya, *Doli Koya*, *Gutta Koya*, *Kammara Koya*, *Musara Koya*, *Oddi Koya*, *Pattidi Koya*, Rajah, Rasha
 Koya, Lingadhari Koya
 (ordinary), Kottu Koya, Bhine
 Koya, Rajkoya
- 19. Kulia
- 20. Malis (excluding adilabad, Hyderabad, Karimnagar, Khammam, Mahbubnagar, Medak, Nalgonda, Nizamabad and Warangal districts)
- 21. Manna Dhora
- 22. Mukha Dhora, Nooka Dhora
- 23. Nayaks (in the Agency tracts)
- 24. Pardhan
- 25. Porja, Parangiperja
- 26. Reddi Dhoras
- 27. Rona, Rena

- 28. Savaras, Kapu Savaras, Maliya Savaras, Khutto Savaras
- 29. Sugalis, Lambadis, Banjara
- 30. Thoti (in Adilabad, Hyderabad, Karimnagar, Khammam, Mahbubnagar, Medak, Nalgonda, Nizamabad and Warangal districts)
- 31. Valmiki (in the Scheduled Areas of Vishakhapatnam, Srikakulam, Vijayanagram, East Godavari and West Godavari districts)
- 32. Yenadis, Chella Yenadi, Kappala Yenadi, Manchi Yenadi, Reddi Yenadi
- 33 . Yerukulas, Koracha, Dabba Yerukula, Kunchapuri Yerukula, Uppu Yerukula
- 34. Nakkala, Kurvikaran
- 35. Dhulia, Paiko, Putiya (in the districts of Vishakhapatnam and Vijayanagaram)

II. Arunanchal Pradesh

All tribes in the State including:-

- 1. Abor
- 2. Aka
- 3. Apatani
- 4. Nyishi

- 5. Galong
- 6. Khampti
- 7. Khowa
- 8. Mishmi, Idu, Taroan
- 9. Momba
- 10. Any Naga tribes

- 11. Sherdukpen
- 12. Singpho
- 13. Hrusso
- 14. Tagin
- 15. Khamba
- 16. Adi

III. Assam

**I. I	n the autonomous	(xvi)	Khawathlang,	11.	Karbi
Distri	icts of Karbi Anglong		Khothalong	12.	Any Naga tribes
and N	orth Cachar Hills.	(xvii)	Khelma	13.	Pawi
1. (Chakma	(xviii)	Kholhou	14.	Syntheng
2. I	Dimasa, Kachari	(xix)	Kipgen	15.	Lalung
3. (Garo	(xx)	Kuki		
4. I	Hajong	(xxi)	Lengthang		I. In the State of Assam
5. I	Hmar	(xxii)	Lhangum		luding the Bodo land
6. I	Khasi, Jaintia, Synteng,	(xxiii)	Lhoujem		itorial Areas District and
F	Pnar, War, Bhoi, Lyngngam	(xxiv)	Lhouvun		luding the autonomous
7. A	Any Kuki tribes, including:-	(xxv)	Lupheng		ricts of Karbi Anglong and
(i) Biate, Biete	(xxvi)	Mangjel	Nor	th Cachar Hills :
(ii) Changsan	(xxvii)	Misao	1.	Barmans in Cachar
(iii)) Chongloi	(xxviii)	Riang	2.	Boro, Borokachari
(iv) Doungel	(xxix)	Sairhem	3.	Deori
(v) Gamalhou	(xxx)	Selnam	4.	Hojai
(vi) Gangte	(xxxi)	Singson	5.	Kachari, Sonwal
(vii)) Guite	(xxxii)	Sitlhou	6.	Lalung
(viii) Hanneng	(xxxiii)	Sukte	7.	Mech
(ix) Haokip, Haupit	(xxxiv)	Thado	8.	Miri
(x) Haolai	(xxxv)	Thangngeu	9.	Rabha
(xi) Hengna	(xxxvi)	Uibuh	10.	Dimasa
(xii)) Hongsung	(xxxvii)	Vaiphei	11.	Hajong
(xiii) Hrangkhwal,	8. Lak	kher	12.	Singhpho
	Rangkhol	9. Ma	n (Tai speaking)	13.	Khampti
(xiv)) Jongbe		y Mizo (Lushai) tribes	14.	Garo
(xv) Khawchung				

IV. Bihar

1.	Asur, <i>Agaria</i>	13.	Gorait	24.	Mal Paharia, <i>Kumarbhag</i>
2.	Baiga	14.	Но		Paharia
3.	Banjara	15.	Karmali	25.	Munda, Patar
4.	Bathudi	16.	Kharia, <i>Dhelki Kharia</i> ,	26.	Oraon, Dhangar (Oraon)
5.	Bedia		Dudh Kharia, Hill Kharia	27.	Parhaiya
6.	Omitted	17.	Kharwar	28.	Santal
7.	Binjhia	18.	Khond	29.	Sauria Paharia
8.	Birhor	19.	Kisan, Nagesia	30.	Savar
9.	Birjia	<i>20</i> .	Kora, <i>Mudi-Kora</i>	31.	Kawar
10.	Chero	21.	Korwa	32.	Kol
11.	Chik Baraik	22.	Lohara, Lohra	<i>33</i> .	Tharu
12.	Gond	23.	Mahli		

V. Chhattisgarh

1. Agariya	3. Baiga	5. Bharia Bhumia, Bhuinhar
2. Andh	4. Bhaina	Bhumia, Bhumiya, Bharia,

Paliha, Pando

6. Bhattra

7. Bhil, Bhilala, Barela, Patelia

8. Bhil Mina

9. Bhunjia

10. Biar, Biyar

11. Binjhwar

12. Birhul, Birhor

13. Damor, Damaria

14. Dhanwar

15. Gadaba, Gadba

16. Gond, Arakh, Arrakh, Agaria,

Asur, Badi Maria, Bada

Maria, Bhatola, Bhimma,

Bhuta, Koliabhuta,

Koliabhuti, Bhar, Bisonhorn

Maria, Chota Maria,

Dandami Maria, Dhuru,

Dhurwa, Dhoba, Dhulia,

Dorla, Gaiki, Gatta, Gatti,

Gaita, Gond Gowari, Hill

Maria, Kandra, Kalanga,

Khatola, Koitar, Koya,

Khirwar, Khirwara, Kucha

Maria, Kuchaki Maria,

Madia, Maria, Mana,

Mannewar, Moghya, Mogia,

Monghya, Mudia, Muria,

Nagarchi, Nagwanshi, Ojha,

Raj Gond, Sonjhari Jhareka,

Thatia, Thotya, Wade Maria, Vade Maria, Daroi

17. Halba, Halbi

18. Kamar

19. Karku

20. Kawar, Kanwar, Kaur, Cherwa, Rathia, Tanwar,

Chhatri

21. Khairwar, Kondar

22. Kharia

23. Kondh, Khond, Kandh

24. Kol

25. Kolam

26. Korku, Bopchi, Mouasi,

Nihal, Nahul Bondhi,

Bondeya

27. Korwa, Kodaku

28. Majhi

29. Majhwar

30. Mawasi

31. Munda

32. Nagesia, Nagasia

33. Oraon, Dhanka, Dhangad

35. Pardhan, Pathari, Saroti

36 Pardhi, Bahelia, Bahellia,

Chita Pardhi, Langoli Pardhi,

Phans Pardhi, Shikari,

Takankar, Takia [In (i) Bastar, Dantewara, Kanker, Raigarh, Jashpurnagar,

Surguja and Koria districts,

and (ii) Katghora, Pali,

Kartala and Korba tahsils of

Korba district, (iii) Bilaspur,

Pendra, Kota and Takhatpur tahsils of Bilaspur district,

(iv) Durg, Patan Gunderdehi,

Dhamdha, Balod, Gurur and

Dondilohara tahsils of Durg

district, (v) Chowki, Manpur

and Mohala Revenue

Inspector Circles of

Rajnandgaon district,

(vi) Mahasamund Saraipali

and Basna tahsils of

Mahasamund district,

(vii) Bindra-Navagarh Rajim

and Deobhog tahsils of

Raipur district, and (viii)

Dhamtari, Kurud and Sihava

tahsils of Dhamtari district]

37. Parja

38. Sahariya, Saharia, Seharia,

Sehria, Sosia, Sor

39. Saonta, Saunta

40. Saur

41. Sawar, Sawara

42. Sonr.

VI. Goa

1. Dhodia

2. Dubla (Halpati)

3. Naikda (Talavia)

4. Siddi (Nayaka)

5. Varli.

6. Kunbi

7. Gawda

8. Velip.

VII. Gujarat

1. Barda

Bavacha, Bamcha 2.

3. Bharwad (in the Nesses of the forests of Alech, Barada and Gir)

4. Bhil, Bhil Garasia, Dholi Bhil, Dungri Bhil, Dungri Garasia, Mewasi Bhil, Rawal Bhil, Tadvi Bhil, Bhagalia, Bhilala, Pawra,

Vasava, Vasave.

5. Charan (in the Nesses of the forests of Alech, Barada and Gir)

6. Chaudhri (in Surat and Valsad districts)

7. Chodhara

8. Dhanka, Tadvi, Tetaria, Valvi

9. Dhodia, Dhodi

10. Dubla, Talavia, Halpati

Gamit, Gamta, Gavit, 11.

	Mavchi, Padvi		Nayaka		Gir)
12.	Gond, Rajgond	19.	Padhar	25.	Rathawa
13.	Kathodi, Katkari, Dhor	20.	Omitted	26.	Siddi (in Amreli, Bhavnagar,
	Kathodi, Dhor Katkari, Son	21.	Pardhi, Advichincher,		Jamnagar, Junagadh, Rajkot
	Kathodi, Son Katkari		Phanse Pardhi (excluding		and Surendranagar districts)
14.	Kokna, Kokni, Kukna		Amreli, Bhavanagar,	27.	Omitted
15.	Omitted		Jamnagar, Junagadh, Kutch,	28	Varli
16.	Koli Dhor, Tokre Koli,		Rajkot and Surendranagar		Vitola, Kotwalia, Barodia
10.	Kolcha, Kolgha		districts)		Bhil, Bhilala Barela,
17		22.	Patelia	30.	Patelia
17.	Kunbi (in the Dangs district)	23.	Pomla	31	Tadvi Bhil,
18.	Naikda, Nayaka, Cholivala		Rabari (in the Nesses of the	31.	Bawra, Vasave,
	Nayaka, Kapadia Nayaka,	24.	forests of Alech, Barada and	32	Padvi.
	Mota Nayaka, Nana		Tolests of Alech, Barada and		1 44 1.
VII	I. Himachal Pradesh				
				7.	Pangwala
1.	Bhot, Bodh	4.	Jad, Lamba, Khampa	7. 8.	Swangla
2.	Gaddi	5.	Kanaura, Kinnara	o. 9.	Beta, Beda
3.	Gujjar	6.	Lahaula	9. 10.	
				10.	Domou, Gara, Zooa
IX.	Jammu & Kashmir				
1.	Balti	5.	Changpa	9.	Gujjar
2.	Beda	6.	Garra	10.	Bakarwal
3.	Bot, Boto	7.	Mon	11.	Gaddi
4.	Brokpa, Drokpa, Dard,	8.	Purigpa	12.	Sippi
	Shin		CI		11
X.	Jharkhand				
1. A	Asur, <i>Agaria</i>	13.	Но	23.	Mal Paharia, <i>Kumarbhag</i>
2. E	Baiga	14.	Karmali		Paharia
3. E	Banjara	15.	Kharia, Dhelki Kharia,	24.	Munda, <i>Patar</i>
4. B	Bathudi		Dudh Kharia, Hill Kharia	25.	Oraon, Dhangar(Oraon)
5. 1	Bedia	16.	Kharwar		Parhaiya
	injhia		Khond		Santal
	Birhor		Kisan, <i>Nagesia</i>		Sauria Paharia
	Birjia		Kora, <i>Mudi-Kora</i>		Savar
	Chero		Korwa		Bhumij
	Chik Baraik		Lohra		Kawar
	Gond	22.	Mahli	32.	Kol
12.0	Gorait				
VI	Vormatalza				
	Karnataka				
	diyan	3. B	avacha, Bamcha		Dungri Bhil, Dungri Garasia,
2. B	Barda	4. B	hil, Bhil Garasia, Dholi Bhil,		Mewasi Bhil, Rawal Bhil,

		Tadvi Bhil, Bhagalia,	19.	Kathodi, Katkari, Dhor	37.	Meda <i>Medari</i> , <i>Gauriga</i> ,
		Bhilala, Pawra, Vasava,		Kathodi, Dhor Katkari, Son		Burud
		Vasave		Kathodi, Son Katkari	38.	Naikda, Nayaka, Chollivala
	5.	Chenchu, Chenchwar	20.	Kattunayakan		Nayaka, Kapadia Nayaka,
	6.	Chodhara	21.	Kokna, Kokni, Kukna		Mota Nayaka, Nana
	7.	Dubla, Talavia, Halpati	22.	Koli Dhor, Tokre Koli,		Nayaka, Naik, Nayak, Beda,
	8.	Gamit, Gamta, Gavit,		Kolcha, Kolgha		Bedar, and Valmiki.
		Mavchi, Padvi, Valvi	23.	Konda Kapus	39.	Palliyan
	9.	Gond, Naikpod, Rajgond	24.	Koraga	40.	Paniyan
	10.	Gowdalu	25.	Kota	41.	Pardhi, Advichincher, Phanse
	11.	Hakkipikki	26.	Koya, Bhine Koya, Rajkoya		Pardhi, <i>Haranshikari</i>
	12.	Hasalaru	27.	Kudiya Melakudi	42.	Patelia
	13.	Irular	28.	Kuruba (in Coorg district)	43.	Rathawa
	14.	Iruliga	29.	Kurumans	44.	Sholaga
	15.	Jenu Kuruba	30.	Maha Malasar	45.	Soligaru
	16.	Kadu Kuruba	31.	Malaikudi	46.	Toda
	17.	Kammara (in South Kanara	32.	Malasar	47.	Varli
		district and Kollegal taluk of	33.	Malayekandi	48.	Vitolia, Kotwalia, Barodia
		Mysore district)	34.	Maleru	49.	Yerava
	18.	Kaniyan, Kanyan (in	35.	Maratha (in Coorg district)	50.	Siddi (in Uttar Kannada
		Kollegal taluk of Mysore	36.	Marati (in south Kanara		district)
		district)		district)		
I						

XII. Kerala

1.	Adiyan		Kuruman, Mulla		Muduvan
2.	Arandan, Aranadan		Kuruman, Mala Kuruman	30.	Palleyan, Palliyan ,
3.	Eravallan	18.	Kurumbas, Kurumbar,		Palliyar, Paliyan
4.	Hill Pulaya, <i>Mala</i>		Kurumban	31.	Omitted
	Pulayan, Kurumba	19.	Maha Malasar	<i>32</i> .	Omitted
	Pulayan, Karavazhi	20.	Malai Arayan, <i>Mala Arayan</i>	33.	Paniyan
	Pulayan, Pamba Pulayan	21.	Malai Pandaram	34.	Ulladan, <i>Ullatan</i>
5.	Irular, Irulan	22.	Malai Vedan, <i>Malavedan</i>	35.	Uraly
6.	Kadar , Wayanad Kadar	23.	Malakkuravan	36.	Mala Vettuyan (in
7.	Omitted	24.	Malasar		Kasargode and Kannur
8.	Kanikaran, Kanikkar	25.	Malayan, Nattu Malayan,		districts)
9.	Kattunayakan		Konga Malayan (excluding	37.	Ten Kurumban, Jenu
10.	Kochuvelan		the areas comprising the		Kurumban
11.	Omitted		Kasargode, Connanore,	38.	Thachanadan, Thachanadan
<i>12</i> .	Omitted		Wayanad and Kozhikode		Moopan
13.	Koraga		districts)	39.	Cholanaickan
14.	Omitted	26.	Malayarayar	40.	Mavilan
15.	Kudiya, Melakudi	27.	Mannan	41.	Karimpalan
16.	Kurichchan, Kurichiyan	28.	Omitted	42.	Vetta Kuruman
17.	Kurumans, Mullu	29.	Muthuvan, Mudugar,	43.	Mala Panickar

XIII. Madhya Pradesh

- 1. Agariya
- 2. Andh
- 3. Baiga
- 4 Bhaina
- 5. Bharia Bhumia, Bhuinhar Bhumia, Bhumiya, Bharia, Paliha, Pando
- 6 Bhattra
- 7. Bhil, Bhilala, Barela, Patelia
- 8. Bhil Mina
- 9. Bhunjia
- 10. Biar, Biyar
- 11. Binjhwar
- 12. Birhul, Birhor
- 13. Damor, Damaria
- 14. Dhanwar
- 15. Gadaba, Gadba
- 16. Gond; Arakh, Arrakh, Agaria, Asur, Badi Maria, Bada Maria, Bhatola, Bhimma, Bhuta, Koilabhuta, Koilabhuti, Bhar, Bisonhorn Maria, Chota Maria, Dandami Maria, Dhuru, Dhurwa, Dhoba, Dhulia, Dorla, Gaiki, Gatta, Gatti, Gaita, Gond Gowari, Hill Maria, Kandra, Kalanga, Khatola, Koitar, Koya, Khirwar, Khirwara, Kucha Maria, Kuchaki Maria, Madia, Maria, Mana, Mannewar, Moghya,

Mogia, Monghya, Mudia,

- Muria, Nagarchi, Nagwanshi, Ojha, Raj, Sonjhari Jhareka, Thatia, Thotya, Wade Maria, Vade Maria, Daroi
- 17. Halba, Halbi
- 18. Kamar
- 19. Karku
- Kawar, Kanwar, Kaur, Cherwa, Rathia, Tanwar, Chhatri
- 21. (*Omitted*)
- 22. Khairwar, Kondar
- 23. Kharia
- 24. Kondh, Khond, Kandh
- 25. Kol
- 26. Kolam
- Korku, Bopchi, Mouasi, Nihal, Nahul Bondhi, Bondeya
- 28. Korwa, Kodaku
- 29. Majhi
- 30. Majhwar
- 31. Mawasi
- 32. Omitted
- 33. Munda
- 34. Nagesia, Nagasia
- 35. Oraon, Dhanka, Dhangad
- 36. Panika [in (i) Chhatarpur,
 Panna, Rewa, Satna,
 Shahdol, Umaria, Sidhi and
 Tikamgarh districts, and (ii)
 Sevda and Datia tehsils of
 Datia district]
- 37. Pao

- 38. Pardhan, Pathari, Saroti
- 39. Omitted
- 40. Pardhi, Bahelia, Bahellia, Chita Pardhi, Langoli Pardhi, Phans Pardhi, Shikari, Takankar, Takia [In (i) Chhindwara, Mandla, Dindori and Seoni districts, (ii) Baihar Tahsil of Balaghat District, (iii) Betul, Bhainsdehi and Shahpur tahsils of Betul district, (iv) Patan tahsil and Sihora and Majholi blocks of Jabalpur district, (v) Katni (Murwara) and Vijaya Raghogarh tahsils and Bahoriband and Dhemerkheda blocks of Katni district, (vi)Hoshangabad, Babai, Sohagpur, Pipariya and Bankhedi tahsils and Kesla block of Hoshangabad district, (vii) Narsinghpur district, and (viii) Harsud Tahsil of Khandwa district]
- 41. Parja
- 42. Sahariya, Saharia, Seharia, Sehria, Sosia, Sor
- 43. Saonta, Saunta
- 44. Saur
- 45. Sawar, Sawara
- 46. Sonr.

XIV. Maharashtra

- 1. Andh
- 2. Baiga
- 3. Barda
- 4. Bavacha, Bamcha
- 5. Bhaina
- 6. Bharia Bhumia, Bhuinhar Bhumia, Pando
- 7. Bhattra
- 8. Bhil, Bhil Garasia, Dholi Bhil, Dungri Bhil, Dungri Garasia, Mewasi Bhil, Rawal Bhil, Tadvi Bhil, Bhagalia, Bhilala Pawra, Vasava, Vasave
- 9. Bhunjia

- 10. Binjhwar
- 11. Birhul, Birhor
- 12. Omitted
- 13. Dhanka, Tadvi, Tetaria, Valvi
- 14. Dhanwar
- 15. Dhodia

- 16. Dubla Talavia, Halpati
- 17. Gamit, Gamta, Gavit, Mavchi, Padvi
- 18. *Gond, Rajgond*, Arakh, Arrakh, Agaria, Asur, Badi Maria, Bada Maria, Bhatola, Bhimma, Bhuta, Koilabhuta, Koilabhuti, Bhar, Bisonhorn Maria, Chota Maria, Dandami Maria, Dhuru, Dhurwa,
- Dhoba, Dhulia, Dorla, Gaiki, Gatta, Gatti, Gaita, Gond Gowari, Hill Maria, Kandra, Kalanga, Khatola, Koitar, Koya, Khirwar, Khirwara, Kucha Maria, Kuchaki Maria, Madia, Maria, Mana, Mannewar, Moghya, Mogia, Monghya, Mudia, Muria, Nagarchi, Naikpod, Nagwanshi,
- Jhareka, Thatia, Thotya, Wade Maria, Vade Maria.
- 19. Halba, Halbi
- 20. Kamar
- 21. Kathodi, Katkari, Dhor Kathodi, Dhor Kathkari, Son Kathodi, Son Katkari
- 22. Kawar, Kanwar, Kaur, Cherwa, Rathia, Tanwar, Chattri
- 23. Khairwar
- 24. Kharia
- 25. Kokna, Kokni, Kukna
- 26. Kol
- 27. Kolam, Mannervarlu
- 28. Koli Dhor; Tokre Koli, Kolcha, Kolgha
- 29. Koli Mahadev, Dongar Koli
- 30. Koli Malhar
- 31. Kondh, Khond, Kandh
- 32. Korku, Bopchi, Mouasi, Nihal, Nahul, Bondhi, Bondeya

- 33. Koya, Bhine Koya, Rajkoya
- 34. Nagesia, Nagasia
- 35. Naikda, Nayaka, Cholivala Nayaka, Kapadia Nayaka, Mota Nayaka, Nana Nayaka
- 36. Oraon, Dhangad
- 37. Pardhan, Pathari, Saroti
- 38. Pardhi, Advichincher, Phans Pardhi, Phanse Pardhi, Langoli Pardhi, Bahelia, Bahellia, Chita Pardhi, Shikari, Takankar, Takia
- 39. Parja
- 40. Patelia
- 41. Pomla
- 42. Rathawa
- 43. Sawar, Sawara
- 44. Thakur, Thakar, Ka Thakur, Ka Thakar, Ma Thakur, Ma Thakar
- 45. Omitted
- 46. Varli
- 47. Vitolia, Kotwalia, Barodia

XV. Manipur

Ojha, Raj, Sonjhari

- 1. Aimol
- 2. Anal
- 3. Angami
- 4. Chiru
- 5. Chothe
- 6. Gangte
- 7. Hmar
- 8. Kabui
- Kacha Naga
- 10. Koirao
- 11. Koireng

- 12. Kom
- 13. Lamgang
- 14. Mao
- 15. Maram
- 16. Maring
- 17. Any Mizo (Lushai) tribes
- 18. Monsang
- 19. Moyon
- 20. Paite
- 21. Purum
- 22. Ralte

- 23. Sema
- 24. Simte
- 25. Suhte
- 26. Tangkhul
- 27. Thadou
- 28. Vaiphui
- 29. Zou
- 30. Poumai Naga
- 31. Tarao
- 32. Kharam
- 33. Any Kuki tribes.

XVI. Meghalaya

- 1. Chakma
- 2. Dimasa, Kachari
- 3. Garo
- Hajong

- 5. Hmar
- 6. Khasi, Jaintia, Synteng, Pnar, War, Bhoi, Lyngngam
- 7. Any Kuki tribes, including:-
- Biate, Biete
- Changsan
- iii. Chongloi

iv.	Doungel	xviii.	Kholhou		xxxiii.	Sukte
V.	Gamalhou	xix.	Kipgen		xxxiv.	Thado
vi.	Gangte	XX.	Kuki		XXXV.	Thangngeu
vii.	Guite	xxi.	Lengthang		xxxvi.	Uibuh
viii.	Hanneng	xxii	Lhangum		xxxvii.	Vaiphei
ix.	Haokip, Haupit	xxiii.	Lhoujem	8.	Lakher	
X.	Haolai	xxiv.	Lhouvun	9.	Man (Tai S	Speaking)
xi.	Hengna	XXV.	Lupheng	10.	Any Mizo	(Lushai) tribes
xii.	Hongsungh	xxvi.	Mangjel	11.	Mikir	
xiii.	Hrangkhwal,	xxvii.	Misao	12.	Any Naga	tribes
	Rangkhol	xxviii.	Riang	13.	Pawi	
xiv	Jongbe	xxix.	Sairhem	14.	Synteng	
XV.	Khawchung	XXX.	Selnam	15.	Boro Kach	aris
xvi.	Khawathlang,	xxxi.	Singson	16.	Koch	
	Khothalong	xxxii.	Sitlhou	17.	Raba, Rav	a
xvii.	Khelma					

XVII. Mizoram

1.	Chakma	(xi)	Hengna	(xxviii) Riang
2.	Dimasa (Kachari)	(xii)	Hongsungh	(xxix) Siarhem
3.	Garo	(xiii)	Hrangkhwal or	(xxx) Selnam
4.	Hajong		Rangkhol	(xxxi) Singson
5.	Hmar	(xiv)	Jongbe	(xxxii) Sitlhou
6.	Khasi and Jaintia, (Including	(xv)	Khawchung	(xxxiii) Sukte
	Khasi, Synteng or Pnar,	(xvi)	Khawathlang or	(xxxiv) Thado
	War, Bhoi or Lyngngam)		Khothalong	(xxxv) Thangngeu
7.	Any Kuki tribes, including:-	(xvii)	Khelma	(xxxvi) Uibuh
(i)	Baite or Beite	(xviii)	Kholhou	(xxxvii) Vaiphei
(ii)	Changsan	(xix)	Kipgen	8. Lakher
(iii)	Chongloi	(xx)	Kuki	9. Man (Tai-speaking)
(iv)	Doungel	(xxi)	Lengthang	10. Any Mizo (Lushai) tribes
(v)	Gamalhou	(xxii)	Lhangum	11. Mikir
(vi)	Gangte	(xxiii)	Lhoujem	12. Any Naga tribes.
(vii)		(xxiv	Lhouvun	13. Pawi
(viii) Hanneng	(xxv)	Lupheng	14. Synteng.
(ix)	Haokip or Haupit	(xxvi)	Mangjel	15. Paite
(x)	Haolai	(xxvii)	Missao	20.2 000

XVIII. Nagaland

1. Naga	3. Kachari	5. Garo	
2. Kuki	4. Mikir		

XIX. Orissa

1.	Bagata, <i>Bhakta</i>	4.	Bathudi, <i>Bathuri</i>		Bhatara
2.	Baiga	5.	Bhottada, Dhotada <i>Bhotra</i> ,	6.	Bhuiya, Bhuyan
3.	Banjara, Banjari		Bhatra, Bhattara, Bhotora,	7.	Bhumia

- 8. Bhumij, Teli Bhumij,
 Haladipokhria Bhumij,
 Haladi Pokharia Bhumija,
 Desi Bhumij, Desia
 Bhumij, Tamaria Bhumij
- 9. Bhunjia
- 10. Binjhal, Binjhwar
- 11. Binjhia, Binjhoa
- 12. Birhor
- 13. Bondo Poraja, **Bonda Paroja**, **Banda Paroja**
- 14. Chenchu
- 15. Dal
- 16. Desua Bhumji
- 17. Dharua, *Dhuruba*, *Dhurva*
- 18. Didayi, Didai Paroja, Didai
- 19. Gadaba, *Bodo Gadaba*, *Gutob Gadaba*, *Kapu Gadaba*, *Ollara Gadaba*, *Parenga Gadaba*, *Sano Gadaba*
- 20. Gandia
- 21. Ghara
- 22. Gond, Gondo *Rajgond*, *Maria Gond*, *Dhur Gond*
- 23. Ho
- 24. Holva
- 25. Jatapu
- 26. Juang
- 27. Kandha Gauda
- 28. Kawar Kanwar
- 29. Kharia, Kharian Berga Kharia, Dhelki Kharia, Dudh Kharia, Erenga Kharia, Munda Kharia, Oraon Kharia, Khadia, Pahari
 - Kharia

- 30. Kharwar
- 31. Khond, Kond, Kandha,
 Nanguli Kandha, Sitha
 Kandha Kondh, Kui, Buda
 Kondh, Bura Kandha,
 Desia Kandha, Dungaria
 Kondh, Kutia Kandha,
 Kandha Gauda, Muli
 Kondh, Malua Kondh,
 Pengo Kandha, Raja
 Kondh, Raj Khond
- 32. Kisan, Nagesar, Nagesia
- 33. Kol
- 34. Kolah Laharas, Kol Loharas
- 35. Kolha
- 36. Koli, Malhar
- 37. Kondadora
- 38. Kora, Khaira, Khayara
- 39. Korua
- 40. Kotia
- 41. Koya, Gumba Koya, Koitur Koya, Kamar Koya, Musara Koya
- 42. Kulis
- 43. Lodha, Nodha, Lodh
- 44. Madia
- 45. Mahali
- 46. Mankidi
- 47. Mankirdia, *Mankria*, *Mankidi*
- 48. Matya, Matia
- 49. Mirdhas, Kuda, Koda
- 50. Munda, Munda Lohara, Munda Mahalis, Nagabanshi Munda, Oriya Munda
- 51. Mundari
- 52. Omanatya, Omanatyo,

- Amanatya
- 53. Oraon, Dhangar, Uran
- 54. Parenga
- 55. Paroja, Parja, Bodo
 Paroja, Barong Jhodia
 Paroja, Chhelia Paroja,
 Jhodia Paroja, Konda
 Paroja, Paraja, Ponga
 Paroja, Sodia Paroja,
 Sano Paroja, Solia Paroja
- 56. Pentia
- 57. Rajuar
- 58. Santal
- 59. Saora, Savar, Saura, Sahara Arsi Saora, Based Saora, Bhima Saora, Bhimma Saora, Chumura Saora, Jara Savar, Jadu Saora, Jati Saora, Juari Saora, Kampu Saora, Kampa Soura, Kapo Saora, Kindal Saora, Kumbi Kancher Saora, Kalapithia Saora, Kirat Saora, Lanjia Saora, Lamba Lanjia Saora, Luara Saora, Luar Saora, Laria Savar, Malia Saora, Malla Saora, Uriya Saora, Raika Saora, Sudda Saora, Sarda Saora, Tankala Saora, Patro Saora, Vesu Saora
- 60. Shabar, Lodha
- 61. Sounti
- 62. Tharua, *Tharua Bindhani*

XX. Rajasthan

- 1. Bhil, Bhil Garasia, Dholi Bhil, Dungri Bhil, Dungri Garasia, Mewasi Bhil, Rawal Bhil, Tadvi Bhil, Bhagalia, Bhilala, Pawra, Vasava, Vasave
- 2. Bhil Mina
- 3. Damor, Damaria

- Dhanka, Tadvi, Tetaria, Valvi
- 5. Garasia (excluding Rajput Garasia)
- Kathodi, Katkari, Dhor Kathodi, Dhor Katkari, Son Kathodi, Son Katkari
- 7. Kokna, Kokni, Kukna

- 8. Koli dhor, Tokre Koli, Kolcha, Kolgha
- 9. Mina
- Naikda, Nayaka, Cholivala Nayaka, Kapadia Nayaka, Mota Nayaka, Nana Nayaka
- 11. Patelia
- 12. Seharia, Sehria, Sahariya.

XXI. Sikkim

1. Bhutia (including Chumbipa, Dopthapa, Dukpa, Kagatey, Sherpa, Tibetan, Tromopa, Yolmo)

2. Lepcha

3. Limboo

Tamang

XXII. Tamil Nadu

1. Adiyan

2. Aranadan

3. Eravallan

4. Irular

5. Kadar

6. Kammara (excluding Kanyakumari district and

Shenkottah taluk of

Tirunelveli district)

7. Kanikaran, Kanikkar (in

Kanyakumari district and

Shenkottah and

Ambasamudram taluks of

Tirunelveli district)

8. Kaniyan, Kanyan

9. Kattunayakan

10. Kochu Velan

11. Konda Kapus

12. Kondareddis

13. Koraga

14. Kota (excluding

Kanyakumari district and Shenkottah taluk of

Tirunelveli district)

15. Kudiya, Melakudi

16. Kurichchan

17. Kurumbas (in the Nilgiris

district)

18. Kurumans

19. Maha Malasar

20. Malai Arayan

21. Malai Pandaram

22. Malai Vedan

23. Malakkurayan 24. Malasar

25. Malayali (in Dharmapuri,

North Arcot Pudukottai,

Salem, South Arcot and

Tiruchirapali districts)

26. Malayekandi

27. Mannan

28. Mudugar, Muduvan

29. Muthuvan

30. Palleyan

31. Palliyan

32. Palliyar

33. Paniyan

34. Sholaga

35. Toda (excluding

Kanyakumari district and Shenkottah Taluk of

Tirunelveli district) 36. Uraly

XXIII. Tripura

1. Bhil

2. Bhutia

3. Chaimal

4. Chakma

5. Garoo

6. Halam, Bengshel, Dub, Kaipeng, Kalai, Karbong,

> Lengui, Mussum, Rupini, Sukuchep, Thangchep

7. Jamatia

8. Khasia

9. Kuki, including the following

sub-tribes:-

(i) Balte

Belalhut (ii)

(iii) Chhalya

(iv) Fun

(v) Hajango

(vi) Jangtei

(vii) Khareng

(viii) Khephong

(ix) Kuntei

Laifang (x)

(xi) Lentei

(xii) Mizel

(xiii) Namte

(xiv) Paitu, Paite

(xv) Rangchan

(xvi) Rangkhole

(xvii) Thangluya

10. Lepcha

11. Lushai

12. Mag

13. Munda, Kaur

14. Noatia, Murashing

15. Orang

16. Riang

17. Santal

18. Tripura, Tripuri, Tippera

19. Uchai.

XXIV. Uttaranchal

1. Bhotia 3. Jannsari

5. Tharu

Buksa

Raji

XXV. Uttar Pradesh

- 1. Bhotia
- 2. Buksa
- 3. Jaunsari
- 4. Raji
- 5. Tharu
- 6. Gond, Dhuria, Nayak, Ojha, Pathari, Raj Gond (in the districts of Mehrajganj, Sidharth Nagar, Basti, Gorakhpur, Deoria, Mau, Azamgarh, Jonpur, Balia, Gazipur,
- Varanasi, Mirzapur and Sonbhadra)
- 7. Kharwar, Khairwar (in the districts of Deoria, Balia, Ghazipur, Varanasi and Sonbhadra)
- 8. Saharya (in the district of Lalitpur)
- 9. Parahiya (in the district of Sonbhadra)
- 10. Baiga (in the district of Sonbhadra)

- 11. Pankha, Panika (in the districts of Sonbhadra and Mirzapur)
- 12. Agariya (in the district of Sonbhadra)
- 13. Patari (in the district of Sonbhadra)
- 14. Chero (in the districts of Sonbhadra and Varanasi)
- 15. Bhuiya, Bhuinya (in the district of Sonbhadra)

XXVI. West Bengal

- 1. Asur
- 2. Baiga
- 3. Bedia, Bediya
- 4. Bhumij
- 5. Bhutia, Sherpa, Toto, Dukpa, Kagatay, Tibetan, Yolmo.
- 6. Birhor
- 7. Birjia
- Chakma
- 9. Chero
- 10. Chik Baraik
- 11. Garo
- 12. Gond

- 13. Gorait
- 14. Hajang
- 15. Ho
- 16. Karmali
- 17. Kharwar
- 18. Khond
- 19. Kisan
- 20. Kora
- 21. Korwa
- 22. Lepcha
- 23. Lodha, Kheria, Kharia
- 24. Lohara, Lohra.
- 25. Magh 26. Mahali

- 27. Mahli
- 28. Mal Pahariya
- 29. Mech
- 30. Mru
- 31. Munda
- 32. Nagesia
- 33. Oraon
- 34. Parhaiya
- 35. Rabha
- 36. Santal
- 37. Sauria Paharia
- 38. Savar
- 39. Limbu (Subba)
- 40. Tamang

XXVII. Andaman & Nicobar **Islands**

- 1. Andamanese, Chariar, Chari, Kora, Tabo, Bo,
 - Yere, Kede, Bea, Balawa,

Dubla including Halpati

- Bojigiyab, Juwai, Kol
- 2. Jarawas
- 3. Nicobarese

- 4. Onges
- Sentinelese 5.
- Shom Pens.

XXVIII. Dadra and Nagar Haveli

1. Dhodia

2.

3.

- 4. Kokna
- 5. Koli Dhor including Kolgha
- Naikda or Nayaka 6.
- 7. Varli

XXIX. **Daman and Diu Throughout the Union territory:**

- 1. Dhodia

Kathodi

3. Naikda (Talavia)

5. Varli.

2. Dubla (Halpati)

4. Siddi (Nayaka)

XXX. Lakshadweep

Throughout the Union territory:-

Inhabitants of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Aminidivi Islands who, and both of whose parents, were born in those islands.

Provided that the children who are born to inhabitants of Lakshadweep in any other place in the mainland of India shall be deemed to be inhabitants born in the islands if such children settle permanently in the islands'.

Explanation:- The term "settle permanently" shall have the same meaning as defined under Clause 3(I)(d) of the Lakshadweep Panchayat Regulation, 1994.

**NB: The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order (Amendment) Act 2003 dated 19.9.2003......

Note:- In case of any discrepancies in the spelling of the community in above list is found, the concerned original notification will be final & authenticated.

ANNEXURE 6 G

STATE-WISE LIST OF SCHEDULED AREAS

I. ANDHRAPRADESH*

- (1) Balmor, Kondnagol, Banal, Bilakas, Dharawaram, Appaipali, Rasul Chernvu, Pulechelma, Marlapaya, Burj Gundal, Agarla Penta, Pullaipalli, Dukkan Penta, Bikit Penta, Karkar Penta, Boramachernvu, Yemlapaya, Irlapenta, Mudardi Penta, Terkaldari, Vakaramamidi Penta, Medimankal, Pandibore, Sangrigundal, Lingabore, Rampur, Appapur, Malapur, Jalal Penta, Piman Penta, Railet, Vetollapalli, Patur Bayal, Bhavi Penta, Naradi Penta, Tapasi Penta, Chandragupta, Ullukatrevu, Timmareddipalli, Sarlapalli, Tatigundal, Elpamaehena, Koman Penta, Kollam Penta, Mananur, Macharam, Malhamamdi, Venketeshwarla Bhavi, Amrabad, Tirmalapur, Upnootola, Madhavanpalli, Jangamreddi Palli, Pedra, Venkeshwaram, Chitlamkunta, Lachmapur, Udmela, Mared, Ippalpalli, Maddimadag, Akkaram, Ainol, Siddapur, Bamanpalli, Ganpura and Manewarpalli Villages of Achempeth Taluq of Mahbubnagar district.
- (2) Malai Borgava, Ankapur, Jamul Dhari, Lokari, Vanket, Tantoli, Sitagondi, Burnoor, Navgaon, Pipal Dari, Pardi Buzurg, Yapalguda, Chinchughat, Vankoli, Kanpa, Avasoda Burki, Malkapur, Jaree, Palsi Buzurg, Arli Khurd, Nandgaon, Vaghapur, Palsikurd, Lingee, Kaphar Deni, Ratnapur, Kosai, Umari, Madanapur, Ambugaon, Ruyadee, Sakanapur, Daigaon, Kaslapur, Dorlee, Sahaij, Sangvee, Khogdoor, Kobai, Ponala, Chaprala, Mangrol, Kopa Argune, Soankhas, Khidki, Khasalakurd, Khasalabuzurg, Jamni, Borgaon, Sayedpur, Khara, Lohara, Marigaon, Chichdari, Khanapur, Kandala, Tipa, Hati Ghota, Karond Kurd, Karoni Buzurg, Singapur, Buranpur, Nagrala, Bodad, Chandpelli, Peetgain, Yekori, Sadarpur, Varoor, Rohar, Takli and Ramkham villages of Adilabad taluq of Adilabad district.
- (3) Ambari, Bodri, Chikli, Kamtala, Ghoti, Mandwa, Maregaon, Malborgaon, Patoda, Dahigaon, Domandhari, Darsangi, Digri, Sindgi, Kanakwari, Kopra, Malakwadi, Nispur, Yenda, Pipalgaon, Bulja, Varoli, Anji, Bhimpur Sirmeti, Karla, Kothari, Gokunda, Gogarwudi, Malkapur, Dhonora, Rampur, Patri, Porodhi, Boath, Darsangi, Norgaon, Unrsi, Godi, Sauarkher, Naikwadi, Sarkani, Wajhera, Mardap, Anjenkher, Gondwarsa, Palaiguda, Karalgaon, Palsi, Patoda, Javarla, Pipalgaon, Kanki Singora, Dongargoan, Pipalsendha, Jurur, Minki, Tulsi, Machauder Pardhi, Murli, Takri, Parsa, Warsa, Umra, Ashta, Hingni, Timapur, Wajra, Wanola, Patsonda, Dhanora, Sakur and Digri villages of **Kinwat taluk of Adilabad district.**
- (4) Hatnur, Wakri, Pardhi, Kartanada, Serlapalli, Neradi-konda, Daligaon, Kuntala, Venkatapur, Hasanpur, Surdapur, Polmamda, Balhanpur, Dharampuri, Gokonda, Bhotai, Korsekal, Patnapur, Tejapur, Guruj, Khahdiguda, Rajurwadi, Ispur, Ghanpur, Jaterla, Khantegaon, Sauri, Ichora, Mutnur, Gudi Hatnur, Talamedee, Gerjam, Chincholi, Sirchelma, Mankapur, Narsapur, Dharmpur, Harkapur, Dhampur, Nigni, Ajhar Wajhar, Chintalbori, Chintakarvia, Rampur, Gangapur and Gayatpalli villages of Boath taluk of Adilabad district.
- (5) All villages of **Utnur taluq of Adilabad district**.
- (6) Rajampet, Gunjala, Indhani, Samela, Tejapur, Kannargaon, Kantaguda, Shankepalli, Jamuldhari, Gundi, Chorpalli, Saleguda, Wadiguda, Savati, Dhaba, chopanguda, Nimgaon, Khirdi, Metapipri, Sakra, Sangi, Devurpalli, Khotara-Ringanghat, Nishani, Kota Parandoli, Mesapur, Goigaon, Dhanora, Pardha, Surdapur, Kerineri Murkilonki, Devapur, Chinta Karra, Iheri, Ara, Dasnapur, Kapri, Belgaon, Sirasgaon, Moar, Wadam, Dhamriguda, Dallanpur, Chalwardi, Ihoreghat, Balijhari, Sakamgundi, Ara, Uppal Naugaon, Anksorpur, Chirakunta, Illipita Dorli, Mandrumera, Dantanpalli, Deodurg, Tunpalli, Dhagleshwar, Padibanda, Tamrin, Malangundi, Kandan Moar, Geonena, Kuteda, Tilani, Kanepelli, Bordoum Telundi, Maugi Lodiguda, Moinda-gudipet, Chinnedari, Koitelundi, Madura, Devaiguda, Areguda, Gardepalli, Takepalli, Choutepalli, Rane Kannepalli, Sungapur, Rala Samkepalli,

- Chopri, Doda Arjuni, Serwai, Rapalli, Tekamandwa and MetaArjuni villages of **Asaifabad taluq of Adilabad district.**
- (7) Gudam, Kasipet, Dandepalli, Chelampeta, Rajampet, Mutiempet, Venkatapur, Rali, Kauwal, Tarapet, Devapur, Gathapalli, Rotepalli, Mandamari, Dharmaraopet Venkatapur, Chintaguda and Mutiempalli villages of **Lakshetipet taluq of Adilabad district**.
- (8) Bendwi, Chincholi, Goigaon, Hirapur, Sakri, Balapur, Manoli, Antargaon, Wirur, Dongargaon, Timbervai, Sersi, Badora, Vmarjeeri, Lakarkot, Ergaon, Kirdi, Sondo, Devara, Khorpana, Kanargaon, Chenai, Kairgaon, Samalhira, Dhanoli, Marnagondi, Yellapur, Katalbori, Isapur, Devti, Panderwani, Wansari, Perda, Wargaon Nokari, Mirapur, Pardhi, Kutoda, Parsewara, Mangalhra, Karki, Nokari, Manoli, Sonapur, Inapur, Mangi, Uparwai, Tutta, Lakmapur, Kirdi, Injapur, Jamni, Hargaon, Chikli, Patan, Kosundi, Kotara and Sonorli villages of **Rajura taluq of Adilabad district.**
- (9) Ralapet, Kistampet, Takalapalli, Chakalpalli, Anaram, Bhepalli, Korsni Isgaon, Chintaguda, Ankora, Usurampalli, Arpalli, Bophalpatnam, Balasaga, Pardhi, Tumrihati, Chintalmanopalli, Chintam, Gullatalodi, Damda, Dhorpalli, Kanki Garlapet, Gudlabori, Gurmpet, Lomveli, Mogurdagar, Wirdandi and Chilpurdubor villages of Sirpur taluq of Adilabad district.
- (10) Kannaiguda, Ankannaguda, Raghavpatnam, Medarmiola, Koetla, Parsa Nagaram, Muthapur, Motlaguda, Venglapur, Yelpak, Kaneboenpalli, Medaram, Kondred, Chintaguda, Kondaparthi, Yelsethipalli, Allvammarighunpur, Rampur, Malkapalli, Chettial, Bhupathipur, Gangaram, Kannaiguda, Rajannapet, Bhutaram, Akkela, Sirvapur, Gangaram Bhupathipur, Pumbapur, Rampur, Ankampalli, Kamaram, Kamsettigudam, Ashnaguda, Yellapur, Allaguda, Narsapur, Puschapur, Bhattupalli, Lavnal, Vadduguda, Kothur, Pegdapalli, Srvapur, Bhussapur, Chelvai, Rangapur Govindraopet, Ballapali, Dhumpallaguda, Kelapalli, Lakhanavaram, Pasra, Gonepalli, Padgapur, Narlapur, Kalvapalli, Uratam, Kondia, Maliat, Aclapur, Dodla, Kamaram, Tadvai, Boodiguda, Bannaji, Bandam, Selpak, Kantalpalli, Sarvai, Gangaguda, Tupalkalguda, Akulvari, Ghanpur, Shahpalli, Gagpelli, Chinna-beonnplli, Venkatapur, Narsapur, Anvaram, Lingal, Ballepalli, Bandal and Thunmapur villages of **Mulug taluq of Warrangal district**.
- (11) Vebelli, Polara, Bakkachintaphad, Ganjad, Thirmalguda, Gopalpur, Khistapur, Tatinari Venpalli, Pattal Bhoopati, Chandelapur, Battalpalli, Advarampet, Satiahnagar, Dutla, Mothwada, Mangalawarpet, Karlai, Arkalkunta, Kodsapet, Gunderpalli, Masami, Battavartigudem, Mamidigudam, Pangonda, Roturai, Satreddipalli, Konapur, Kondapuram, Pogulapalli, Govindapuram, Makadapalli, Pagulapalli, Murraigudem, Yelchagudem, Tummapurm, Jangamvartigudem, Rangagudem, Peddalapalli, Yerravaram, Kundapalli Neelampalli Daravarinampalli, Karnegund, Mahadevagudem, Marrigudem, Jangalpalli, Bavarguda, Oarbak, Gangaramam, Mucherla Amaroncha, Kamaraam, Chintagudem, Nilavancha, Kangargidda, Madagudem, Dalurpet, Kothagudem, Kotapalli, Durgaram, Dubagudem, Rudravaram, Narsugudam, Komatlagudem, Katervam, Semar Rajpet, Marepalli, Goarur, Radhiapur, Gazalgudem, Rajvepalli and Bollypalli villages of Narsampet taluk of Warrangal district.
- (12) All the villages of Yellandu taluq of Warrangal district (excluding the Yellandu, Singareni and Sirpur villages and the town of Kothaguda)
- (13) (i)All the villages of Palocha taluq of Warrangal district excluding Palondha, Borgampad, Ashwaraopet, Dammapet, Kuknur and Nelipak villages and (ii) Samasthan of Paloncha
- (14) Visakhapatnam Agency area 1[excluding the areas comprised in the villages of Agency Lakshmipuram, Chidikada, Konkasingi, Kumarapuram, Krishnadevipeta, Pichigantikothagudem, Golugondapeta, Gunupudi,

Gummudukonda, Sarabhupalapatnam, Vadurupalli, Pedajaggampeta]2[Sarabhupathi Agraharam, Ramachandrarajupeta Agraharam, and Kondavatipudi Agraharam in Visakhapatnam district.]

- (15) East Godwari Agency area2 [excluding the area comprised in the village of Ramachandrapuram including its hamlet Purushothapatnam in the East Godavari district.]
- (16) West Godawari Agency area in West Godavari district.

- * The Scheduled Areas in the State of Andhra Pradesh were originally specified by the Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950 (C.O.No.9) dated 23.1.1950 and the Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950 (C.O.No.26) dated 7.12.1950 and have been modified vide the Madras Scheduled Areas (Cesser) Order 1951 (C.O. 50) and the Andhra Scheduled Areas (Cesser) Order, 1955 (C.O.30)
- 1. Inserted by the Madras Scheduled Areas (Cesser) Order, 1951
- 2. Inserted by the Andhra Scheduled Areas (Cesser) Order, 1955

II. GUJARAT**

- 1. Uchchhal. Vyara, Mahuwa, Mandvi, Nizar, Songadh, Valod, Mangrol and Bardoli talukas in Surat district.
- 2. Dediapada, Sagbara, Valia, Nandod and Jhagadia talukas in Bharuch district
- 3. Dangs district and taluka
- 4. Bansda, Dharampur, Chikhali, Pardi and Umbergaon talukas in Valasad district
- 5. Jhalod, Dohad, Santrampur, Limkheda and Deogarh Baria talukas in Panchmahal district
- Chhotaudepur and Naswadi talukas and Tilakwada mahal in Vadodora district
- Khedbrahma, Bhiloda and Meghraj talukas, and Vijayanagar mahal in Sabarkantha district

** The Scheduled Areas in the State of Gujarat were originally specified by the Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950 (Constitution Order, 9) dated 23.1.1950 and have been respecified as above by the Scheduled Areas (States of Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa) Order, 1977 (Constitution Order, 109) dated

31.12.1977 after rescinding the Order cited first so far as that related to the State of Gujarat.

III. HIMACHAL PRADESH***

- 1. Lahaul and Spiti district
- 2. Kinnaur district
- 3. Pangi tehsil and Bharmour sub-tehsil in Chamba district

^{***} Specified by the Scheduled Areas (Himachal Pradesh) Order, 1975 (Constitution Order 102) dated 21.11.1975

IV. MAHARASHTRA#

1. The following in Thane district:

- (a) Tahsils of **Dhahanu**, **Talasari**, **Mokhando**, **Jawher**, **Wada and Sahapur**
- (b) (i) The one hundered forty four villages of Palghar tahsil as mention below:

Palghar Tahsil

(1)	Tarapur	(42)	Man	(82)	Wakadi,
(2)	Kudan	(43)	Ghaneghar,	(83)	Maswan,
(3)	Dahisar-tarf-Tarapur	(44)	Wedhe	(84)	Wandiwali,
(4)	Ghiwali	(45)	Chari Budruk	(85)	Netali
(5)	Wawe	(46)	Birwadi	(86)	Saye,
(6)	Akkarpatti	(47)	Kallale,	(87)	Ten,
(7)	Kurgaon	(48)	Padghe	(88)	Karalgaon,
(8)	Parnali	(49)	Pole,	(89)	Gowade,
(9)	Vengani	(50)	Nandore,	(90)	Tamsai,
(10)	Patharwali	(51)	Girnoli,	(91)	Durves,
(11)	Newale	(52)	Borande,	(92)	Dhuktan,
(12)	Shigaon	(53)	Devkhope,	(93)	Pochade,
(13)	Gargaon	(54)	Sagawe,	(94)	Haloli,
(14)	Chinchare	(55)	Kosbad	(95)	Khamloli,
(15)	Akegawhan	(56)	Kokaner,	(96)	Bahadoli,
(16)	Naniwali	(57)	Nagzari	(97)	Bot,
(17)	Ambedhe	(58)	Chari Khurd	(98)	Embur irambi,
(18)	Barhanpur	(59)	Velgaon	(99)	Danisari-tarf-Manor,
(19)	Salgaon,	(60)	Khutal,	(100)	Kude,
(20)	Khutad,	(61)	Chilhar,	(100)	Gundave,
(21)	Khaniwade,	(62)	Bhopoli,	(101)	Satiwali,
(22)	Rawate,	(63)	Nihe,	(102) (103)	Vehaloli,
(23)	Akoli,	(64)	Damkhand,	(103)	Saware,
(24)	Asheri,	(65)	Kondhan,		Warai,
(25)	Somate,	(66)	Awandhan,	(105)	Jansai
(26)	Pasthal,	(67)	Bangarchole,	(106)	
(27)	Boisar,	(68)	Shil,	(107)	Khaire,
(28)	Borsheti	(69)	Loware,	(108)	Dhekale,
(29)	Mahagaon,	(70)	Bandhan,	(109)	Ganje,
(30)	Kirat,	(71)	Nand-gaon-tarf-Manor,	(110)	Jayshet,
(31)	Wade,	(71)	Shilshet,	(111)	Shelwade,
(32)	Khadkawane,	` ′	· ·	(112)	Veur,
(33)	Mendhwan	(73) (74)	Katale, Ambhan,	(113)	Ambadi,
(34)	Vilshet,	` ′		(114)	Nawali,
(35)	Kondgaon	(75)	Wasaroli	(115)	Morawali,
(36)	Karsood	(76)	Kharshet,	(116)	Varkhunti,
(37)	Betegaon,	(77)	Manor,	(117)	Kamare,
(38)	Warangade	(78)	Takwahal,	(118)	Tokrale,
(39)	Lalonde,	(79)	Sawarkhand,	(119)	Bandate,
(40)	Ghanede	(80)	Nalshet,	(120)	Zanjaroli,
(41)	Kampalgaon	(81)	Kev,	(121) 0	Chahade,
(41)	Kanipaigaon				

(122) Wasare,	(130) Pargaon,	(138) Wadhiv Sarawali,
(123) Khadkoli,	(131)Nagawe-tarf-Manor,	(139) Penand,
(124) Sakhare,	(132) Umbarpada Nandade,	(140) Kandarwan,
(125) Rothe,	(133) Uchavali,	(141) Dahiwale,
(126) Lalthane,	(134) Safale,	(142) Darshet,
(127) Navaze,	(135) Sonawe,	(143) Navghar (Ghatim)
(128) Tandulwadi,	(136) Makane Kapse,	(144) Umbarpada-tarf-Manor.
(129) Girale,	(137) Karwale,	

(ii) The forty five villages of Vasai (Bassein) Tahsil as mentioned below:

Vasai (Bassein) Tahsil

(1) Dahisar,	(16) Usgaon,	(31) Achole,
(2) Koshimbe,	(17) Medhe,	(32) Valiv,
(3) Tulinj,	(18) Vadghar,	(33) Sativali,
(4) Sakawar,	(19) Bhinar,	(34) Rajavali,
(5) Chimane,	(20) Ambode,	(35) Kolhi,
(6) Hedavade,	(21) Kalbhon,	(36) Chinchoti
(7) Kashidkopar,	(22) Adne,	(37) Juchandra
(8) Khaniwade,	(23) Sayawan,	(38) Bapane
(9) Bhaliwali,	(24) Parol,	(39) Deodal
(10) Kavher,	(25) Shirvali,	(40) Kamam
(11) Shirsad	(26) Majivali,	(41) Sarajamori
(12) Mandvi	(27) Karanjon,	(42) Poman
(13) Chandip,	(28) Tilher,	(43) Shilottar
(14) Bhatane,	(29) Dhaviv,	(44) Sasunavghar
(15) Shivansai	(30) Pelhar,	(45) Nagle

(iii) The seventy two villages of Bhiwandi tahsil as mentioned bellow:

Bhiwandi tahsil

(1) Bhivali,	(17) Mohili,	(33) Kunde,
(2) Gancshpuri,	(18) Nandithane,	(34) Ghotavade,
(3) Vadavali Vajreshwari,	(19) Depoli,	(35) Mainde,
(4) Akloli,	(20) Sakharoli,	(36) Karmale,
(5) Savaroli,	(21) Supegaon,	(37) Kandali Budruk,
(6) Khatrali	(22) Pilanze Khurd,	(38) Kelhe,
(7) Usgaon,	(23) Pilanze Budruk,	(39) Kandali Khurd,
(8) Ghotgaon,	(24) Alkhivali,	(40) Dighashi,
(9) Vadhe,	(25) Vaghivale,	(41) Newade,
(10) Vareth,	(26) Devehole,	(42) Ambadi,
(11) Chane,	(27) Sagoan,	(43) Dalonde,
(12) Asnoli-tarf-Dugad	(28) Eksal,	(44) Jambhiwali -tarf -
(13) Dugad,	(29) Chinchavali-tarf-Kunde,	Khambal,
(14) Manivali,	(30) Dudhani,	(45) Umbarkhand,
(15) Vadwali-tarf-Dugad,	(31) Vape,	(46) Ashivali,
(16) Malbidi,	(32) Ghadane,	(47) Zidake,

(48) Kharivali	(57) Shirole,	(66) Dhamne,
(49) Base,	(58) Dabhad,	(67) Lakhiwali,
(50) Gondade,	(59) Mohandul,	(68) Palivali,
(51) Pahare,	(60) Shirgaon,	(69) Paye,
(52) Shedgaon,	(61) Pimpal Sehth Bhusheth,	(70) Gane,
(53) Pachhapur,	(62) Khadki Khurd,	(71) Dahyale,
(54) Gondravali,	(63) Khadki Budruk,	(72) Firangpada,
(55) Jambhiali-tarf-Kunde,	(64) Chimbipade,	
(56) Asnoli-tarf-Kunde,	(65) Kuhe,	

The seventy seven villages of Murbad tahsil as mentioned below: (iv)

	or iven sur union as monorous so	
Murbad Tahsil		
(1) Kasgaon,	(27) Vhod	(53) Hedawali,
(2) Kisal,	(27) Khed,	
(3) Wadawali,	(28) Vanote,	(54) Karchonde,
(4) Sakhare,	(29) Shai,	(55) Zadghar,
	(30) Shelgaon,	(56) Udaldoha,
(5) Khutalborgaon,	(31) Shiroshi,	(57) Mhorande,
(6) Ambele Khurd	(32) Talegaon,	(58) Tokawade,
(7) Sayale,	(33) Fangalkoshi	(59) Balegaon,
(8) Inde,	(34) Merdi,	(60) Talawali (Baragaon),
(9) Khedale,	(35) Walhivare,	(61) Waishakhare,
(10) Talawali-tarf-Ghorat,	(36) Mal,	(62) Maniwali-tarf-Khedul,
(11) Eklahare,	(37) Jadai,	(63) Pendhari,
(12) Chafe-tarf-Khedul,	(38) Ambiwali,	(64) Umaroli budruk,
(13) Pimpalghar,	(39) Dighephal,	(65) Ojiwale,
(14) Dahigaon,	(40) Diwanpada,	(66) Mandwat,
(15) Parhe,	(41) Kochare Khurd,	(67) Mahaj,
(16) Kandali,	(42) Kochare Budruk,	(68) Padale,
(17) Dhasai,	(43) Chosale,	(69) Koloshi,
(18) Alyani,	(44) Khutal Bangla,	(70) Jaigaon,
(19) Palu,	(45) Nayahadi,	(71) Kalambad (Bhondivale),
(20) Deoghar,	(46) Moroshi,	(72) Kheware,
(21) Madh,	(47) Fangulgawhan,	(73) Dudhanoli,

(49) Thitabi-tarf-Vaishakahre,

(48) Sawarne,

(50) Kudhset,

(51) Fangane,

(52) Khapari,

2. The following in Nasik district:-

- (a) The tahsils of **Peint**, **Surgana and Kalwan**
- (b) (i) The one hundred six villages of **Dindori** tahsil as mentioned below:

Dindori Tahsil

(22) Sonawale,

(25) Bursunge,

(26) Mandus,

(23) Veluk,

(24) Alawe,

(1) Mokhanal,	(3) Dehare,	(5) Gandole,	
(2) Bhanwad,	(4) Karanjali,	(6) Palasvihir,	

(75) Khopwali,

(77) Gorakhagad,

(76) Milhe,

(74) Umaroli Khurd,

(7) Vare,	(41) Tilholi,	(75) Mavadi,
(8) Vanjole,	(42) Ravalgaon,	(76) Karanjwan,
(9) Ambad,	(43) Deher Wadi,	(77) Dahegaon,
(10) Vanare,	(44) Dhagur,	(78) Vaglud,
(11) Titve,	(45) Deosane,	(79) Krishnagaon,
(12) Deothan,	(46) Sarsale,	(80) Varkhed,
(13) Nanashi	(47) Karanjkhed,	(81) Kadvamhalungi,
(14) Charose,	(48) Pingalwadi,	(82) Gaondegaon,
(15) Deoghar,	(49) Eklahare,	(83) Hatnore,
(16) Kaudasar,	(50) Chausale,	(84) Nilwandi,
(17) Vani Khurd,	(51) Pimpri Anchla,	(85) Pimpalgoan Ketki,
(18) Pimpalgaon Dhum,	(52) Ahiwantwadi,	(86) Rajapur,
(19) Joran,	(53) Goldari,	(87) Dindori,
(20) Mahaje,	(54) Haste,	(88) Jopul,
(21) Sadrale,	(55) Kolher,	(89) Madki jamb,
(22) Nalwadi,	(56) Jirwade,	(90) Palkhed,
(23) Oje,	(57) Chamdari,	(91) Indore,
(24) Golshi,	(58) Maledumala,	(92) Korhate,
(25) Jalkhed,	(59) Mandane,	(93) Chinchkhed,
(26) Nigdol,	(60) Koshimbe,	(94) Talegaon Dindori,
(27) Kokangaon Budruk,	(61) Punegaon,	(95) Akrale,
(28) Umbrale Khurd,	(62) Pandane,	(96) Mohadi,
(29) Ambegan,	(63) Ambaner,	(97) Pimpsalanare,
(30) Chachadgaon,	(64) Chandikapur,	(98) Khatwad,
(31) Vaghad,	(65) Bhatode,	(99) Ramsej,
(32) Pophal wade,	(66) Dahivi,	(100) Ambe Dindore,
(33) Dhaur,	(67) Mulane,	(101) Dhakambe,
(34) Umbale Budruk,	(68) Kokangaon Khurd,	(102) Janori,
(35) Jambutke,	(69) Malegaon,	(103) Manori,
(36) Pimpraj,	(70) Pimparkhed,	(104) Shivanai,
(37) Nalegaon,	(71) Phopasi,	(105) Varwandi,
(38) Vilwandi,	(72) Vani Kasbe,	(106) Jaulke Dindori,
(39) Rasegaon,	(73) Sangamner,	
(40) Kochargaon,	(74) Khedle,	

(ii) The ninety three villages of Igatpuri tahsil as mentioned below and one town Igatpuri:

Igatpuri Tahsil

(1) Dhadoshi,	(9) Kojoli,	(17) Mhasurli,
(2) Bhilmal,	(10) Avhate,	(18) Shevgedang,
(3) Pahine,	(11) Kushegaon,	(19) Wanjole,
(4) Zarwad Khurd,	(12) Metchandryachi,	(20) Deogaon,
(5) Tak-Harsha,	(13) Alwand,	(21) Ahurli,
(6) Aswali Harsha,	(14) Dapure,	(22) Nandagaon,
(7) Samundi,	(15) Met Humbachi,	(23) Vavi Harsha,
(8) Kharoli,	(16) Zarwad Budruk,	(24) Nagosali,

(25) Dhargaon,	(47) Khambala,	(71) Ambewadi,
(26) Ondli,	(48) Take Ghoti,	(72) Khadked,
(27) Saturli,	(49) Ghoti Budruk,	(73) Indore,
(28) Awalidumala,	(50) Talegaon,	(74) Umbarkon,
(29) Karhale,	(51) Girnare,	(75) Somaj Ghadga,
(30) Rayambe,	(52) Titoli,	(76) Ubhade,
(31) Takedeogaon,	(53) Bortembhe,	(Vanjulwadi),
(32) Metyelyachi,	(54) Taloshi,	(77) Megare,
(33) Biturli,	(55) Nandgaon sade,	(78) Belgaon Tarhale,
(34) Walvihir,	(56) Pimpri Sadaroddin,	(79) Dhamangaon,
(35) Bhavli Badruk,	(57) Talegha,	(80) Deole,
(36) Pimpalgaon Bhatata,	(58) Kanchangaon,	(81) Khairgaon,
(37) Kopargaon,	(59) Shenwad Budruk,	(82) Pimpalgaon Mor,
(38) Kurnoli,	(60) Fangulgavan,	(83) Dhamni,
(39) Dhamoli,	(61) Borli,	(84) Adasare Khurd,
(40) Waki,	(62) Manwedhe,	(85) Adasare Budruk,
(41) Chinchale,	(63) Bhavali Khurd,	(86) Acharwad,
(Khaire),	(64) Kaluste,	(87) Taked Khurd,
(42) Tringalwadi,	(65) Jamunde,	(88) Taked Budruk,
(43) Adwan,	(66) Gahunde,	(89) Khed,
(44) Awalkhede,	(67) Bharvaj,	(90) Barshingve,
(45) Parderi,	(68) Karungwadi,	(91) Sonoshi,
(46) Balayduri,	(69) Nirpan,	(92) Maidara Dhanoshi,
	(70) Maniargaon,	(93) Wasali,

$\hbox{(iii)} \qquad \hbox{The seventy villages in Nasik tahsil as mentioned below and one town $\operatorname{Trimbak}:$ }$

Nasik tahsil		
(1) Sapte,	(21) Ambai,	(41) Sadgaon,
(2) Kone,	(22) Shirasgaon,	(42) Vadgaon,
(3) Kharwal,	(23) Talwade Trimbak,	(43) Manoli,
(4) Varasvihir,	(24) Pimpalad Trimbak,	(44) Dhondegaon,
(5) Vaghera,	(25) Khambale,	(45) Dari,
(6) Rohile,	(26) Sapgaon,	(46) Gimate,
(7) Nandgaon,	(27) Kachurli,	(47) Dugaon,
(8) Gorthan,	(28) Arianeri,	(48) Deorgaon,
(9) Hirdi,	(29) Talegaon Trimbak,	(49) Nagalwadi,
(10) Malegaon,	(30) Pogalwadi Trimbak,	(50) Ozarkheda,
(11) Welunje,	(31) Vacholi,	(51) Chandashi,
(12) Ganeshgaon Waghera,	(32) Ubbrande,	(52) Gangamhalungi,
(13) Pimpri Trimbak,	(33) Kalmuste,	(53) Jalalpur,
(14) Met Kawara,	(34) Trimbak (Rural),	(54) Sawargaon,
(15) Brahmanwade Trimbak,	(35) Harshewadi,	(55) Goverdhan,
(16)Toanangan,	(36) Metgherakilla Trimbak,	(56) Shivangaon,
(17) Dhumbdi,	(37) Mulegaon,	(57) Pimpalgaon
(18) Bese,	(38) Ladachi,	Garudeshwar,
(19) Chakore,	(39) Naikwadi,	(58) Rajewadi,
(20) Amboli,	(40) Vele,	(59) Gangawarhe,

(60) Ganeshgaon Trimbak,(64) Mahrawani,(68) Pimplad Nashik,(61) Ganeshgaon Nashik,(65) Talegaon Anjaneri,(69) Rajur Bahula,(62) Wasali,(66) Jategaon,(70) Dahigaon,(63) Dudgaon,(67) Sarul,

(iv) The fifty seven villages in Baglan tahsil as mentioned below:

Baglan tahsil

(1)	Borhate,	(20)	Mulher,	(39)	Kerasane,
(2)	Mohalangi,	(21)	Babulne,	(40)	Vathod,
(3)	Jaitapur,	(22)	Morane-Digar,	(41)	Pathwedigar,
(4)	Golwad,	(23)	Bordaivat,	(42)	Talwade Digar,
(5)	Hatnoor,	(24)	Bhimkhet,	(43)	Morkure,
(6)	Maliwade,	(25)	Waghambe,	(44)	Kikwari Khurd,
(7)	Ambapur,	(26)	Manoor,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Kelzar,
(8)	Jad,	(27)	Salher,	· · · · · ·	Tatani,
(9)	Visapur,	(28)	Katarwel,	` ′	Bhildar,
(10)	Shevare,	(29)	Bhilwad,	` ′	Kikwari Budruk,
(11)	Kharad,	(30)	Tungan,	(49)	Joran,
(12)	Vade Digar,	(31)	Daswel,	(50)	Sakode,
(13)	Deothan,	(32)	Jakhod,	(51)	Karanjkhed,
(14)	Kondharabad,	(33)	Mungase,	(52)	Dang Saundane,
(15)	Antapur,	(34)	Bhawade,	(53)	Nikwel,
(16)	Raver,	(35)	Dasane,	(54)	Bandhate,
(17)	Jamoti,	(36)	Malgaon Khurd,	` ′	Dahindule,

(37) Salawan,

(38) Pisore,

3. The following in Dhule District:-

- (a) Tahsils of Nawapur, Taloda, Akkalkuwa and Akrani.
- (b) (i) The eighty villages in Sakri tahsil as mentioned below:-

Sakri tahsil

(18) Aliabad,

(19) Ajande,

(1) Choupale,	(14) Raitel,	(27) Maindane,
(2) Rothod,	(15) Brahmanwel,	(28) Dapur,
(3) Jamkhel,	(16) Amkhel,	(29) Rohan,
(4) Khuruswade,	(17) Jambore,	(30) Jebapur,
(5) Sutare,	(18) Varsus,	(31) Amode,
(6) Dhaner,	(19) Jamki,	(32) Kirwade,
(7) Amale,	(20) Runmali,	(33) Ghodade,
(8) Machmal,	(21) Vaskhedi,	(34) Surpan,
(9) Khandbare,	(22) Damkani,	(35) Korde,
(10) Raikot,	(23) Saltek,	(36) Valwhe,
(11) Burudkhe,	(24) Dahiwel,	(37) Vitave,
(12) Pangaon,	(25) Bhongaon,	(38) Kasbe Chhadwell,
(13) Lagadwal,	(26) Badgaon,	(39) Basar,

Sarwar,

(57) Wadichaulher.

(56)

(40) Isarde,	(53) Shenwad,	(67) Chikase,
(41) Petale,	(54) Kudashi,	(68) Jirapur,
(42) Pimpalgaon,	(55) Manjari,	(69) Kokangaon,
(43) Mohane,	(56) Mapalgaon,	(70) Shevage,
(44) Tembhe, Pargane	(57) Dangshirwade,	(71) Dhamandhar,
Warse,	(58) Bopkhel,	(72) Virkhel,
(45) Shirsole,	(59) Shiv,	(73) Pargaon,
(46) Umarpata,	(60) Khatyal,	(74) Mandane,
(47) Malgaon Pargane	(61) Vardoli,	(75) Balhane,
Versa,	(62) Kaksad,	(76) Deshirvade,
(48) Khargaon,	(63) Pankhede,	(77) Kadyale,
(49) Kalambe,	(64) Samode,	(78) Dhongaddigar,
(50) Chorwad,	(65) Mhasadi, Pargane	(79) Shelbari,
(51) Lakhale,	Pimpalner,	(80) Degaon,
(52) Warse,	(66) Pimpalner,	

(ii) The eighty two villages in Nandurbar tahsil and town Nandurbar as mentioned below:-

(1) Bhangade, (28) Narayanpur, (55) Wawa (2) Mangloor, (29) Ghirasgaon, (56) Chakle	
(2) Mangloor, (29) Ghirasgaon, (56) Chakle	2,
(3) Vasalai, (30) Dhekwad, (57) Dahino	lule Budruk,
(4) Arditara, (31) Biladi, (58) Dahino	lule Khurd,
(5) Dhanora, (32) Khairale, (59) Athore	Digar,
(55) Imaniguon,	le Khurd,
(7) Kothede, (34) Nagasar, (61) Chaup	
(8) Umaj, (35) Virchak, (62) Akrale	
(9) Kothali Khurd, (36) Tokartale, (63) Vadba	
(10) Vadajakan, (37) Waghale, (64) Akhat	
LULD NIIIIDONE DUOTUK. C38) Ozarde. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	ias Indi,
(12) Jalkhe, (39) Ashte, (66) Palash	1,
(13) Shirvade, (40) Thanepada, (67) Ghuli, (68) Rakas	wada
(14) Ranale Khurd, (41) Amarave, (69) Waghe	
(15) Natawad, (42) Patharai, (70) Patono	
(16) V analysis (13) Dhamdai	rf-Haveli,
(17) Shejwe, (44) Varul, (72) Khoda	
(18) Pimplod-tarf-Dhanore, (45) Adachhi, (73) Shaha	
(19) Loya, (46) Lonkhede, (74) Shinde,	
(20) Velaved, (47) Karajkupe, (75) Kolde,	
(21) Vyahur, (48) Nalave Khurd, (76) Bhagsa	ri,
(22) Dhulawad, (49) Sundarde, (77) Dhamd	od,
(23) Gujar Bhavali, (50) Nalave Budruk, (78) Savalde	e,
(24) Gujar Jamboli, (51) Dudhale, (79) Korit,	
(25) Karankhede, (52) Nandarkhe, (80) Sujatpu	r,
(26) Phulsare, (53) Dhane, (81) Tishi,	
(27) Umarde Budruk, (54) Vasadare, (82) Dhand	lhane.

(iii) The one hundred forty one villages in Shahada tahsil as mentioned below:-

Shahada tahsil

(1)	Akası	our

- (2) Nawagaon(Forest Village),
- (3) Virpur,
- (4) Dara,
- (5) Bhuta,
- (6) Kansai, (Forest Village),
- (7) Nandya Kusumwade (Forest Village, Rampur,
- (8) Chirade,
- (9) Nagziri (Forest Village),
- (10) Kusumwade,
- (11) Nandya (Forest Village),
- (12) Pimprani,
- (13) Ranipur, (Forest Village),
- (14) Fattepur,
- (15) Lakkadkot (Forest Village),
- (16) Kotbandhani (Forest Village),
- (17) Pimplod,
- (18) Kuddawad,
- (19) Lachhore,
- (20) Kanadi-tarf-Haveli,
- (21) Shirud-tarf Haveli,
- (22) Amode,
- (23) Alkhed,
- (24) Padalde Budruk,
- (25) Budigavan,
- (26) Umarati,
- (27) Pimpri,
- (28) Mhasavad,
- (29) Anakwade,
- (30) Sulwade,
- (31) Tavalai,
- (32) Mubarakpur,
- (33) Velavad,
- (34) Kalmadi-tarf-Boardi,
- (35) Wadi,
- (36) Sonawadtarf-Boardi,
- (37) Thangche,
- (38) Javadetarf-Boardi,
- (39) Tarhadi-tarf-Boardi,
- (40) Vardhe,

- (41) Pari,
- (42) Kothali-tarf-haveli,
- (43) Aurangpur,
- (44) Chikhali Budruk,
- (45) Karankhede,
- (46) Nandarde,
- (47) Vaijali,
- (48) Vaghode,
- (49) Parakashe,
- (50) Dhamlad,
- (51) Katharde Budruk,
- (52) Katharde Khurd,
- (53) Kalsadi,
- (54) Dhurkhede,
- (55) Bhade,
- (56) Pingane,
- (57) Ganor,
- (58) Adgoan,
- (59) Kharagaon,
- (60) Kochrare,
- (61) Biladi-tarf-Haveli,
- (62) Bahirpur,
- (63) Bramhanpur,
- (64) Sultanpur,
- (65) Raikhed,
- (66) Khed Digar,
- (67) Navalpur,
- (68) Chandsaili,
- (69) Godipur,
- (70) Padalde Khurd,
- (71) Bhagapur,
- (72) Javkhede,
- (73) Sonwai-tarf-Haveli,
- (74) Kavalith,
- (75) Tuki,
- (76) Sawkhede,
- (77) Karjot,
- (78) Lohare,
- (79) Gogapur,
- (80) Kurangi,
- (04) 75' 11
- (81) Tidhare,
- (82) Damalde,
- (83) Kalamad-tarf-Haveli,

- (84) Chikhali Khurd,
- (85) Bhortek,
- (86) Shrikhede,
- (87) Ozarte,
- (88) Ukhalshem,
- (89) Vagharde,
- (90) Jam,
- (91) Javade-tarf-Haveli,
- (92) Titari,
- (93) Hol Mubarakpur (Forest Village),
- (94) Vadgaon,
- (95) Pimparde,
- (96) Asalod,
- (97) Mandane,
- (98) Awage,
- (99) Tikhore,
- (100) Untawad,
- (101) Hol,
- (102) Mohide-tarf-Haveli,
- (103) Junwane,
- (104) Lonkhede,
- (105) Tembhali,
- (106) Holgujari,
- (107) Asus,
- (108) Bupkari,
- (109) Maloni,
- (110) Dongargaon,
- (111) Kothal-tarf-Shahada,
- (112) Matkut,
- (113) Borale,
- (114) Kamravad,
- (115) Kahatul,
- (116) Vadchhil,
- (117) Londhare,
- (118) Udhalod,
- (119) Nimbhore,
- (120) Dhandre Budurk,
- (121) Chirkhan (Forest Village),
- (122) Asalod (New) (Forest Village),
- (123) Jainagar,

(124)	Dhandre Khurd (Forest Village),	(130) (131)	Bhulane (Forest Village), Chandsaili (Forest	(136)	Langadi Bhavani (Forest Village),
(125)	Manmodya (Forest Village),	(132)	Village), Ubhadagad (Forest	(137)	Shahana (Forest Village),
(126)	Dutkhede (Forest Village),	(133)	Village), Kakarde Khurd,	(138) (139)	Kakarde Budruk, Abhanpur Budruk,
(127)	Bhongara (Forest Village),	(134)	Khaparkhede (Forest Village),	(140) (141)	Katghar, Nimbardi (Forest Village),
(128) (129)	Vadali, Kondhawal,	(135)	Malgaon (Forest Village),		vinage),

(iv) The sixty two villages in Shirpur tahsil as mentioned below:-

Shir	pur tahsil		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	Borpani (Forest Village), Malkatar (Forest Village), Fattepur (Forest Village), Gadhad Deo (Forest	(19) Mohide (Forest Village),(20) Dondwada (Forest Village),(21) Tembha (Forest Village),(22) Kharikhan (Forest Village),	(43) Sangavi,(44) Hated,(45) Zendya Anjan,(46) Pelagner
(5) (6)	Village), Kodid (Forest Village), Gurhadpani (Forest Village),	(23) Boaradi, (24) Wasardi, (25) Nandarde, (26) Chandase,	(46) Palasner,(47) Khambale,(48) Panakhed (Forest Village),(49) Khairkhuti (Forest Village),
(7)(8)(9)	Bhudaki (Forest Village), Waghpade (Forest Village), Saigarpada (Forest Village),	(27) Wadi Budruk,(28) Wadi Khurd,(29) Jalod,(30) Abhanpur Khurd,	(50) Joyada (Forest Village),(51) Chilare (Forest Village),(52) Lakdya Hanuman (Forest Village),
(11) (12)	Manjriburdi (Forest Village), Chondi (Forest Village), Bhudaki (Forest Village),	(31) Tarhad,(32) Ukhalwadi,(33) Mukhed,(34) Nimzari,(35) Varzadi,	(53) Mahadeo Dondwade (Forest Village),(54) Malapur (Forest Village),(55) Rohini,(56) Bhoiti,
(14) (15) (16) (17)	Chandsurya (Forest Village), Boradi (New) (Forest Village), Kakadmal (Forest Village), Vakawad (Forest Village), Umarda (Forest Village), Durabadya (Forest Village),	 (36) Waghabarda, (37) Samryapada, (38) Lauki, (39) Sule, (40) Fattepur, (41) Hedakhed, (42) Arunapuri Dam (Deforested), 	 (57) Ambe, (58) Khamkhede Pargane Ambe, (59) Hiwarkhede, (Forest Village), (60) Higaon, (61) Vadel Khurd, (62) Kalapani (Forest Village)
	5 //		

4. The following in Jalgaon district:-

(a) (i) The twenty five villages in Chopda tahsil as mentioned below:-

Chopda Tahsil

- (1) Maratha (Forest Village),
- (2) Mordhida (Forest Village),
- (3) Umarti (Forest Village),
- (4) Satrasen (Forest Village),
- (5) Krishnapur (Forest Village),
- (6) Angurne,
- (7) Kharya Padav (Forest Village),
- (8) Vaijapur (Revenue),
- (9) Mulyautar (Forest Village),

- (10) Vaijapur (Forest Village) (54),
- (11) Borajanti (Forest Village),
- (12) Malapur (Forest Village),
- (13) Bormali (Forest Village),
- (14) Karajane (Forest Village),
- (15) Melane (Forest Village),
- (16) Vishnapur (Forest Village),
- (17) Devhari (Forest Village),

- (18) Deoziri (Forest Village),
- (19) Kundyapani (Forest Village),
- (20) Ichapur Pargane Adwad,
- (21) Badhawani,
- (22) Badhai,
- (23) Andane,
- (24) Moharad,
- (25) Asalwadi (Forest Village),

(ii) The thirteen villages in Yaval tahsil as mentioned below:-

Yaval Tahsil

- (1) Manapuri,
- (2) Tolane,
- (3) Khalkot,
- (4) Ichakhede,
- (5) Malod,

- (6) Haripura (Forest Village),
- (7) Vaghazira (Forest Village),
- (8) Parasade Budruk,
- (9) Borkhede Khurd,
- (10) Langda Amba,

- (11) Jamnya (Forest Village),
- (12) Gadrya (Forest Village),
- (13) Usmali (Forest Village)

(iii) The twenty-one villages in Raver tahsil as mentioned below:-

Raver Tahsil

(1) Mahumandali (Forest

Village),

(2) Pimparkund (Forest

Village),

- (3) Andharmali (Forest Village),
- (4) Tidya (Forest Village),
- (5) Nimdya (Forest Village),

- (6) Garbardi (Forest Village),
- (7) Janori,
- (8) Chinchati,
- (9) Pal,
- (10) Marwhal,
- (11) Jinsi,
- (12) Sahasraling (ForestVillage),
- (13) Lalmati (Forest Village),
- (14) Abhode Budruk

- (15) Lohare,
- (16) Kusumbhe Budruk,
- (17) Kusumbe Khurd,
- (18) Pimpri,
- (19) Mohagan Budruk,
- (20) Padale Budruk,
- (21) Mahumandali (old)
 - Deserted)

5. The following in Ahmednagar district

(a) The ninety-four villages in **Akole tahsil** as mentioned below:

Akole Tahsil

(1) Tirdhe,

(3) Mhajungi,

(5) Sangavi,

(2) Padoshi,

(4) Ekdare,

(6) Keli Rumhanwadi,

(7) Bitaka,	(36) Samarad	(66) Khadki,
(8) Khirvire,	(37) Bhandardara,	(67) Sakirwadi,
(9) Kombhalne,	(38) Ranad Budruk,	(68) Pachanai,
(10) Tahakari,	(39) Ranad khurd,	(69) Chinchavane,
(11) Samsherpur,	(40) Malegaon,	(70) Padalne (80)
(12) Savargaon Pat,	(41) Kohondi,	(71) Shelad,
(13) Muthalane,	(42) Digambar,	(72) Pimpri,
(14) Bari,	(43) Guhire,	(73) Ghoti,
(15) Waranghusi,	(44) Katalapur,	(74) Paithan,
(16) Ladagaon,	(45) Ratanwadi,	(75) Lavali Kotul,
(17) Shenit,	(46) Mutkhel,	(76) Waghdari,
(18) Pabhulwandi,	(47) Terungan,	(77) Shilvandi,
(19) Babhulwandi,	(48) Rajur,	(78) Kohone,
(20) Ambevangan,	(49) Vithe,	(79) Lavali Otur,
(21) Deogaon,	(50) Koltembhe,	(80) Tale,
(22) Pendshet,	(51) Kelungan,	(81) Kothale,
(23) Manhere,	(52) Jamgaon,	(82) Somalwadi,
(24) Shelvihire,	(53) Shirpunje Budruk,	(83) Vihir,
(25) Panjare,	(54) Savarkute,	(84) Shinda,
(26) Chinchond,	(55) Kumshet,	(85) Ambit Khind,
(27) Waki,	(56) Shirpunje Khurd,	(86) Palsunde,
(28) Titavi,	(57) Dhamanvan,	(87) Pisewadi,
(29) Pimparkane,	(58) Ambit,	(88) Phopsandi,
(30) Udadawane,	(59) Balthan,	(89) Satewadi
(31) Kodani,	(60) Manik Ozar,	(90) Keli Otur,
(32) Ghatghar,	(61) Puruchawadi,	(91) Keli Kotul
(33) Shinganwadi Rajur,	(62) Maveshi,	(92) Khetewadi,
(34) Murshet,	(63) Shiswad,	(93) Esarthay,
(35) Shendi,	(64) Wapjulshet,	(94) Karandi,
	(65) Gondoshi,	

6. The following in Pune District

(a) (i) The fifty-six villages in ${\bf Ambegaon\ tahsil}$ as mentioned below :

Ambegaon Tah

(1)	Don,	(12)	Kondhare, (22)	Savarali,
(2)	Pimpargaane,	(13)	Adivare, (23)	Megholi,
(3)	Aghane,	(14)	Borghar, (24)	Vachape,
(4)	Ahupe,	(15)	Patan, (25)	Sakeri,
(5)	Tirpad,	(16)	Kushire Khurd, (26)	Pimpari,
(6)	Nhaved,	(17)	Panchale budruk, (27)	Ambegaon
(7)	Asane,	(18)	Kushire Budruk, (28)	Jambhori,
(8)	Malin,	(19)	Digad, (29)	Kalambai,
(9)	Nanawade,	(20)	Panchale Khurd, (30)	Kondhawal,
(10)	Amade,	(21)	Mahelunge-tarf- (31)	Phulavade,
(11)	Warsawane,		Ambegaon, (32)	Phalode,

(41) Taleghar,	(49)	Gangapur Khurd,
(42) Mapoli,	, ,	Amondi
(43) Dimbhe Khurd,	(51)	Kanase,
(44) Pokhari,	(52)	Gangapur Budruk,
(45) Gohe Budruk,	(53)	Shinoli,
(46) Nigadale,	(54)	Pimpalgaon-tarf-Ghoda,
(47) Gohe Khurd,	(55)	Sal,
(48) Apati,	(56)	Dhakale
	42) Mapoli, 43) Dimbhe Khurd, 44) Pokhari, 45) Gohe Budruk, 46) Nigadale, 47) Gohe Khurd,	42) Mapoli, (50) 43) Dimbhe Khurd, (51) 44) Pokhari, (52) 45) Gohe Budruk, (53) 46) Nigadale, (54) 47) Gohe Khurd, (55)

(ii) The sixty-five villages in Junnar tahsil as mentioned below:

Jun	nar Tahsil
(1)	Chilhewa
(2)	Ambabar

(10) Alu,

(11) Khubi

(13) Karanjale,

(14) Mach,

(16) Kolwadi,

(18) Taleran,

(19) Sitewadi,

(20) Wathale,

(22) Anjanwale,

(21) Nimgir,

adi. (23) Hadsar, Ambehavhan, (24) Devale, Jambhulshi, (3) (25) Khaire, Khireshwar, (4) (26) Ghatghar, Mathalane, (5) (27) Jalwandi, (6) Kolhewadi, (28) Hirdi, (7) Kopare, (8) Mandave, (30) Rajpur, (9) Singanore,

(29) Undekhadak, (31) Khatkale, (32) Manikdoh, (33) Khad kumbe, (12) Pimpalgaon Joga, (34) Ursan, (35) Vevadi, (36) Tejpur, (15) Pangri-tarf-Madh, (37) Phangalghavan, (38) Ch avand, (17) Pargaon-tarfModh, (39) Pur, (40) Khangaon, (41) Mankeshwar, (42) Surale, (43) Amboli, (44) Shiroli-tarf-Kukadner, (45) Wanewadi, (46) Aptale, (47) Koli, (48) Shivali, (49) Utchil, (50) Botarde, (51) Dhalewadi-tarf-Minher, (52) Bhivade Budruk, (53) Ingaloon, (54) Bhivade Khurd, (55) Ghangaldare, (56) Sonavale, (57) Tambe, (58) Hivare-tarf-Minher, (59) Hatvij, (60) Ambe, (61) Pimparwadi,

(62) Sukalewdhe,

(64) Khamgaon,

(65) Somatwadi,

(63) Godre,

The following in Nanded District:-7.

(a) The one hundred fifty-two villages and town Kenwat in kinwat tahsil as mentioned below:-

Kinwat Tahsil

(1) Takli,	(8) Gondegaon,	(15) Digdi (Kutemar),
(2) Padsa,	(9) Madnapur (Mahore),	(16) Wai,
(3) Sayepal,	(10) Bondgavan,	(17) Hardap,
(4) Murli,	(11) Umra,	(18) Naikwadi,
(5) Wadsa,	(12) Machandra Pard,	(19) Hingani,
(6) Koli,	(13) Karalgaon,	(20) Wazra,
(7) Ashta,	(14) Sawarkhed,	(21) Tulshi,

(22)	Gondwadsa,	((()	Dimenslance (Circ J1 1 1)	(110)	Childali
(22)	Anjankhed,	(66)	Pimpalgaon (Sindkhed),	(110)	Chikhli,
(24)	Bhorad,	(67)	Dongargaon (Sindkhed),	(111)	Hudi (Chikhli),
	Chorad,	(68)	Jarur,	(112)	Endha,
(25) (26)	Dhanora (sindkhed),	(69)	Minki,	(113)	Bhulja,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(70)	Pachunda,	(114)	Darsangvi (Chikhli),
(27) (28)	Rampur, Pathri,	(71)	Wanola,	(115)	Malakwadi,
	Khambala,	(72)	Sakur,	(116)	Penda,
(29) (30)	Pardi,	(73)	Mendki,	(117)	Pardi Khurd,
(31)	Sindkhed,	(74)	Digdi (Mohanpur),	(118)	Karla,
` '		(75)	Dhanora (Digdi),	(119)	Degaon,
(32) (33)	Cinchkhed,	(76)	Mohapur,	(120)	Lingdhari,
	Hatola,	(77)	Mungshi,	(121)	Pardi Budruk,
(34)	Waifani,	(78)	Singdi (Kinwat),	(122)	Bodhadi Khurd,
(35)	Dhundra,	(79)	Malborgaon,	(123)	Bodhadi Budruk,
(36)	Gouri,	(80)	Nejpur,	(124)	Sindgi (Chikhli),
(37)	Both,	(81)	Rajgad,	(125)	Andbori (Chikhli),
(38)	Sailu, Karanji (Sindkhed),	(82)	Wadoli,	(126)	Kopara,
(39)		(83)	Anji,	(127)	Piperphodi,
(40)	Bhagwati,	(84)	Kanakwadi,	(128)	Patoda (Chikhli),
(41)	Wazra Budruk,	(85)	Loni,	(129)	Pipri,
(42)	Umri,	(86)	Dhamandhari,	(130)	Dhanora (Chikhli),
(43)	Unakdeo,	(87)	Pandhara,	(131)	Sawari,
(44)	Chais,	(88)	Bellori (Kinwat),	(132)	Thara,
(45)	Pimpalsenda,	(89)	Maregaon,	(133)	Poth Redy,
(46)	Sarkhani,	(90)	Kamthala,	(134)	Singarwadi,
(47)	Delhi,	(91)	Ambadi,	(135)	Anjegaon,
(48)	Nirala,	(92)	Kherda,	(136)	Bhandarwadi,
(49)	Noorgaon,	(93)	Malkapur,	(137)	Jaldhara (Chandrapur),
(50)	Titvi,	(94)	Ghoti,	(138)	Belori (Chikhli),
(51)	Lingi,	(95)	Sirmetti,	(139)	Malkolari,
(52)	Nagapur,	(96)	Bhimpur,	(140)	Digras,
(53)	Jununi,	(97)	Pipalgaon (Kinwar),	(141)	Dongargaon(Chikhli),
(54)	Digadwazra,	(98)	Ghogarwadi,	(142)	Shivoni (Chikhli),
(55)	Darsangvi (Sindkhed),	(99)	Gokunda,	(143)	Paroti,
(56)	Singoda,	(100)	Mandva,	(144)	Sawargaon,
(57)	Sirpur,	(101)	Digdi (Mangabodi)	(145)	Jaldhara (Islapur),
(58)	Tembhi,	(102)	Nagzari,	(146)	Kothari,
(59)	Patoda Budruk,	(103)	Kothari (Chikhli),	(147)	Hudi (Islapur),
(60)	Mandvi,	(104)	Pradhan Sangvi,	(148)	Karanji (Islapur),
(61)	Jawarla,	(105)	Bendi,	(149)	Kupti Khurd,
(62)	Palsi,	(106)	Amadi,	(150)	Kupti Budruk,
(63)	Belgaon,	(107)	Madnapur (Chikhli),	(151)	Wagdhari,
(64)	Kanki,	(108)	Shaniwar Peth,	(152)	Talari,
(65)	Kothari, (Sindkhed),	(109)	Dabhadi,		

8. The following in Amravati district:-

(a) The tahsils of Chikhaldara and Dharni

9. The following in Yavatmal district

(a) (i) The one hundred thirty villages in **Maregaon tahsil** as mentioned below

Maregaon Tahsil

Iviai	cgaon ransn				
(1)	Ghoguldara,	(36)	Wagdhara,	(72)	Darara,
(2)	Shionala,	(37)	Mendhani,	(73)	Asan,
(3)	Buranda,	(38)	Ghanpur,	(74)	Jaglon,
(4)	Phapal,	(39)	Hatwaniri,	(75)	Zamkola,
(5)	Kanhalgaon	(40)	Khapri,	(76)	Isapur,
(6)	Khepadwai,	(41)	Uchatdevi (Forest Village),	(77)	Kilona,
(7)	Ghodadhara,	(42)	Maregaon (Forest Village),	(78)	Umarghat,
(8)	Narsala,	(43)	Khandani,	(79)	Wallasa,
(9)	Dhamani,	(44)	Mhasdodka,	(80)	Junoni (Forest Village),
(10)	Madnapur,	(45)	Palgaon,	(81)	Lenchori,
(11)	Bori Khurd,	(46)	Botoni,	(82)	Chinchghar,
(12)	Pisgaon,	(47)	Girjapur (Forest Village),	(83)	Ambizari, Khurd,
(13)	Wadgaon,	(48)	Pachpohar,	(84)	Ambezari Badruk,
(14)	Phiski (Forest Village),	(49)	Ambezari,	(85)	Kargaon Khurd,
(15)	Bhalewadi,	(50)	Rohapat,	(86)	Nimbadevi,
(16)	Pathari,	(51)	Raipur,	(87)	Tembhi,
(17)	Chinchala,	(52)	Sagnapur,	(88)	Kundi,
(18)	Pan Harkawala,	(53)	Hiwara Barsa,	(89)	Mandiv,
(19)	Kharda (Forest Village),	(54)	Rampur	(90)	Junoni,
(20)	Pimprad (Forest Village),	(55)	Katli Borgaon,	(91)	Parambha,
(21)	Phaparwada,	(56)	Pardi,	(92)	Pokharni (Forest Village),
(22)	Salabhatti (Forest Village),	(57)	Shibla,	(93)	Piwardol,
(23)	Doldongargaon,	(58)	Chiali (Forest Village),	(94)	Bhorad, (Forest Village),
(24)	Machindra,	(59)	Boargaon (Forest Village),	(95)	Chikhaldoh,
(25)	Pandwihir,	(60)	Pendhari,	(96)	Mulgawaan,
(26)	Jalka,	(61)	Arjuni,	(97)	Bhimnala,
(27)	Pandhardevi (Forest	(62)	Kagaon,	(98)	Chatwan,
	Village),	(63)	Rajani,	(99)	Araiakwad,
(28)	Ambora (Forest Village),	(64)	Majara,	(100)	Gawara,
(29)	Chinchoni Botoni,	(65)	Gangapur (Forest Village),	(101)	Matharjun,
(30)	Awalgaon (Forest Village),	(66)	Bhoikund (Forest Village),	(102)	Mahadapur,
(31)	Kanhalagaon,	(67)	Wadhona,	(103)	Pandharwani,
(32)	Khairgaon,	(68)	Susari,	(104)	Demad Devi,
(33)	Sarati,	(69)	Surla,	(105)	Mandwa,
(34)	Buranda,	(70)	Godani,	(106)	Dongargaon (Forest
(35)	Durgada,	(71)	Nimani,		Village),

(107)	Dabhadi,	(116)	Chalbardi,	(125)	Ganeshpur,
(108)	Umari,	(117)	Jamani,	(126)	Pawnar (Forest Village),
(109)	Mudhati,	(118)	Shirola,	(127)	Krishnapur (Forest
(110)	Parsodi,	(119)	Adkoli,	` /	Village),
(111)	Kodpakhindi,	(120)	Khalakloh,	(128)	Khekadi (Forest Village),
(112)	Mangrul Khurd,	(121)	Birsapeth,	(129)	Shekapur,
(113)	Mangrul Badruk,	(122)	Muchi,	` ′	Yeoti.
(114)	Gopalpur,	(123)	Marki Budruk,	(130)	100ti.
(115)	Rampeth,	(124)	Marki Khurd,		

(ii) The forty-three villages in Ralegaon tahsil as mentioned below:-

Ralegaon Tahsil

(1)	Lohara,	(16)	Tejani,	(30)	Pardi (Forest Village),
(2)	Eklara,	(17)	Anji,	(31)	Umarvihir,
(3)	Sonerdi	(18)	Loni,	(32)	Adni,
(4)	Watkhed,	(19)	Borati (Forest Village),	(33)	Khatara,
(5)	Jalka,	(20)	Sarati,	(34)	Munzala,
(6)	Wama,	(21)	Khairgaon Kasar,	(35)	Palaskund,
(7)	Pimpari Durga,	(22)	Wardha,	(36)	Vihirgaon,
(8)	Mandawa,	(23)	Bhulgad,	(37)	Khairgaon,
(9)	Kolwan,	(24)	Pimpalshenda (75)	(38)	Deodhari,
(10)	Soit,	(25)	Atmurdi	(39)	Singaldip,
(11)	Varud,	(26)	Sawarkhed,	(40)	Sonurli,
(12)	Bukai,	(27)	Chondhi,	(41)	Shindola,
(13)	Zargad,	(28)	'	(42)	Zotingdara,
(14)	Khadki Sukli,	` '	Wadhoda,	` ′	
(15)	Dongargaon,	(29)	Khemkund,	(43)	Sakhi Khurd.
(13)	Dongargaon,				

(iii) The one hundred three villages in Kelapur tahsil as mentioned below and town Pandharkawada:-

Kelapur Tahsil (12)Kothada, (25) Chopan, (1) Mohdari, (13)Surdevi, (26)Malkapur (Forest Village), (2) Jogin Kohla, (14)Chanai, (27)Kgaon, Mira, (3) (15)Asoli, Vadner, (28)(4) Jira, (16)Mohada, (29)Zuli, Ghoddara (Forest (5) (17)Karegaon, (30)Bhad umari, Village), (18)Chikhaldara, (31) Patoda, (6) Sakhi Budruk, (19)Krishnapur, (32) Pahapal, Wadhona Khurd, (7) (20)Dabha, Nagazari Khurd, (33)(8) Zolapur (Forest Village), (21)Morwa, (34) Bahattar, (9) Karanii, (22)Khairgaon, (35)Susari, Wadhona Budruk (10)(23)Wagholi, (36) Naiksukali, (Forest Tiwsala (Forest Village), (11)(24)Kusal, Village),

(37)	Pedhari,	(58)	Wai,	(81)	Chalbardi,
(38)	Pilpali,	(59)	Pimpalapur,	(82)	Beluri,
(39)	Dongaragaon,	(60)	Ganespur,	(83)	Tadumari,
(40)	Both,	(61)	Khairgaon	(84)	Bargaon,
(41)	Malegaon Khurd (Forest	(62)	Pah,	(85)	Acoli Budruk,
	Village),	(63)	Niljai,	(86)	Mahandoli,
(42)	Hiwardari (Forest	(64)	Margaon,	(87)	Sakhara,
	Village),	(65)	Ambhora	(88)	Marathwakadi,
(43)	Malagaon Budruk (Forest	(66)	Dongargaon	(89)	Dhoki,
	Village),	(67)	Pimpari,	(90)	Ballarpur,
(44)	Daryapur,	(68)	Khairgaon,	(91)	Tokwanjari,
(45)	Pilwahari,	(69)	Muchi,	(92)	Wanjari,
(46)	Arli,	(70)	Mangurda,	(93)	Khairgaon Budruk,
(47)	Hiwari,	(71)	Pandharwani Budruk	(94)	Tembhi,
(48)	Pimpalshenda,		(Forest Village),	(95)	Radhapur (Forest Village),
(49)	Karagaon,	(72)	Kondhi,	(96)	Pikhana (Forest Village),
(50)	Wadwat,	(73)	Wedad,	(97)	Wasari,
(51)	Khairi,	(74)	Baggi,	(98)	Andharwadi,
(52)	Ghubadi,	(75)	Ghanmode,	(99)	Yellapur (Forest Village),
(53)	Konghara,	(76)	Nandgaon,	` ′	Chanakha,
(54)	Sakhara Budruk,	(77)	Ganeshpur (30)	(101)	Nimdheli,
(55)	Dharna,	(78)	Tatapur,	(102)	Rudha,
(56)	Mangi,	(79)	Zunzapur,	(103)	Sukli
(57)	Dhaki,	(80)	Gondwakadi,		

(iv) The fifty-five villages in Ghatanji tahsil as mentioned below :-

Ghatanji Tahsil

(1) Marweli,	(20)	Ayate,	(37)	Rasa (Forest Village),
(2) Rajurwadi,	(21)	Kap,	(38)	Zatala,
(3) Lingi,	(22)	Kavatha Budruk,	(39)	Chikhalwardha,
(4) Koli Khurd,	(23)	Bilayat,	(40)	Tad-Sawali,
(5) Koli Budruk,	(24)	Khadki,	(41)	Saifal,
(6) Rampur Undharni,	(25)	Chimta,	(42)	Nagezari Budruk,
(7) Kapshi,	(26)	Kopri Khurd,	(43)	Kawatha (Forest Village),
(8) Datodi,	(27)	Chincholi (268)	(44)	Parwa,
(9) Gudha,	(28)	Kindhi (Forest Village)	(45)	Majhada,
(10) Warud (240)	(29)	Gawara (Forest Village),	(46)	Pardi,
(11) Zaparwadi,	(30)	Titwi,	(47)	Jamb,
(12) Umri (242)	(31)	Muradgavhan (Forest	(48)	Kaleshwar,
(13) Palodi,		Village)	(49)	Sherad,
(14) Kopri (244)	(32)	Pimpal Khuti (Forest	(50)	Dhunki(Forest Village),
(15) Ghoti,		Village),	(51)	Mathani (Forest Village),
(16) Bodadi,	(33)	Kharoni (Forest Village),	(52)	Rajagaon (Forest Village),
(17) Mudhati (Forest Vil	lage), (34)	Wadhona,	(53)	Khapri (Forest Village),
(18) Jalandri,	(35)	Dorli,	(54)	Honegaon
(19) Manusdhari,	(36)	Rahati,	(55)	Ganeri

10. The following in Gadchiroli district:-

- (a) The tahsils of Ettapalli, Sironcha, Aheri, Dhanora, Kurkheda.
- (b) (i) The sixty-two villages in **Gadchiroli tahsil** as mentioned below:-

Gadchiroli Tahsil

Gau	cilifon failsii				
(1)	Nawgaon,	(22)	Mudza Tukum,	(43)	Gajanguda,
(2)	Chak Churchura,	(23)	Krupala,	(44)	Banoli,
(3)	Kurhadi,	(24)	Masli,	(45)	Suryadongri,
(4)	Chak Maushi,	(25)	Ranbhumi,	(46)	Salaitola,
(5)	Murmadi,	(26)	Chandala,	(47)	Bitantota,
(6)	Botheda,	(27)	Ranmul,	(48)	Potegaon,
(7)	Palandur,	(28)	Kumbhi Patch,	(49)	Rajoli,
(8)	Gilgaon,	(29)	Kumbhi Mokasa,	(50)	Madras,
(9)	Chak Kharpurdi,	(30)	Made Mul,	(51)	Jaller,
(10)	Japra,	(31)	Maroda,	(52)	Devapur,
(11)	Chak Dhibhana,	(32)	Kosamghat,	(53)	Ramgad
(12)	Marumbodi,	(33)	Raipur,	(54)	Gavalheti,
(13)	Kurkheda,	(34)	Rawanzora,	(55)	Deoda,
(14)	Khursa,	(35)	Pekinkasa,	(56)	Kharadguda,
(15)	Visapur,	(36)	Sawela,	(57)	Talguda,
(16)	Sonapur,	(37)	Suimara,	(58)	Jamgaon,
(17)	Mondha,	(38)	Sakhera,	(59)	Kadsi,
(18)	Sawrgaon,	(39)	Karkazara,	(60)	Korkuti,
(19)	Kanri,	(40)	Kanhalgaon,	(61)	Nagweli,
(20)	Pulkhal,	(41)	Keligatta,	(62)	Jalegaon.
(21)	Mudza Budruk,	(42)	Tohagaon,		

(ii) The seventy-four villages in Armori tahsil as mentioned below:-

Armori Tahsil

(1)	Koregaon	(17)	Mangewada,	(33)	Mohatala Chak Kukodi,
(2)	Kalamgaon,	(18)	Armori,	(34)	Mendha,
(3)	Kural,	(19)	Salmara,	(35)	Dongartamsi Patch,
(4)	Selda Tukum,	(20)	Thanegaon,	(36)	Nagarwadi,
(5)	Selda Lambe,	(21)	Patanwada,	(37)	Chak Naroti,
(6)	Kasari Tukum,	(22)	Puranawairagad,	(38)	Chak Kurandi
(7)	Kasarigaon,	(23)	Deulgaon,	(39)	Wadegaon,
(8)	Shivrajpur,	(24)	Sukala,	(40)	Thotebodi,
(9)	Potegaon,	(25)	Mohazari alias Sakharbodi,	(41)	Dellanwadi,
(10)	Vihirgaon,	(26)	Chak Kernada,	(42)	Manapur,
(11)	Pimpalgaon,	(27)	Lohara,	(43)	Kosari,
(12)	Arat-tondi,	(28)	Chak Sonpur,	(44)	Mangoda,
(13)	Dongargaon (Halbi),	(29)	Hirapur,	(45)	Tultuli,
(14)	Palasgaon,	(30)	Dongartamsi,	(46)	Chaknagarwahi,
(15)	Navargaon,	(31)	Shiani Khurd,	(47)	Vihirgaon,
(16)	Pathargota,	(32)	Chavhela,	(48)	Kurandi,

(49) Umari,	(58) Warkheda,	(67) Maregaon Patch,
(50) Yengada,	(59) Kharadi,	(68) Maregaon
(51) Pisewadadha,	(60) Bhansi,	(69) Chak Maregaon
(52) Paraswadi,	(61) Dorli,	(70) Chak Chicholi,
(53) Dawandi,	(62) Wanarchuwa,	(71) Mousi Khamb,
(54) Khadaki,	(63) Jambhali,	(72) Belgaon,
(55) Bhakarandi,	(64) Mendha,	(73) Chicholi,
(56) Naroti Malgujar,	(65) Narchuli,	(74) Wankheda
(57) Koregaon,	(66) Khairi,	

$(iii) \ \ The \ one \ hundred \ thirty-two \ villages \ in \ Chamorshi \ tahsil \ as \ mentioned \ below:$

Chamorshi Tahsil

Cna	morshi Tahsil				
(1)	Saganpur,	(34)	Fuser,	(67)	Chak Belgatta,
(2)	Bandhona,	(35)	Dhekani,	(68)	Manjigaon,
(3)	Gilgaon,	(36)	Chak Mudholi No.2,	(69)	Machhalighot,
(4)	Bhendi Kanhal,	(37)	Lakshamanpur,	(70)	Chak Makepalli No. 4,
(5)	Thatari,	(38)	Saganapur,	(71)	Darpanguda,
(6)	Chite Kanhar,	(39)	Amboli,	(72)	Chak Makepalli No. 2.
(7)	Kalamgaon,	(40)	Gahubodi,	(73)	Chak Makepalli No. 3,
(8)	Kurud,	(41)	Chak Narayanpur No. 1,	(74)	Garanji,
(9)	Maler,	(42)	Chak Narayanpur No. 2,	(75)	Chak Made Amgaon,
(10)	Kulegaon,	(43)	Rajur Budruk,	(76)	Chak Made Amgaon No. 1,
(11)	Nachangaon,	(44)	Bhadbid,	(77)	Chak Made Amgaon No. 2,
(12)	Bhadbhid,	(45)	Manger,	(78)	Tumdi,
(13)	Walsara,	(46)	Chichpally,	(79)	Regadi,
(14)	Chak Visapur,	(47)	Wanarchuwa,	(80)	Makepalli Malgujari,
(15)	· · ·	(48)	Jairampur,	(81)	Borghat,
(16)	Murmuri,	(49)	Waigaon,	(82)	Ashti Nokewada,
(17)	Rawanpalli,	(50)	Narayanpur,	(83)	Bramhanpeth,
(18)	Sonapur,	(51)	Rajur Khurd,	(84)	Venganur,
(19)	Darli,	(52)	Haladwahi,	(85)	Nokewada,
(20)	Rekhagaon,	(53)	Mudholi,	(86)	Allapalli,
(21)	Yedanur,	(54)	Kothari,	(87)	Rengewahi,
	Pailsanpeth,	(55)	Bamhani Deo,	(88)	Kolpalli
` ′	Pandhri Bhatal,	(56)	Somanpalli,	(89)	Ambela (Forest village),
(24)	Rajangatta,	(57)	Kanhalgaon,	(90)	Gatta (Forest Village),
(25)	Chak Amagaon No.1,	(58)	Singela,	(91)	Adgepalli,
` ′	Mutnur,	(59)	Belgatta,	(92)	Surgaon (Forest Village),
(27)	Abapur,	` ′	Pethtala,	(93)	Yellur,
(28)	≛ ′	(61)	Chak Pethtala No. 1,	(94)	Thakari,
, ,	Lenguda,	(62)	Pardideo,	(95)	Rajgatta,
(30)	Adyal,	(63)	Yadavpalli,	(96)	Lohara,
(31)	Karkapalli,	(64)	Rajpur,	(97)	Mukaritola,
(32)	Chak Karakapalli,	(65)	Jambhalirith,	(98)	Bholkhandi (Forest Village),
(33)	Jangamkurul,	(66)	Meteguda,	(99)	Hetalkasa,

	(100)	Bolepalli,	(111)	Mukadi (Forest Village),	(122)	Nagulwahi,
	(101)	Pulligudam,	(112)	Singanpalli,	(123)	Chintugunha,
	(102)	Kunghada,	(113)	Dhamanpur,	(124)	Tumugunda,
	(103)	Kunghada,	(114)	Kothari (930)	(125)	Machingatta,
	(104)	Kalapur,	(115)	Ambatpalli,	(126)	Yella,
	(105)	Gangapur,	(116)	Gomani,	(127)	Tikepalli,
	(106)	Chandankhedi	(117)	Lagamhetti,	(128)	Marpalli,
	(107)	Malera,	(118)	Damapur,	(129)	Jamgaon,
	(108)	Basarwada,	(119)	Bandukpalli,	(130)	Kultha,
	(109)	Chaprala,	(120)	Kodigaon,	(131)	Rampur,
	(110)	Chaidampatti,	(121)	Chichela,	(132)	Lagam Chak.
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${\bf 11.} \ \ {\bf The following in Chandrapur \, district:-}$

The one hundred eighty-two villages in ${\bf Rajura\ tahsil}$ as mentioned below :-

The second	•	4 1	•1
ка	jura	1a	nsii

Kaju	ira Tansii				
(1)	Parasoda,	(30)	Khairgaon,	(60)	Markagondi,
(2)	Raipur,	(31)	Hatloni	(61)	Belgaon,
(3)	Kothoda Khurd,	(32)	Yergoan,	(62)	Zulbardi,
(4)	Govindpur,	(33)	Umarzara,	(63)	Sawalhira,
(5)	Kothoda Budruk,	(34)	Yellapur,	(64)	Khiragaon,
(6)	Mehandi,	(35)	Singar Pathar,	(65)	Pandharwani,
(7)	Pardi,	(36)	Lambori,	(66)	Jambuldhara,
(8)	Jewra,	(37)	Shedwai,	(67)	Dhanak Devi,
(9)	Chanai Khurd,	(38)	Narpathar,	(68)	Yermi Isapur,
(10)	Akola,	(39)	Kodapur,	(69)	Sarangapur,
(11)	Korpana,	(40)	Gharpana,	(70)	Jiwati
(12)	Durgadi,	(41)	Nokewada,	(71)	Nagapur,
(13)	Rupapeth,	(42)	Gudsela,	(72)	Markalmotta,
(14)	Chanai Budruk,	(43)	Wani,	(73)	Dhonda Arguni,
(15)	Mandwa,	(44)	Kokazari,	(74)	Dhondha Mandwa,
(16)	Kanergaon Budruk,	(45)	Mohda,	(75)	Teka Arjuni,
(17)	Katlabodi,	(46)	Pudiyal Mohda,	(76)	Teka Mandwa,
(18)	Shivapur,	(47)	Kamalapur,	(77)	Rahpalli Budruk,
(19)	Chopan,	(48)	Chickhkhod,	(78)	Chikhili
(20)	Kerambodi,	(49)	Wansadi,	(79)	Patan,
(21)	Kukulbodi,	(50)	Paramba,	(80)	Hirapur,
(22)	Tippa,	(51)	Devghat,	(81)	Isapur,
(23)	Mangulhira,	(52)	Kusal,	(82)	Asan Khurd,
(24)	Khadki,	(53)	Dahegaon,	(83)	Asan Budruk,
(25)	Jamuldhara,	(54)	Sonurlo,	(84)	Pipalgaon,
(26)	Borgaon Budruk,	(55)	Kargaon Khurd,	(85)	Palezari,
(27)	Borgaon Khurd,	(56)	Dhanoli,	(86)	Borinavegaon,
(28)	Asapur,	(57)	Piparda,	(87)	Nanda,
(29)	Tangala,	(58)	Chincholi,	(88)	Bibi
		(59)	Kargaon Budruk,	(89)	Dhunki,

(90)	Dhamangaon,	(121)	Yergavan,	(152)	Winirgaon,
(91)	Kakhampur,	(122)	Kawadgondi,	(153)	Magi,
(92)	Wadgaon,	` /	Sorakasa,	(154)	Wangi,
(93)	Injapur,	(124)	Kusumbi,	(155)	Pandharpouni,
(94)	Chandur,	(125)	Jankapur,	(156)	Aheri,
(95)	Kukadsat,	(126)	Punaguda (Navegaon),	(157)	Kochi,
(96)	Khirdi,	(127)	Dewada,	(158)	Goraj,
(97)	Thutra,	(128)	Khadki Raipur,	(159)	Warur,
(98	Behlampur,	(129)	Govendpur,	(160)	Raniwcli,
(99)	Manoli Khurd,	(130)	Maraipatan,	(161)	Bhedoda,
(100)	Jamani,	(131)	Umarzara,	(162)	Tembhurwahi
(101)	Nokari Budruk,	(132)	Rahpalli Khurd,	(163)	Chirud,
(102)	Sonapur,	(133)	Dharamaram,	(164)	Chinchbodi,
(103)	Upparwai,	(134)	Bhoksapur,	(165)	Kawthala,
(104)	Bhurkunda Khurd,	(135)	Bambezari,	(166)	Sonurli,
(105)	Kaadki,	(136)	Bhari,	(167)	Sirsi,
(106)	Nokari Khurd,	(137)	Pandarwani,	(168)	Berdi,
(107)	Nagrala,	(138)	Sindolta,	(169)	Bhendala,
(108)	Palezari,	(139)	Sondo,	(170)	Kelzari,
(109)	Kakban,	(140)	Belgaon,	(171)	Navegaon
(110)	Dongargaon,	(141)	Kakadghat,	(172)	Chinchala,
	Chikhali,	(142)	Ganeri,	(173)	Wirur,
(112)	Bhurkhunda Budruk,	(143)	Khirdi,	(174)	Siddheshwar,
(113)	Pachgaon,	(144)	Sedwai,	(175)	Ghotta,
(114)	Sengaon,	(145)	Babapur,	(176)	Dongargaon,
(115)	Tatakohadi,	(146)	Hirapur,	(177)	Subai,
	Bhendvi,	(147)	Sakhari,	(178)	Kostala,
) ´	Sukadpalli,	(148)	Manoli Budruk,	(179)	Lakadkot
, ,	Markagondi,	(149)	Goyegaon,	(180)	Ambezari,
	Titvi,	(150)	Hardona Khurd,	(181)	Antargaon
` ′	Nadpa,	` ′	Hardona Budruk,	(182)	Annur

The Scheduled Areas in the State of Maharashtra were originally specified by the Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950 (C.O.9) dated 23.1.1950 and the Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950 (C.O. 26) dated 7.12.1950 and have been respecifed under the Scheduled Areas (Maharashtra) Order, 1985 (C.O. 123) dated 2.12.1985 after recinding the Orders cited earlier in so far as they related to the State of Maharashtra.

V. Orissa##

- 1. Mayurbhanj district
- 2. Sundargah district
- 3. Koraput district
- 4. Kuchinda tahsil in Sambalpur district
- 5. Keonjhar and Telkoi tahsils of keonjhar sub-division, and Champua and Barbil tahsils of Champua sub-division in Keonjhar district.

- 6. Khondmals tahsil of Khondmals sub-division, and Balliguda and G Udayagiri tahsils of Balliguda sub-division in Boudh-Khondmals district
- R. Udayagiri tahsil, and Guma and Rayagada Blocks of Parlakhemundi Tahsil of Parlakhemundi sub-division, and Surada tahsil, exlcluding Gazalbadi and Gocha Gram Panchayats of Ghumsur sub-division, in Ganjam district
- 8. Thuamul Rampur Block of Kalahandi Tahsil, and Lanjigarh Block, falling in Lanjigarh and Kalahandi tahsils, in Bhawanipatna sub-division in Kalahandi district.
- 9. Nilgiri Community Development Block of Nilgiri tahsil in Nilgiri Sub-division in Balasore district.

##The Scheduled Areas in the State of Orissa were originally specified by the Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950 (Constitution Order, 9) dated 23.1.1950 and the Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950, (Constitution Order, 26) dated 7.12.1950 and have been respecified as above by the Scheduled Areas (States of Bihar Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa) Order, 1977, (Constitution Order, 109) dated 31.12.1977 after rescinding the Orders cited earlier in so far as they related to the State of Orissa.

VI. Rajasthan\$

- 1. Banswara district
- 2. Dungarpur district
- 3. The following in Udaipur district:-
 - (a) Tahsils of Phalsia, Kherwara, Kotra, Sarada, Salumbar and Lasadia.
 - (b) The eighty one villages of Girwa tahsils as mentioned below:
- (i) Sisarma Devali, Baleecha, Sethji Ki Kundal, Rayta, Kodiyat and Peepliya villages of Sisarma panchayat,
- (ii) Bujra, Naya Gurha, Popalti and Naya Khera villages of Bujra Panchayat,
- (iii) Nai village of Nai Panchayat,
- (iv) Dodawali Kaliwas, Kar Nali Surna, Borawara Ka Khera, Madri, Bachhar and Keli villages of Dodawali Panchayat,
- (v) Bari Undri, Chhoti Undri, Peepalwas and Kumariya Kherwa villages of Bari Undri Panchayat,
- (vi) Alsigarh, Pai and Aar Villages of Alsigarh Panchayat,
- (vii) Padoona Amarpura and Jawala villges of Padoona Panchayat,
- (viii) Chanawada village of Chanawada panchayat,
- (ix) Saroo and Baran villages of Saroo Panchayat
- (x) Teeri, Borikuwa and Gojiya villages of Terri Panchayat.
- (xi) Jawar, Rawan, Dhawari Talai, Nayakhera, Kanpur and Udaiya Khera villages of Jawar Panchayat
- (xii) Barapal, Torana Talab and Kadiya Khet villages of Barapal Panchayat,
- (xiii) Kaya and Chandani Villages of Kaya Panchayat
- (xiv) Teetardi, Phanda, Biliya, Dakankotra, Dholiya Ki Pati and Saweena Khera villages of Teetardi Panchayat,
- (xv) Kanpur village of Kanpur Panchayat
- (xvi) Wali, Boodel, Lalpura, Parawal, Kheri and Jaspur vllages of Wali Panchayat.
- (xvii) Chansada, Damaron Ka Guda, Mamadeo, Jhamar Kotra, Sathpura Gujaran, Sathpura Meenan. Jali Ka Gurha, Kharwa, Manpura and Jodhipuriya villages of Chansada Panchayat.

- (xviii) Jagat village of Jagat Panchayat
- (xix) Dateesar, Runeeja, Basu and Rodda villages of Dateesar Panchayat,
- (xx) Lokarwas and Parola villages of Lokarwas Panchayat
- (xxi) Bhala Ka gurha, Karget, Bhesadha and Bichhri villages of Bhala Ka Gurha Panchayat.
- Pratapgarh tahsil in Chittaurgrah district.
- 5. Abu Road Block of Abu Road tahsil in Sirohi district.

VII. Jharkhand\$\$

	1.	Ranchi District	8.	Sarikela-Kharsawan District		Satbarwa Block
	2.	Lohardaga District	9.	Sahebganj District	14	Garhwa district- Bhandaria
	3.	Gumla District	10.	Dumka District		Block
	4.	Simdega District	11.	Pakur District	15.	Godda District-
	5.	Latehar District	12.	Jamtara District		Sunderpahari and Boarijor
	6.	East Singhbhum District	13.	Palamu District-Rabda and		Blocks.
	7.	West Singhbhum District		Bakoria Panchayats of		
ı						

States) Order, 1950 (Constitution Order, 9) dated 23.1.1950 and thereafter they had been respecified by the Scheduled Areas (States of Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa) Order, 1977 (Constitution Order, 109) dated 31.12.1977 after rescinding the Order cited first so far as that related to the State of Bihar. Consequent upon formation of new State of Jharkhand vide the Bihar Reorganisation Act, 2000, the Scheduled Areas which were specified in relation to the composite State of Bihar stood transferred to the newly formed State of Jharkhand. The Scheduled Areas of Jharkhand have been specified by the Scheduled Areas (States of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh) Order, 2003 (Constitution Order, 192) dated 20.2.2003 after rescinding the order dated 31.12.77 so far as that related to the State of Bihar. The Schedule Area of Jharkhand specified in the the Scheduled Areas (States of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh) Order, 2003 (Constitution Order, 192) have been rescinded vide the Scheduled Areas (States of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh) Order, 2003 (Constitution Order, 192) have been rescinded vide the Scheduled Areas (States of Jharkhand) Order, 2007 (C.O. 229) dated 11.04.07.

VIII. Madhya Pradesh^{\$\$\$}

- 1. Jhabua district
- 2. Mandla district
- 3. Dindori district
- 4. Barwani district
- 5. Sardarpur, Dhar, Kukshi, Dharampuri, Gandhwani and Manawar tahsils in Dhar district
- 6. Bhagwanpura, Segaon, Bhikangaon, Jhirniya, Khargone and Meheshwar tahsils in Khargone (West Nimar) district

^{\$} The Scheduled Areas in the State of Rajasthan were originally specified under the Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950 (C.O. 26) dated 7.12.1950 and have been respecifed vide the Scheduled Areas (State of Rajasthan) Order, 1981 (C.O. 114) dated 12.2.1981 after recinding the Order cited earlier in so far as it related to the State of Rajasthan.

- 7. Khalwa Tribal Development Block of Harsud tahsil and Khaknar Tribal Development Block of Khaknar tahsil in Khandwa (East Nimar) district
- 8. Sailana and Bajna tahsils in Ratlam district
- 9. Betul tahsil (excluding Betul Development Block) and Bhainsdehi and Shahpur tahsils in Betul district
- 10. Lakhanadone, Ghansaur and Kurai tahsils in Seoni district
- 11. Baihar tahsil in Balaghat district
- 12. Kesla Tribal Development Block of Itarsi tahsil in Hoshangabad district
- 13. Pushparajgarh, Anuppur, Jaithari, Kotma, Jaitpur, Sohagpur and Jaisinghnagar tahsils of Shahdol district
- 14. Pali Tribal Development Block in Pali tahsil of Umaria district
- 15. Kusmi Tribal Development Block in Kusmi tahsil of Sidhi district
- 16. Karahal Tribal Development Block in Karahal tahsil of Sheopur district
- 17. Tamia and Jamai tahsils, patwari circle Nos. 10 to 12 and 16 to 19, villages Siregaon Khurd and Kirwari in patwari circle no. 09, villages Mainawari and Gaulie Parasia of patwari circle No. 13 in Parasia tahsil, village Bamhani of Patwari circle No. 25 in Chhindwara tahsil, Harai Tribal Development Block and patwari circle Nos. 28 to 36,41,43,44 and 45B in Amarwara tahsil
 - Bichhua tahsil and patwari circle Nos. 05,08,09,10,11 and 14 in Saunsar tahsil, Patwari circle Nos. 01 to 11 and 13 to 26, and patwari circle no. 12 (excluding village Bhuli), village Nandpur of patwari circle No. 27, villages Nikanth and Dhawdikhapa of patwari circle no 28 in Pandurna tahsil of Chhindwara district.

IX. Chhattisgarh\$\$\$

- 1. Surguja district
- 2. Koria district
- 3. Bastar district
- 4. Dantewara district
- 5. Kanker district
- 6. Marwahi, Gorella-I, Gorella-2 Tribal Development Blocks and Kota Revenue Inspector Circle in Bilaspur district
- 7. Korba district
- 8. Jashpur district
- 9. Dharmjaigarh, Gharghoda, Tamnar, Lailunga and Kharsia Tribal Development Blocks in Raigarh district
- 10. Dondi Tribal Development Block in Durg district
- 11. Chauki, Manpur and Mohla Tribal Development Blocks in Rajnandgaon district
- 12. Gariaband, Mainpur and Chhura Tribal Development Blocks in Raipur district
- 13. Nagri (Sihawa) Tribal Development Block in Dhamtari district

\$\$\$ The Scheduled Areas in the State of Madhya Pradesh were originally specified by the Scheduled Areas

(Part A States), Order, 1950 (Constitution Order, 9) dated 23.1.1950 and the Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950. (Constitution Order 26) dated 7.12.1950 and had been respecified as above by the Scheduled Areas (States of Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa) Order, 1977, (Constitution

Order, 109) dated 31.12.1977 after rescinding the Orders citied earlier in so far as they related to the State of Madhya Pradesh. Consequent uon for the formation of new State of Chhattisgarh by the Madhya Pradesh Reorgnaisation Act, 2000 some Scheduled Areas stood transferred to the newly formed State of Chhattisgarh. Accordingly, the Scheduled Areas have been respecified by the Scheduled Areas (States of Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh) Order, 2003 (Constitution Order, 192) dated 20.2.2003 after rescinding the Order dated 31.12.77 so far as that related to the States of Madhya Pradesh.

CHAPTER 7

Programmes under Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Plan (SCA to TSP) and Article 275(I) of the Constitution

SCA to TSP

- 7.1 This is a major programme administered by the Ministry and under this grant is provided to the States Governments based on annual allocation made by the Planning Commission. This is treated as an additive to the State Plan, for areas where State Plan provisions are not normally forthcoming to bring about economic development to tribals. The programme was launched during 1974 and till the end of the IX Five year Plan, the SCA to TSP was meant for filling up critical gaps in the family-based income- generating activities of TSP.
- 7.2 From the Tenth Five Year Plan period, the objective and scope of SCA to TSP, has been expanded to cover the employment-cum-income generation activities and infrastructure incidental thereto. Besides family-based activities, other activities run by the Self-Help Groups (SHGs)/Community can also be taken up. The ultimate objective of extending SCA to TSP is to boost the demand-based income-generation programmes and thus raise the economic and social status of tribals. The revised guidelines for implementation by the States were issued in May, 2003, and this has been further modified in January 2008 indicating the following procedural changes:
- Focus to be made on (a) watershed based income generation programmes, (b) specific income generation activities like skill/technology training, storage, small scale trading inputs etc., (c) connectivity to markets, service delivery centres etc.;
- Every State to formulate and operate efficient

- monitoring of the programmes on their own, since Ministry cannot play such a large role in these;
- Ministry to do secondary level monitoring.
- 7.3 SCA is provided to the 22 Tribal Sub-Plan States and 2 Union Territories including the North Eastern States of Assam, Manipur, Sikkim and Tripura and two Union territories. However, since 2003-04 funds meant for UTs are being provided for in the budget of Ministry of Home Affairs and Ministry is not concerned the administration of funds in the UTs.

The SCA is released for economic development in the following areas and for the following population:-

- 1. ITDP/ITDA areas (192 Nos.), which are generally contiguous areas of the size of at least tehsil or block or more in which the ST population is 50% or more of the total population;
- 2. MADA pockets (259 Nos.), which are identified pockets having 50% or more ST population with a minimum population of 10,000;
- 3. Clusters (82 Nos.), which are identified pockets having 50% ST population with a minimum population of 5,000;
- 4. Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PTGs), characterized by a low rate of growth of population, pre-agricultural level of technology and extremely low level of literacy;
- 5. Dispersed tribal population those tribals who fall outside the categories at S. No. 1 to 4 above.

Funding Pattern

The Ministry provides 100% grant-in-aid to State Governments from the funds made available for the purpose annually by the Planning Commission.

Main features of guidelines laid down in May 2003 are as follows; these have to be read along with the procedural modifications prescribed in January 2008:

- 1. Support is given to the tribal population below the poverty line;
- 2. 70% of the SCA to be used for primary schemes supporting family/ Self Help Groups (SHGs)/community-based employment and income generation in sectors such as, Agriculture/ Horticulture, Land Reforms, Watershed Development, Animal Husbandry, Ecology & Environment, Development of Forests and Forest villages, Development of entrepreneurship in SSI, etc., and 30% for development of infrastructure incidental thereto;
- Priority to be accorded to the neglected tribals living in forest villages & synchronization of the programmes with Joint Forest Management (JFM);
- 4 Preparation of long-term area specific microplans for ITDAs/ITDPs;
- 5. 30% beneficiaries are to be women;
- 6. Adherence to the provisions of the Panchayats (Extension to Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996;
- 7. SCA has to be an integral part of the Annual Plan of the State:
- 10% of the overall outlay/ allocation in a year is earmarked for providing incentive to those States which qualify for the same by way of effective implementation of the TSP in letter and spirit;
- 9. Funds to be earmarked ITDP/ITDA-wise;

10. Monitoring and evaluation mechanism is ensured effectively.

Criteria for allocation of funds to the States

- (a) Of the total annual allocation under SCA to TSP, an amount of 10% is reserved for incentive grants and is released to selected States who fulfil the criteria indicated below:
 - Adoption of the TSP approach in letter and spirit by ensuring that the entire TSP funds at least in equal proportion to the population of tribals in the State, are placed in one Budget Head under the administrative control of the Tribal Development Department of the State Government for a more integrated and focused planning and implementation of projects/schemes;
 - Thereafter, at least on an average 75% of the approved Tribal Sub-Plan funds are actually utilized/ released to the implementing agencies in the preceding three financial years through the budget head of the Tribal Development Department of the State; and
 - Funds awarded, as incentive to the State, should be utilized only for employment and income generating activities benefiting the tribals;
 - The remaining 90% of the total annual outlay under SCA is then allocated amongst the States on the basis of the share of the programmes under the broad strategy of the Tribal Sub-Plan, namely, Integrated Tribal Development Projects (ITDPs), Modified Area Development Approach Pockets (MADA), Clusters and Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs) and is calculated in proportion to the Scheduled Tribe Population under each area/programme.

State-wise allocation of amount available for programmes under ITDPs, MADAs, Clusters and PTGs and Dispersed Tribals are made as under:

(a) Integrated Tribal Development Agencies (ITDAs)/ Integrated Tribal Development Projects (ITDPs): For allocation of SCA to ITDPs/ITDAs, the States are grouped into two categories:

Category 'A': Consisting of States with substantial areas predominantly inhabited by tribals such as Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Orissa, Rajasthan and Sikkim.

Category 'B': Consisting of States having a dispersed tribal population, with some areas of tribal concentration, such as Assam, Bihar, Goa, Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, West Bengal.

The total outlay of SCA for ITDPs is allocated to the above two category of States on the basis of tribal population of the States/ UTs included in each group.

The fund allocated to Category 'A' is then to be distributed to the States on the basis of the following criteria:

- > 70% on the basis of ST population in ITDP/ITDA area;
- ➤ 30% on the basis of geographical area of ITDP/ITDA.

The funds allocated to the Category 'B' States are then to be distributed to the States only on the basis of ST population in the ITDPs.

(b) MADA Pockets, Clusters and Dispersed Tribals:- 100% on the basis of ST population in MADA pockets, Clusters and Dispersed Tribals.

(c) Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PTGs):

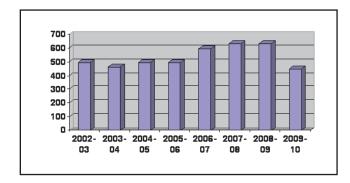
- The distribution formula is as follows: -
 - 70% of the amount on numerical size of the Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups;
 - 30% of the amount according to number of PTGs in the States/ UTs.
- **7.4** After calculating the entitlement for each of the State on the basis of the norms, the amount is calculated for MADAs, PTGs, STs in Clusters and Dispersed Tribal Groups (DTGs). SCA is to be separately earmarked by each State for implementing projects/ schemes for the benefits of MADAs, DTGs, STs in Clusters and PTGs in a focused and well targeted manner.
- 7.5 The rest of the SCA allocation of each of the State meant for ITDPs is earmarked by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs for each of the ITDPs of each State in equal proportion to the population of the STs in these respective ITDPs as a %age of the total ST population of the ITDPs in a particular State. Details of ITDPs, MADA Pockets, Clusters and PTGs in Tribal Sub-Plan area and States having Scheduled Area and Tribes Advisory Council are at Annexure 7-A.
- **7.6** The budgetary support for the year 2010-11 is Rs.960.50 crore, out of which Rs.60.50 crore is earmarked for the programme of development of forest villages, a programme meant for providing infrastructural development in identified forest villages for which funding is provided out of grant for SCA to TSP.

Achievement

7.7 Out of the allocated amount of Rs. 960.50 crore, Rs.743.65 crore was released to States as on 31.12.2010. A statement showing the State-wise releases made under SCA to TSP during 2008-09 to 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) is at **Annexure 7-B**.

Fig 7(i) Releases under SCA to TSP

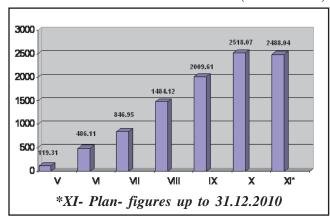
(Rs. in crore)



The trend of releases during various Plan period is indicated in Fig. 7(ii) below, which indicates sustained growth in support to State Governments over the years under the programme:

Fig 7(ii) Trend of releases during various Plan periods

(Rs. in crore)



Programme for Development of Forest Villages

7.8 Prior to Independence, habitations were set up in forest areas for secured availability of labour force for various forestry operations. Over the years, these habitations grew into villages. These villages are outside the Revenue Administration of the districts and have, therefore, missed the fruits of development. A process of conversion of these forest villages into revenue villages is underway. However, there are about 2,474 such identified forest villages in 12 States, which are

managed by State Forest Departments. Most of the inhabitants in these villages are tribals. The level of development in these villages is not at par with rest of the areas in the State. State-wise details available on forest villages are as under:-

Sl. No.	Name of the State	No. of forest villages		
1.	Assam	499		
2.	Chhattisgarh	425		
3.	Gujarat	199		
4.	Jharkhand	24		
5.	Meghalaya	23		
6.	Madhya Pradesh	893		
7.	Mizoram	85		
8.	Orissa	20		
9.	Tripura	62		
10.	Uttarakhnad	61		
11.	Uttar Pradesh	13		
12.	West Bengal	170		
	Total	2,474		

7.9 Development of forest villages having about 2.5 lakh tribal families was one of the thrust areas of tribal development during the 10th Five Year Plan. Accordingly, Planning Commission allocated Rs. 450.00 crore to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs in the 10th Five Year Plan for Development of Forest Villages at an average allocation of Rs. 15 lakh per village. The Ministry of Tribal Affairs started the programme for Development of Forest Villages as an extension of the Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Plan (SCA to TSP) and provision of Rs. 230.00 crore, Rs. 220.00 crore, Rs. 150.00 crore, Rs.150.00 crore, Rs. 100.00 crore and Rs. 60.50 crore respectively were made in the Budget of 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11 of the Ministry. Towards the end of Tenth Plan, a considered view was taken that the programme may be continued for a limited period during the XI Plan also, keeping in view the need for adequate developmental activities to be undertaken in these villages pending conversion into revenue villages. It was decided that an additional funding up to Rs. 15.00 lakh would be provided to all those forest villages that have availed the first phase funding during the X Plan. Proposals have accordingly been received from most of the villages from the State Governments for this and Rs. 267.55 crore has been released as on 31.12.2010 for the 2nd phase funding.

7.10 The development envisaged is in terms of providing basic minimum facilities and services like safe drinking water, health care, primary education, approach roads, drinking water, irrigation and other infrastructure facilities as well as income-generating activities. The National Afforestation and Eco-Development Board (NAEB), Ministry of Environment & Forests have issued detailed guidelines for formulation of projects.

Procedure for Approval of Projects

7.11 Project proposals received from the State Governments are scrutinized by the NAEB, Ministry of Environment & Forests and thereafter, forwarded to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs where these are considered for clearance by the Tripartite Project Appraisal Committee (PAC). This programme is implemented in close collaboration with the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Planning Commission and respective State Governments.

Release of funds

7.12 Proposals were received from all the 12 States having forest villages and funds released since the inception of the programme is indicated below. Only a little more funding is left to be done under the programme for which States are being pursued for progress reports/ UC etc. Rs. 15.00 crore was released

	Table 7.12 Fund	ls released to St	ates for the de	velopment of	forest village	S
						(Rs. in lakh)
Sl. No.	State	Amount released (2005-06)	Amount released (2006-07)	Amount released (2007-08)	Amount released (2008-09)	Amount released (2010-11)*
1.	Assam	4059.00	1817.42	0.00	4696.05	0.00
2.	Chhattisgarh	4359.00	4161.37	1034.00	0.00	1500.00
3.	Gujarat	1979.00	1434.38	593.62	0.00	0.00
4.	Jharkhand	129.71	173.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.	Meghalaya	0.00	390.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.	Madhya Pradesh	6190.65	10472.42	2829.00	6502.50	0.00
7.	Mizoram	202.50	1317.50	190.00	435.00	0.00
8.	Orissa	157.14	133.46	0.00	180.00	0.00
9.	Tripura	0.00	930.00	0.00	558.00	0.00
10	Uttarakhand	0.00	566.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
11	U.P	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.00	0.00
12	West Bengal	2104.00	699.00	0.00	2550.00	0.00
	Total	19181.00	22097.09	4646.62	14951.55	1500.00

^{*} As on 31-12-2010

Note: No fund was released during 2009-10

during 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010). Balance of fund is yet to be released awaiting satisfactory progress reports for earlier releases of funds by the State Governments.

Fund Flow Mechanism

7.13 After sanction of the project, funds are released by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs to respective State Governments for onward transfer to Forest Development Agencies (FDAs). In the field, FDAs implement the projects. Subsequent instalments are linked to satisfactory implementation of the work programme and submission of Utilization Certificate in the prescribed format by FDAs through State Governments.

Monitoring Mechanism

7.14 The State Governments are expected to frame their proposals and monitoring, evaluation and reporting mechanisms in accordance with the

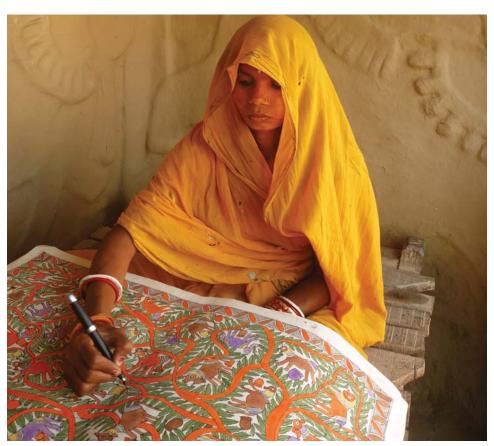
guidelines issued by the NAEB. The FDAs have to submit their progress reports to the NAEB through the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests to the NAEB, for onward transmission to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs.

Programmes under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India

7.15 Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India guarantees grant from the Consolidated fund of India each year for promoting the welfare of Scheduled Tribes and in pursuance of this Constitutional obligation, the Ministry of Tribal Affaires provides fund through the Special Area Programme "Grants under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India".

Objective

7.16 The objective of the Scheme is promotion of the welfare of Scheduled Tribes and up gradation of the levels of administration in Scheduled Areas.



A Tribal woman artist at work

Coverage

7.17 The programme covers all 22 Tribal Sub Plan States and 4 tribal majority States of the country (total 26 States).

Funding Pattern

7.18 Under this Special Area Programme, 100 percent grant is provided by the Ministry to meet the cost of such project for tribal development, undertaken by a State Government, for (1) raising the level of administration of Scheduled Areas, and (2) for welfare of the tribal people to bring them at par with the rest of the State. The grants are provided to the States on the basis of the percentage of ST population in the State. While the guidelines for release and utilization of grants under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India was last revised in the year 2002, this has been further modified in January 2008 indicating the following procedural changes for the XI Plan:

- Focus to be for generation of community welfare assets like schools, skilled teaching, nutritional support, drinking water, etc.;
- Innovative grants strictly meant for innovative schemes - in terms of final output/ outcome or methods of delivery;
- Every State to formulate and operate efficient monitoring of the programmes on their own, since Ministry cannot play such a large role in these;
- Ministry to do secondary level monitoring.

Main Features

Main features of guidelines laid down in 2002 are as follows; these have to be read along with the procedural modifications prescribed in January 2008:

(i) Prior to 2000-01, Grants under Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India used to be released as

- block grants to States. Since then, the fund is provided for taking up specific projects for creation and up gradation of critical infrastructure required to bring the tribal areas at par with the rest of the State;
- (ii) The States are to identify the areas/sectors critical to enhancement of the Human Development Index (HDI) and projects can be taken up for bridging gaps in critical infrastructure;
- (iii) People's participation in planning and implementation of schemes and projects has been envisaged in the guidelines. Due regard is to be given to the provisions of the States Panchayats Acts, and the PESA Act, 1996;
- (iv) Integrated and holistic approach for preparing micro plans for ITDP/ MADA/Cluster through multi-disciplinary teams is also envisaged;
- (v) At least 30% projects are to be targeted to benefit women;
- (vi) 2% of the grants may be used for project management, training, MIS, administrative expenses, monitoring and evaluation;
- (vii) Up to 10% of the allocation to the State can be used with prior approval of the Ministry for the maintenance of infrastructure;
- (viii) 10% of the total allocation of funds out of grants under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution is allocated as innovative grant. From among the 26 States for the TSP States only those States qualify who adopt the TSP approach, i.e. which have earmarked funds at least in proportion to the population of STs in the State, placed them in one budget head under Tribal Development / Welfare Department and spent minimum 75% of allocation under TSP during the last three years. In the case of 4 tribal majority States, utilization of 75% of the grants of Central sector schemes of the Ministry by a State qualifies it for consideration of innovative grants.

Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS)

- **7.19** With the objective of providing quality education to the tribal students, it was decided during 1997-98 to utilize a part of the grant under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India for setting up of 100 Model Residential Schools from Class VI to Class XII. Till the end of X plan100 schools were sanctioned to 22 States, of which 90 are reported to be functional.
- **7.20** The schools were required to be operated in each State through an autonomous society formed for this purpose. In order to provide a uniform pattern of education in those schools and enable their students to compete effectively for higher education programmes (medical, technical etc.). These schools are mainly affiliated to State Boards. These schools have been named as Eklavya Model Residential Schools and envisaged on the lines of Navodaya Vidyalayas but with state-centred management.
- **7.21** The guidelines for setting up of EMRS have been further revised in June 2010. It is expected that the ST students in the country would benefit substantially through the new effort for setting up of more EMRS. Following are the chief features:
- Objective of EMRS is to provide quality middle and higher secondary level education to Scheduled Tribe (ST) students in remote areas;
- States have to apportion funds out of their grant under Article 275 (1) Constitution of India to construct and run these EMRS sanctioned by the Ministry;
- Recurring and non-recurring costs for EMRS have increased substantially. The capital cost for the school complex, including hostels and staff quarters has been revised from Rs. 2.50 crore to Rs. 12.00 crore with a provision to go up to Rs.16.00 crore in hill areas deserts and island. Any escalation is to be met by State Government. Recurring Cost has been fixed at Rs. 42000/- per student per annum. This may be raised by 10% every second year to compensate for inflation etc.

- The State Governments may ask for new EMRS only after ensuring that all the existing EMRSs have been made functional;
- Ministry's support to the States for the EMRSs programme and its expansion will be subject to the States ensuring high quality of management;
- EMRSs may be affiliated either to the State or Central Boards of Secondary Education as deemed fit by the State Governments. Each State Government would be solely responsible for the management and effective functioning of the EMRS.
- **7.22** Based on the proposal received from the State Governments, 35 new EMRS have been sanctioned during 2010-11.

Allocation

7.23 During 2010-11, the Planning Commission have provided budgetary support of Rs. 1046.00 crore for Special Area Programme-Grant under Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs.

7.24 The annual allocation and releases made to State Government during the X Plan period and first four years of the XI plan are shown in Table below:

(Rs. In crore)

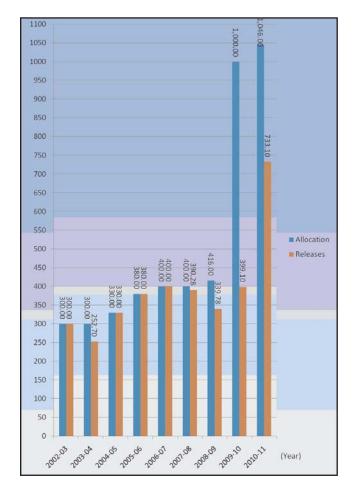
		(Rs. III Clore)
Year	Allocation	Grant-in-aid (released)
2002-03	300.00	300.00
2003-04	300.00	252.70
2004-05	330.00	330.00
2005-06	380.00	380.00
2006-07	400.00	400.00
2007-08	400.00	390.28
2008-09	416.00	339.78
2009-10	1000.00	399.10
2010-11*	1046.00	733.10

^{*}as on 31.12.2010

7.25 A statement showing the State-wise releases made as grants under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India during the years 2002-03 to 2010-11 is available at **Annexure: 7-C**.

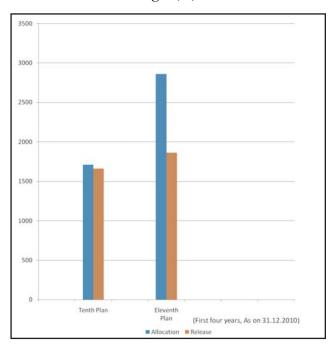
Amounts allocated and released to the States under Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India during 10th and first four years of 11th five year plan are shown in **Fig. 7(iii)** below:

Fig. 7 (iii)



Amounts allocated and released to the States under Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India during 10th and first four years of 11th five year plan are shown in **Fig. 7(iv)** below:

Fig. 7(iv)



7.26 The Ministry took the initiative to expedite the implementation of schemes / work taken up out of grant under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution. During the year, the Ministry took up the matter with States to implement schemes expeditiously and furnish Utilization Certificates and as a result, the unspent balance is reducing progressively. To further expedite the implementation and discourage any possible parking of funds, from the year 2007-08 funds are not being released to States having unspent balance from the earlier release.



ANNEXURE 7-A

INTEGRATED TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS/AGENCY (ITDPS/ITDA), MODIFIED AREA DEVELOPMENT APPROACH (MADA) POCKETS, CLUSTER AND PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS (PTGS) IN TRIBAL SUB PLAN AREAAND STATES HAVING SCHEDULED AREA AND TRIBES ADVISORY COUNCIL

S.No.	Names of the		Numl	per of	
	States/UT	ITDPs/ITDAs	MADA Pockets	Clusters	PTGs
1.	Andhra Pradesh #	8	41	17	12
2.	Assam	19	-	-	-
3.	Bihar	-	7	-	9**
4.	Chhattisgarh#	19	9	2	**
5.	Gujarat#	9	1	-	5
6.	Himachal Pradesh#	5	2	-	-
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-	-
8.	Jharkhand#	14	34	7	**
9.	Karnataka	5	-	-	2
10.	Kerala	7	-	-	5
11.	Madhya Pradesh#	31	30	6	7**
12.	Maharashtra#	16	44	24	3
13.	Manipur	5	-	-	1
14.	Orissa#	21	46	14	13
15.	Rajasthan#	5	44	11	1
16.	Sikkim	4	-	-	-
17.	Tamil Nadu \$	9	-	-	6
18.	Tripura *	-	-	-	1
19.	Uttar Pradesh	1	1	-	2**
20.	Uttarakhand	-	-	-	**
21.	West Bengal\$	12	-	1	3
	Union Territory				
22.	A & N Islands	1	-	-	5
23.	Daman & Diu	1	-	-	-
	Total	192	259	82	75

^{*} There are no ITDPs in Tripura. There are Tripura Tribal Autonomous District Councils (TTAADC). The provisions of Sixth Schedule were extended to Tripura w.e.f. 1985 by 49th Amendment of the Counstitution as informed by State Government of Tripura vide letter NO. F. 15-2/Part-I/TW/SP/2004/14648 dated 03.10.2006

^{**} The PTGs for Bihar and Jharkhand, MP & Chattisgarh and UP & Uttarakhand are common.

[#] States having Scheduled Areas and Tribes Advisory councils (TACs).

^{\$} States having only TACs.

ANNEXTURE 7-B

FUNDS RELEASED UNDER SCA TO TSP DURING 2005-06 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-10)

SI.							(K)	(Ks. in lakh)
	Name of		Fund Release	elease			201	2010-11
	State/U.T.	2005-06	2006-07	2007- 08	2008-09	2009-10	Allocation	Release As on (31/12/10)
	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6
	Andhra Pradesh	2751.14	3344.33	3712.99	4176.75	1930.00	5062.00	3256.00
	Assam	3066.59	3601.59	3220.27	3755.65	2883.00	4675.00	3500.00
3	Bihar	543.57	656.00	715.50	0.00	870.94	979.00	350.00
4	Chhattisgarh	4641.08	5477.04	5893.78	6829.20	6322.88	8189.00	8609.00
5	Goa	0.00	110.00	133.00	0.00	00.00	178.00	0.00
9	Gujarat	3963.52	4882.13	5419.14	4571.435	5635.53	7326.00	7326.00
7	Himachal Pradesh	825.90	1022.14	1133.43	1276.00	1179.40	1506.00	1306.00
	Jharkhand	5896.10	7041.25	7711.12	2198.25	00'0	9140.00	8592.04
6	J & K	901.28	1088.00	956.24	00.929	263.79	1622.00	0.00
10	Karnataka	1029.06	1242.00	1372.00	1544.00	1647.96	1853.00	1800.00
11	Kerala	274.03	318.13	352.36	396.25	366.10	502.00	440.00
12	Madhya Pradesh	8186.01	10126.02	9129.39	12644.25	8722.00	15214.00	14557.00
13	Maharashtra	3351.45	3888.00	4293.00	2500.00	895.91	00.9699	2400.00
14	Manipur	685.76	796.00	879.00	989.00	527.795	1187.00	594.00
15	Orissa	6516.82	7695.87	8543.41	10110.50	8885.55	11520.00	11520.00
16	Rajasthan	3490.91	4214.00	4654.00	5236.00	3400.00	7273.00	7272.41
17	Sikkim	109.49	135.52	280.36	315.00	291.38	328.00	164.00
18	Tamil Nadu	323.70	375.55	142.59	469.00	108.00	578.00	0000
19	Tripura	1045.03	1240.34	1318.28	1548.00	1431.29	1879.00	1879.00
8	Uttar Pradesh	33.63	00:00	425.36	644.25	00:00	149.00	0000
21	Uttarakhand	83.62	50.00	0.00	0.00	108.135	760.00	0.00
8	West Bengal	1982.31	2270.00	2894.59	3255.75	2654.34	3384.00	800:00
	Grand Total	49701.00	59573.91	63179.81	63135.29	48124.00	90000000	74365.45

ANNEXTURE 7-C

FUNDS RELEASED UNDER ARTICLE275(1)OF THE CONSTITUTION DURING X AND XI PLAN

									(Rs. In lakh)
State/UTs	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
									(As on 31.12.2010)
1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10
Andhra Pradesh	2160.30	1785.00	2300.46	3112.31	2830.31	2453.03	1863.44	1946.20	3363.00
Arunachal Pradesh	300:00	200.00	273.72	384.06	322.52	544.29	308.68	35.20	00:00
Assam	1024.40	668.87	1155.00	1381.41	1514.17	1192.63	1444.88	1240.77	00:00
Bihar	209:00	209.00	229.90	00:00	293.00	319.20	0.00	95.00	638.00
Chhattisgarh	05'689'70	2089.00	2858.56	3479.69	4131.86	3090.44	3211.43	2834.80	7286.00
Goa	000	0.00	0.00	00:00	62.00	68.45	7.00	00:00	00:00
Gujarat	2250.00	2280.00	2515.00	960999	3964.38	3652.68	2372.77	4783.00	8237.00
Himachal Pradesh	00'08	80.00	109.36	133.88	330.33	165.43	148.32	360.00	377.00
Jammu & Kashmir	318.00	367.00	398.70	361.29	427.00	286.61	193.66	282.74	00:00
Jharkhand	2808.00	2208.00	2428.80	400.00	3244.15	3060.27	1852.43	3730.00	3299.31
Karnataka	904.35	797.00	957.88	1519.35	1526.87	1458.05	1496.37	1823.00	3813.00
Kerala	288.00	158.00	161.56	00:0	497.19	101.52	159.42	387.00	405.00
Madhya Pradesh	4052.32	3821.58	5173.57	6420.27	6052.44	5973.00	6466.80	6435.00	14878.90
Maharashtra	2925.00	2672.00	2939.20	3459.20	2508.35	3610.310	2441.46	2000:00	4000.00
Manipur	424.55	230.00	253.00	000	411.00	311.96	324.44	352.50	531.00
Meghalaya	555.00	50.55	759.50	00:00	0.00	773.02	155.33	00:00	00:00
Mizoram	240.00	240.00	488.41	422.62	384.17	409.79	403.57	441.00	500.00
Nagaland	0.00	0.00	529.58	700.93	812.22	866.170	200:00	276.59	800.00
Orissa	3641.60	2830.00	4346.98	4445.48	4029.11	4176.84	4129.73	7026.00	9644.33
Rajasthan	2224.48	2070.00	2200.00	2240.48	3160.00	3168.91	3107.04	1500.00	7814.00
Sikkim	83.00	33.00	45.20	143.92	50.99	101.50	65.00	149.20	226.00
Tamil Nadu	210.00	250.00	287.40	619.57	477.62	0.00	291.31	342.00	358.00
Tripura	665.50	313.00	428.30	412.28	570.32	485.04	434.88	780.00	1092.00
Uttar Pradesh	27.00	27.00	36.82	0.00	0.00	499.12	391.28	350.00	1200.00
Uttarakhand	78.00	128.00	135.80	00:0	249.00	107.81	20.00	120.00	0.00
West Bengal	1543.00	1763.00	1987.30	2702.30	2151.00	2151.620	2489.09	2320.00	4848.00
Total	30000.00	25270.00	33000.00	38000.00	40000.00	39027.69	33978.41	39910.00	73310.54

CHAPTER 8

The National Scheduled Tribe Finance and Development Corporation

8.1 Organization: National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation (NSTFDC) was incorporated in April, 2001 as a Government company and granted license under section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956 (A company not for profit) to have an exclusive focus on the economic upliftment of Scheduled Tribes (STs). NSTFDC is a fully Government of India owned undertaking under the Ministry of Tribal Affairs.

8.2 Mission, Objective and functions:

- **a. Mission:** Economic development of Scheduled Tribes on sustainable basis.
- b. Objectives: NSTFDC is an Apex organisation for providing financial assistance for Income Generating Scheme for the economic development of Scheduled Tribes. The broad objectives of NSTFDC are as under:
- Identification of economic activities of importance to the Scheduled Tribes so as to generate self employment and raise their level of income.
- Upgradation of skills and processes used by the Scheduled Tribes by providing both institutional and on the job training;
- To make the existing State/ UT Scheduled Tribes
 Finance and Development Corporations and other
 developmental agencies engaged in the economic
 development of Scheduled Tribes, more effective.
- To assist SCAs in project formulation, implementation of NSTFDC assisted schemes and in imparting necessary training to their staff.
- To monitor the implementation of NSTFDC assisted schemes and to assess the impact and improve the implementation process through evaluation.

c. Functions:

- To provide concessional finance for viable income generating schemes/ projects through the Central/ State Channelizing agencies and other agencies for the economic development of eligible Scheduled Tribes.
- To provide support for capacity building of beneficiaries as well as officials of SCAs through Skill development and entrepreneurship orientation.
- **8.3 Share Capital:** The authorized share capital of the Corporation is Rs. 500 crore and paid up capital is Rs. 230.50 crore as on date.
- **8.4 Eligibility Criteria:** The following eligibility criteria have been prescribed for availing financial assistance from NSTFDC:

Individuals/ Self Help Groups/ Partnerships/ Other Forms of Association:

- All applicant(s)/ members should belong to the Scheduled Tribes community.
- Annual family income of the applicant should not exceed double the poverty line (DPL) income limit (presently Rs. 39,500/- p.a. for the rural areas and Rs. 54,500/- p.a. for the urban areas). [This is revised from time to time based on the norms revised by Planning Commission.]
- Co-operative Societies: Minimum 80% or more members should belong to Scheduled Tribes Community and annual family income of applicant should not exceed double the poverty line limit. In case of change in membership, the said Co-Operative Society shall ensure that percentage of ST members does not fall below 80% during the currency of loan.

- **8.5 Schemes:** The Corporation provides financial assistance in the form of term loan under income generating activities and marketing support assistance. The details of programmes of NSTFDC are as under:
- a. Income Generating Activities
- Term Loan under Income generating activities: NSTFDC provides Term Loan for viable schemes costing upto Rs. 10.00 lakhs per unit. Under the scheme, the financial assistance of NSTFDC is extended upto 90% cost of the scheme and the balance is met by way of subsidy/promoter's contribution/margin money.
- Adivasi Mahila Sashaktikaran Yojana (AMSY): This is an exclusive scheme for the economic development of Scheduled Tribe women beneficiary(ies). Under the scheme, NSTFDC provides Term Loan upto 90% for projects costing upto Rs. 50,000/- per unit. This financial assistance is extended at highly concessional interest rate of 4% chargeable from beneficiaries.
- Scheme for Self Help Groups (SHGs): It is a specific scheme for extending financial assistance

- for Self–Help Groups (SHGs) and financial assistance is extended for the scheme(s) having unit cost upto Rs. 25 lakh per SHG Under the scheme, financial assistance is extended upto 90% of the cost of the scheme subject to investment per member not exceeding Rs. 50,000/- per unit. Minimum promoter's contribution under the scheme is 10% of the cost of the unit.
- Micro Credit Scheme: In order to provide small loans to the eligible Scheduled Tribes, for undertaking Self Employment Ventures/ Activities, the Corporation introduced a "Micro Credit Scheme" for extending financial assistance to Self Help Groups (SHGs). Under the scheme, NSTFDC provides loan upto Rs.35,000/- per member and Rs. 5.00 Lakhs per SHG.
- b. Marketing Support Assistance: Under the scheme, financial assistance is provided for meeting Working Capital Requirement of the Agencies engaged in undertaking procurement and marketing of Minor forest produces and other related products of Scheduled Tribes.

c. Brief Lending Norms of financial programme of NSTFDC

Sl. No.	Type of Assistance	Unit cost upto	NSTFDC's share upto		Interest chargeable per annum, uptofrom			
				SCAs	Beneficiaries			
1.	Income generating activities -Term Loan (Except AMSY)	Rs.10.00 lakh	90% of unit cost	` .	6% 5.00 lakh per unit/ re as NSTFDC			
					8% . 5.00 lakh per unit/ re as NSTFDC			
2.	AMSY- Term loan	Rs. 50,000	90% of unit cost	2%	4%			
3.	Scheme for Self Help Group (SHGs)	Rs. 25 Lakhs	90% of unit cost		interest rate for term loan			
4.	Micro Credit Scheme		Rs. 35,000 per member and Rs.5.00 lakhs per SHG	3% (Chargeabl	6% e from SHGs)			
5.	Marketing Support Assistance – Term Loan		by SCAs/ other agencies erest is charged @ 7% p		rational			

- d. Financial assistance extended by NSTFDC by way of Grant: In order to create opportunities for Self employment/ employment, financial assistance in the form of grant is provided for skill and entrepreneurial development of eligible Scheduled Tribes.
- **8.6 Strategic Initiatives:** In order to improve and to simplify the implementation mechanism, NSTFDC has taken several initiatives. Some of the initiatives are as under:
- **a.** Inspection of units to identify the critical gaps and the best practices followed by SCAs.
- **b.** Providing Action Oriented feedback to SCAs
- **c.** Impact assessment by reputed organizations.
- **d.** Organizing Awareness camps, publicity etc. in tribal dominated areas.
- **e.** Incentive scheme for timely repayment of loans by SCAs.
- **f.** Cluster development activities taken up in some states.
- **g.** Requesting State Govt. for extending budgetary support for settlement of overdues.
- **h.** Tie-up with PSU Banks/ Regional Rural Banks for channelising of funds:
 - Agreements signed with 5 PSU Banks namely Syndicate Bank, Dena Bank, Vijaya Bank, UCO Bank and Union Bank of India.
 - Agreements also signed with Tripura Gramin Bank, Vananchal Gramin Bank (Jharkhand), Assam Gramin Vikas Bank, Dena Gujarat Gramin Bank and Baroda Gujarat Gramin Bank.
- i. NSTFDC, along with TRIFED, has signed a tripartite MoU with National Literacy Mission Authority, Directorate of Adult Education (DAE), Ministry of Human Resource Development. Under this arrangement, the STs trained by Jan Shikshan Sansthans of DAE become eligible for financial assistance from NSTFDC.

- **j.** A functional arrangement has also been arrived at with Office of the Development Commissioner, Handicrafts for generating awareness amongst STs and financing them.
- **k.** A MoU for implementation of Economic Empowerment Training Programme for Tribal Handloom Artisans in the State of Assam has been signed between ONGC and NSTFDC on 23.12.2010. Under the MoU, ONGC will provide funding of Rs. 21 Lakh under their Corporate Social Responsibility for Awareness generation, training and handholding of tribal beneficiaries during the currency of project.

8.7 Performance of the Corporation

- a. Sanctions: The NSTFDC has notionally allocated Rs. 152.00 crore for sanction of schemes. During the year, as on 31.12.2010, the Corporation has sanctioned 149 number of schemes under income generating activities having its share of Rs. 136.59 crore for economic upliftment of 99440 number of beneficiaries. The above includes, sanction of Rs. 4.16 crore for economic upliftment of 1306 women beneficiaries under AMSY and Rs. 4.63 crores for 1784 number of beneficiaries under Micro Credit Scheme.
- **b. Grant for Training:** During the year, as on 31.12.2010, the sanction of grant, for skill and entrepreneurship development programme of NSTFDC is Rs. 2.50 lakhs. In order to increase the level of operations, the SCAs have been requested to forward suitable proposals under training programme.
- **c. Recovery:** The cumulative recovery percentage is 81.59% as on 31.12.2010.

MoU for the year 2010-11: The Corporation signed MoU with Ministry of Tribal Affairs and targets/ parameters have been laid down for various activities. This is expected to improve the performance of the Corporation and thus benefit the targeted Scheduled Tribe beneficiaries. In accordance with the provisions of the MoU, the Ministry also reviews the progress of implementation of the targets/ parameters of MoU.

Shri Hari Mohan S/o Ram Lal Meena is a resident of Vill. Ajnoti Tehsil-Sawai Madhopur, Rajasthan. The beneficiary is having 3 dependents. His meager income through agricultural activities was not sufficient to meet the daily needs of the family. He was looking for opportunities to have additional income. He came to know about NSTFDC schemes through his friend and applied for loan at Sawai Madhopur District Office of Rajasthan SCs STs Finance and Development Co-operative Corporation. He purchased 5 buffaloes with the financial assistance of Rs.1 Lakh sanctioned to him under Dairy scheme.

The milk produced is sold in the local milk collection centre. His monthly average income is Rs.5000/- from the sale of milk. With the additional income from the milk, he is meeting needs of the famly. The beneficiary is regular in repayment of loan and is pround to be identified as a NSTFDC beneficiary.



Shri Prakash Parmar r/o Vill. Khedi, Distt. Jhabua, Madhya Pradesh after passing 10th standard could not pursue higher studies due to low family income. He had to work as helper to an electrician to supplement the family income. On coming to know about the schemes of NSTFDC, he decided to set up an Electrical Shop by availing Rs.1.00 lakh loan from NSTFDC. He got the loan and started the shop in the year 2008. Since then he has been able to generate net profit of Rs.5000-6000/- per month on a sustained basis from the unit. This incremental income has changed the living standard of Shri Prakash Parmar and his family in terms of improvement in food standards, education of dependents, health care and purchase of essential household requirements. He is repaying NSTFDC loan and is also thinking of expanding his unit.



CHAPTER 9

Programmes for Promotion of Education

Scheme for Construction of Hostels for ST Girls and Boys

- **9.1** The scheme for Construction of ST Girls' Hostels was started during the Third Plan period. A separate scheme for Construction of Hostels for Scheduled Tribe Boys was launched in 1989-90. Both schemes were merged into one scheme during the 10th Five Year Plan. The Scheme was revised with effect from the financial year 2008-09 (w.e.f. 01-04-2008).
- **9.2 Objective:** The objective of the scheme is to promote literacy among tribal students by providing hostel accommodation to such ST students who would otherwise have been unable to continue their education because of their poor economic condition, and the remote location of their villages.
- 9.3 Coverage: The scheme covers the entire ST population in the country and is not area-specific. However, the hostels under the scheme would be sanctioned as far as possible as a part of the established educational institutions or in the close vicinity of such institutions/ Vocational Training Centres.
- 9.4 Funding Pattern: This is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme on a cost sharing basis between the Centre and the States. The State Governments are eligible for 100% Central Share for construction of all Girls' Hostels and also for construction of Boys' Hostels in left wing extremism affected areas (identified by Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time). For the other Boys' Hostels, funding to State Government is on 50:50 basis. In case of UTs, the Central Government bears the entire cost of construction of both Boys' and Girls' Hostels. Hostels

for Vocational Training Centres for ST Girls and Boys can also be funded on the same criteria as other Hostels. Members of Parliament could also provide funds as a substitute for State share from their MPLAD scheme. The Central Universities would be eligible for 90% financial assistance while other universities would be eligible on the basis of 45% central share, 45% State share and the remaining 10% to be borne by the Universities concerned themselves. In case the State Governments concerned do not contribute their share of 45% to the Universities as prescribed above the share of the former will also have to be borne by the Universities concerned, thereby raising their contribution to 55%.

9.5 Salient Features:

- The scheme provides for the construction of new hostels and extension of existing hostel buildings for the middle, secondary, college and university levels of education;
- (ii) The State Government/UT provides the land for the building, free of cost;
- (iii) The scheme does not provide recurring expenditure for the running of the hostels;
- (iv) The maintenance of the hostels and the regulation of their use is done by the State Government/implementing agencies.
- **9.6 Allocation:** In the Tenth Five-Year Plan, the schemes of Boys' and Girls' Hostels were merged, with a total allocation of Rs. 134.24 crore. Against an allocation of Rs. 78.00 crore for 2010-11, expenditure incurred till 31st December, 2010 was Rs. 74.80 crore.
- **9.7 Performance:** During the year 2010-11,

Rs.74.80 crore have been released for STs Boys' and Girls' Hostels to Arunachal Pradesh, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Manipur, Orissa, Rajasthan and West Bengal. The details of grants-in-aid released and hostels sanctioned to various State Governments/ UT Administrations and Universities during the years 2008-09 to 2010-11 (till 31.12.2010) are at **ANNEXURE 9-A**.

Scheme for the Establishment of Ashram Schools in Tribal Sub-Plan Areas:

- **9.8** The scheme is operational in tribal sub plan States and UT Administration since 1990-91. The Scheme has been revised with effect from the financial year 2008-09 (w.e.f. 01-04-2008).
- **9.9 Objective:** The objective of the scheme is to promote and extend educational facilities to Scheduled Tribe students including PTGs. Ashram Schools provide education with residential facilities in an environment conducive to learning.
- **9.10** Coverage: The scheme covers all the Tribal Sub-plan areas of the country spread over 22 States and 2 Union Territories.
- 9.11 Funding Pattern: This is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme on a cost sharing basis between the Centre and the States. The State Governments are eligible for 100% Central Share for construction of all Girls' Ashram Schools and also for construction of Boys' Ashram Schools in left wing extremism affected areas (identified by Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time). For the other Boys' Ashram Schools funding to State Government is on 50:50 basis. In case of UTs, the Central Government bears the entire cost of construction of both Boys' and Girls' Ashram Schools. Members of Parliament could also provide funds as a substitute of State share from their MPLAD scheme.

9.12 Salient Features:

- (i) The scheme provides funds for the construction of school buildings from the primary to the senior secondary stage and also provides for the upgradation of the existing Ashram Schools for Scheduled Tribes Boys and Girls including PTGs;
- (ii) Under the scheme, besides school buildings, the construction of students' hostels and staff quarters are also undertaken. The State Government/UT provides the land for the Ashram Schools, free of cost;
- (iii) Financial assistance on 50:50 basis is also provided for other non-recurring items of expenditure like the purchase of furniture, equipment, sets of books for the school library, etc.;
- (iv) Only the capital cost is provided under the scheme.The recurring expenses are to be met by the State Governments;
- (v) The location of new schools and admission policy should be decided by State/UT.;
- (vi) The Ashram Schools shall be completed within a period of 2 years from the date of release of the central assistance. However for the extension of existing Ashram Schools period of construction is 12 months.
- **9.13** Allocation: A sum of Rs.78.30 crore was allocated for the Tenth Five Year Plan. For the year 2010-11, the allocation was Rs. 75.00 crore.
- **9.14 Performance:** Till 31st December, 2010, Rs.54.17 crore has been released to the State Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Kerala and Orissa. The details of grants released and Ashram Schools sanctioned during the years 2008-09 to 2010-11 (till 31.12.2010) are at **ANNEXURE 9-B.**

I	II	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	GRADUATE(3)	P.G.(2)	M.PHIL	PH.D(1&1/2
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)500/- it per				
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												14000/-]	per annu er annun	owance US m and UK 1+other al	Pounds
														RAJIV O NATION FELLOV	AL VSHIP
														@ Rs.12000 2 years Sen Fellowship	arch Fellowshi)/- per month fo ior Research @ Rs.14000/- for remainin

I II I	I IV	$V \mid V$	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	GRADUATE(3)	P.G.(2)	M. PHIL	PH.D(1&1/2)
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1000/ G	. 1 4								66:11				
100% Ce	entral A	.ssista	ance	to Sta	ites fo	r con	struc	tion of	Girls'				
Ashram S	Schools	as we	ell a	s Boys	s'Ashi	ram S	choo	l in on	ly TSP				
areas of t	he LWF	E affe	ected	d distr	icts id	lentif	ied by	y Min	istry of				
Home Af	fairs fro	om tin	ne to	o time	and al	ll othe	erAsh	ram S	chools				
for Boys	and TS	P stat	tes v	vill co	ntinu	e to b	e fun	ded or	n 50:50				
basis, 100	% to U	Ts for	cos	t of co	nstruc	tion o	fAsh	ram S	chools.				
50% Ce	ntral A	ssist	tanc	e for	non-	recu	rring	item	ns like				
equipme	nts, furn	iture,	, libı	rary bo	ooks								
				-									

CONSTRUCTION OF HOSTELS

100% Central Assistance to States for construction of Girls' hostels as well as Boys' hostel in only area of the LWE affected districts identified by Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time and all other hostels for Boys will continue to be funded on 50:50 basis, 100% to UTs for cost of construction of Hostels. 50% Central Assistance for non-recurring items like equipments, furniture, library books, 90% to Central Universities and 45% to other Universities for cost of construction of hostels.

* Figures in brackets indicate number of years

SCHEME OF POST-MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP, BOOK BANK AND UPGRADATION OF MERIT

The Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme (PMS):

- **9.15** The scheme has been in operation since 1944-45.
- **9.16 Objective:** The objective of the scheme is to provide financial assistance to the Scheduled Tribe students studying at post-matriculation or post-secondary levels to enable them to complete their education.

9.17 Scope: The scheme is open to all ST students whose parents' annual income is Rs.1.45 lakh or less, and the scholarships are awarded through the Government of the State/Union Territory where he/she is domiciled. The Commercial Pilot License Course (CPL) is also included in the Scheme of Post Matric Scholarship for ST students and 10 Scholarships are to be given to the eligible ST students per year. The selection of the 10 ST meritorious students for CPL course is to be made through written examination conducted by the Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA). Applications for CPL course are to be invited through advertisement.

9.18 Salient Features:

- (i) The students are provided different rates of scholarships depending on the course. The courses have been divided into four categories and the rates vary from Rs. 140/- per month to Rs. 740/- per month. Besides, the compulsory fees are also being reimbursed;
- (ii) There is provision for readers' allowance for visually handicapped students and escort and transport allowance for physically handicapped students;
- (iii) The scholarship covers the whole duration of the course and is paid on an annual basis and is subject to the satisfactory performance of the student and good conduct;
- (iv) The Commercial Pilot License Course (CPL) is covered under Group -I.
- 9.19 Funding Pattern: Under the Scheme the State Government and UT Administrations receive 100% assistance from the Ministry over and above the committed liability of the respective State Government and UT Administration. The committed liability is the actual expenditure incurred by the State Government under the scheme during the terminal year of the preceding Five Year Plan. The committed liability is borne by States/UTs. The North-Eastern States have, however, been exempted from making their own budgetary provisions towards committed liability from 1997-98 and the State Government of Sikkim has also exempted from 2007-08. The entire expenditure under the scheme in respect of these States is borne by the Ministry.
- **9.20 Performance:** In the Tenth Five Year Plan the two smaller schemes of Book Bank and Upgradation of Merit were merged with the PMS scheme and the allocation for the combined scheme was Rs.383.09 crore. For the year 2010-11, the allocation for the Post Matric Scholarships was Rs.556.03 crore including North Eastern component. Till 31st December, 2010, an amount

of Rs. 319.91 crore had been released to the various States/UTs from whom complete proposals were received. The State-wise coverage of beneficiaries and central assistance released during the years 2008-09 to 2010-11 (till 31.12.2010) is given at **ANNEXURE: 9-C.**

Book Bank

- **9.21 Objective:** Many ST students, selected in professional courses find it difficult to continue their education for want of books on their subjects, as these are often expensive. In order to reduce the dropout rate of ST students from professional institutes/ universities, funds are provided for purchase of books under this scheme.
- 9.22 Salient Features: The scheme is open to all ST students pursuing medical (including Indian Systems of Medicine & Homeopathy) engineering, agriculture, veterinary, polytechnic, law, chartered accountancy, business management, bio-science subjects, who are receiving Post-Matric Scholarships.
- The books, for the purposes of the Book Banks scheme are restricted to prescribed textbooks;
- (ii) One set of books is purchased for two students of all professional courses except in respect of post-graduate courses and chartered accountancy where one set is purchased for each student;
- (iii) The books making one set in each course is decided by an Expert Committee constituted by the State Government for each course;
- (iv) The life period of each set of books is fixed at 3 years;
- (v) The central assistance to States/ UT Administrations for setting up Book Banks is limited to the following ceiling or actual cost of the set, whichever is less:

Sl. No.	Course	Cost of one Set (One set for 2 students)
I	Degree Courses	
1	Medical	Rs. 7,500/-
2	Engineering	Rs. 7,500/-
3	Veterinary	Rs. 5,000/-
4	Agriculture	Rs. 4,500/-
5	Polytechnic	Rs. 2,400/-
п	Post Graduate Cours	ses
1	Medical,	Rs.5000/- (One
	Engineering	(set per student)
2	Business	
	Management	
3	Law	
4	Bio-Sciences	

The scheme provides Rs. 2000/- or the actual cost whichever is less for the purchase of steel almirah, transportation costs etc. The books are provided to the University/College concerned and are issued to the students for the academic year.

9.23 Funding Pattern: This is a centrally sponsored scheme and the expenses are shared between the Centre and State on 50:50 basis. However, in respect of UT Administrations cent per cent grants are given by the Ministry.

Upgradation of Merit

- **9.24** This scheme, which was operating as a separate scheme earlier, has in the Tenth five-year plan been merged into the scheme of Post-Matric scholarships. It has since been functioning only as a sub-scheme of the PMS. The Scheme was revised with effect from the financial year 2008-09.
- **9.25** The objective of the scheme is to upgrade the merit of Scheduled Tribe including PTG students in

classes IX to XII by providing them with facilities for all round development through education in residential schools so that they can compete with other students for admission to higher education courses and for senior administrative and technical occupations.

9.26 Salient Features:

- (i) The State Government/ UT Administration selects certain schools in different Districts/towns with hostel facilities which show excellence in performance of students from class IX to XII. The Ministry fixes the total number of awards for each State annually;
- (ii) Coaching starts from class IX in the identified schools and continues till the awardees complete class XII;
- (iii) Coaching is provided in languages, science, mathematics as well as special coaching for admission to professional courses like engineering and medicine;
- (iv) While selecting the ST students the aim is to include at least 30% girl students and 3% disabled students;
- (v) A revised package grant of Rs. 19,500/- per student per year is provided from 2008-09 which includes the honorarium to be paid to the Principal or Experts imparting coaching and also to meet incidental charges;
- (vi) Students with disabilities are provided additional grants;
- (vii) 100% financial assistance is provided to the States and UTs for implementation of the scheme.
- **9.27 Allocation:** In the Tenth Five-Year Plan the allocation for the combined scheme of PMS, etc was Rs. 383.09 crore. For the **year 2010-11**, there was an allocation of Rs. 2.00 crore for the Upgradation of Merit scheme.
- 9.28 Performance: Till 31s December, 2010, an

amount of Rs. 56.06 lakh has been released to State Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Sikkim and Tripura for 200 students. The State-wise coverage of beneficiaries and the amount released during the years 2008-09 to 2010-11 (till 31.12.2010) is at **ANNEXURE: 9-D.**

National Overseas Scholarship Scheme for Higher Studies Abroad (NOS):

- **9.29** The scheme has been in operation since 1954-55. This was a Non-Plan Scheme, which became a Plan scheme from 2007-08.
- **9.30 Objective:** The objective of the scheme is to provide financial assistance to selected ST students pursuing higher studies (Masters, Doctoral and Post-Doctoral level) in certain specified fields of Engineering, Technology and Science only.
- **9.31 Scope:** 13 Scheduled Tribe candidates and 2 candidates belonging to PTGs can be awarded the scholarship annually for pursuing Post Graduate, Doctoral and Post-Doctoral level courses. The scholarship is not awarded for pursuing Graduate courses.

9.32 Salient Features:

- (i) The scholarship is awarded to ST candidates (one member from each family) below 35 years of age on the date of advertisement, provided the total income of the candidate or his/her parents/ guardians does not exceed Rs. 25,000/- per month;
- (ii) For a Post Graduate course the candidate shall possess 1st Class with 60% marks or equivalent grade in the relevant Bachelor's degree with at least 2 years' work experience being desirable; for a M.Phil. or Ph.D course he/she shall have a 1st Class with 60% marks or equivalent grade in the relevant Master's degree with 2 years' research/ teaching/ work experience being

- desirable. For Post-Doctoral studies a candidate shall have 1st Class with 60% marks or equivalent grade in the relevant Master's degree and Ph.D. 5 years' teaching/ research/ professional experience in a relevant field is desirable;
- (iii) The candidates are required to arrange admission to a university/institute abroad on their own within 3 years from the date of communication of selection;
- (iv) The awardees are provided a maintenance allowance of US\$14,000 or £9000 per annum, which they may supplement up to US\$2400 or £1560 per annum, by undertaking research/teaching assistantship. In the event of earnings beyond this limit, the Indian Mission may reduce the maintenance allowance granted under the scheme correspondingly;
- (v) The awardees on return to India have to remain in India for at least 5 years.
- **9.33** Four annual 'Passage Grants' to Scheduled Tribe and PTG candidates are also available under this scheme. The passage grants are open throughout the year to such candidates who are in receipt of a merit scholarship for post-graduate studies, research or training abroad from a foreign university/ Government or under any other scheme, where the cost of passage is not provided. The scheme provides grants for to and fro passage from India and back by economy class.
- **9.34 Funding Pattern:** Grants are given to the selected candidates on 100 per cent basis directly by the Ministry through the Indian Mission.
- **9.35** Allocation: The allocation for the year 2010-11 is Rs. 1.00 crore.
- **9.36 Performance: 8** students have been provisionally selected for award for the NOS for 2009-10, 2 & 1 students have gone abroad on receipt of NOS in 2009-10 and 2010-11.

Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship (RGNF)

The Scheme has been launched from the year 2005-06.

9.37 Objective: The objective of the scheme is to provide fellowships in the form of financial assistance to students belonging to the Scheduled Tribes to pursue

higher studies such as M.Phil and Ph.D.

9.38 Coverage: This scheme covers all the Universities/Institutions recognized by the University Grants Commission (UGC) under section 2(f) of the UGC Act. The duration of fellowship is as under:-

Name of the Course	Maximum duration	Admissibility of JRF and SRF		
	JRF	JRF	SRF	
M. Phil	2 Years	2 Years	Nil	
Ph. D.	5 Years	2 Years	Remaining 3 years	
M. Phil. + Ph. D.	5 Years	2 Years	Remaining 3 years	

9.39 Funding Pattern: The rate of fellowship for Junior Research Fellow (JRF) and Senior Research Fellow (SRF) is at par with the UGC Fellowships as

amended from time to time. Presently these rates are as follows:

S.No.	Item	Amount
1.	Fellowship in Science Humanities and Social Science	@ Rs. 12000/- p.m. for initial two years (JRF) @Rs. 14000/- p.m. for remaining tenure (SRF)
2.	Fellowship in Engineering & Technology	@ Rs. 14000/- p.m. for initial two years (JRF) @Rs. 15000/- p.m. for remaining tenure (SRF)
2	Contingency for Humanities and Social Sciences	@ Rs. 10000/- p.a. for initial two years @ Rs. 20500/- p.a. for remaining tenure.
3	Contingency for Sciences, Engineering & Technology	@ Rs. 12000/- p.a. for initial two years @Rs. 25000/- p.a. for remaining tenure
4.	Departmental assistance (All Subjects)	@ Rs. 3000/- p.a. per student to the host institution for providing infrastructure.
5.	Escorts/Reader Assistance (All Subjects)	@ Rs. 2000/-p.m. in case of physically and visually handicapped candidates.
6.	House Rent Allowance (All Subjects)	As per rules of the UGC pattern.

9.40 Salient Features: -

- (i) Under the Scheme 667 fellowships will be provided to the ST students each year;
- (ii) The maximum duration of the fellowships is 5 years;
- (iii) Fellowships are provided to ST students to enable them to pursue higher studies such as M.Phil and Ph. D.;
- (iv) Implementation shall be by UGC on behalf of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs;

- (v) There will be no restrictions as regard to the minimum marks in the Post Graduation Examination or prior clearance of NET examination.
- **9.41** Allocation: A sum of Rs. 75.00 crore was allocated under the scheme during the year 2010-11. An amount of Rs. 60.68 crore had been released to the UGC till 31.12.2010.
- **9.42 Performance:** 10171 fellowships including new and continuing fellowships have been awarded under the RGNF scheme since its inception.

Scheme of Top Class Education for ST Students

Ministry of Tribal Affairs introduced a new scholarship scheme of Top Class Education for ST students from the year 2007-08.

- **9.43 Objective:** The objective of the scheme is to encourage meritorious ST students for pursuing studies at degree and post degree level in any of the selected list of institutes, in which the scholarship scheme would be operative.
- **9.44** Coverage: There are 125 institutes approved under the scheme in both the Government and private sectors covering the field of management, medicine, engineering, law and commercial courses. Each institute has been allocated five awards, with a ceiling of total 625 scholarships per year.

9.45 Salient Features:

- (i) The family income of the ST students from all the sources shall not exceed Rs. 2.00 lakh per annum;
- (ii) The ST students will be awarded scholarship covering full tuition fee and other non-refundable dues in respect of Government/Government-funded institutions. However, there will be a ceiling of Rs.2.00 lakh per annum per student for private sector institutions and Rs.3.72

- lakh per annum per student for the private sector flying clubs for Commercial Pilot Training;
- (iii) The scholarship also provides for (a) living expenses @ Rs. 2200/- per month per student subject to actuals, (b) books and stationery @ Rs. 3000/- per annum per student and (c) cost of a latest computer system along with its accessories limited to Rs. 45000/- as one time assistance during the course;
- (iv) The scheme will be funded by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs on 100% basis and the funds shall be released directly to the institution concerned.
- **9.46** Allocation: A sum of Rs. 2.50 crore has been allocated under the scheme during 2010-11. Against this, an expenditure of Rs. 2.44 crore had been incurred till 31.12.2010.
- **9.47 Performance: 165** students in 25 institutions have been awarded the Top Class Education fellowship till 31.12.2010.

Vocational Training in Tribal Areas (VTC):

- **9.48** This scheme was introduced in 1992-93; revised with effect from 1.4.2009 and is being implemented through the State Governments/UT Administrations, Institutions or Organizations set up by Government as autonomous bodies, educational and other institutions like local bodies and cooperative societies and Non-Governmental Organizations etc.
- **9.49 Objectives:** The main aim of this scheme is to upgrading the skills of the tribal youth in various traditional/ modern vocations depending upon their educational qualification, present economic trends and the market potential, which would enable them to gain suitable employment or enable them to become self employed.
- **9.50** Coverage: The scheme covers all the States

and Union Territories. The scheme is exclusively for benefit of the Scheduled Tribes as well as PTGs. As far as possible minimum 33% seats will be reserved from tribal girl candidates.

Each Vocational Training centre set up under the Scheme may cater to a maximum of five trades and will provide training to 100 or more trainees i.e. for one trade there should be at least 20 candidates. There is provision for monthly stipend and for raw material for the trainees. The funding under this scheme will be in two ways:

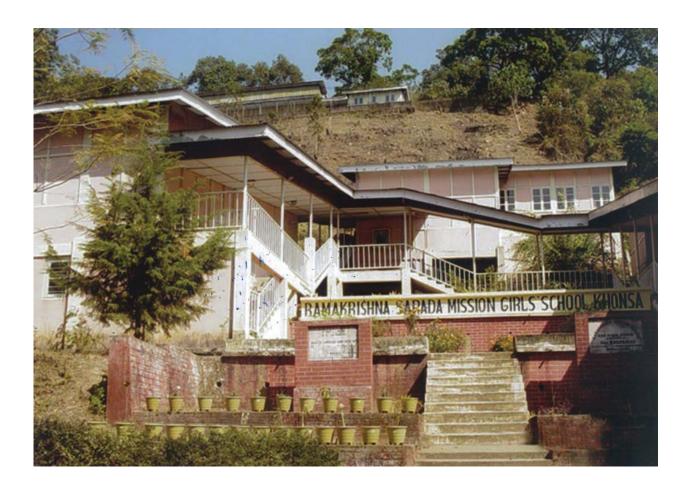
- (i) by setting up and running VTCs mainly in remote areas/rural areas deficient in facilities;
- ii) by supporting Vocational Training for ST as also PTG candidates in already existing institutions in townships/ districts, etc. like ITIs, polytechnics, computer training centres, and other private recognized institutions, subject to the maximum assistance of Rs.30,000/- per annum per ST trainee as per norms, in both cases.
- **9.51 Funding Pattern:** 100% grants under the scheme are provided to the States, Union Territories and other Associations implementing the Scheme.

9.52 Salient Features:

- a) The scheme will be implemented for the benefit of the Scheduled Tribes as well as PTGs and can be taken up anywhere in the country but priority will be given to remote tribal areas, areas inhabited by particularly vulnerable tribes and areas affected by extremist activities;
- Under the scheme, the training for trades including modern trades having employment potential in the region should be provided;
- c) This scheme is exclusively for the benefit of scheduled tribes as well as PTGs. The organization running VTC will admit the ST youth irrespective of the region/State to which they belong;

- d) It will be imperative on the part of the concerned organization (i.e. States/UTs/NGOs/other organizations) to assess the employment potential in a particular area in advance depending on the educational qualification of the target population, type of industries available in that region/State, present economic trend and market potential, etc. before proposing the trades;
- e) The organizations will establish linkages with recognized institutions which can provide a Certificate/Diploma to the candidates for the trades in which they have been trained;
- The institutions/organizations (State/UT run f) institutions as well as NGOs) who are already running project with the assistance from this Ministry, and also the new applicant institutions/ organizations should get/have recognition/ affiliation/ accreditation under "Modular Employable Skills (MES)" from Regional Directorate of Apprenticeship Training of the State/UT Governments or recognition/affiliation under "Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS)" from National Council of Vocational Training (NCVT) under Directorate General of Employment & Training (Ministry of Labour & Employment, Government of India), as applicable;
- g) The organization should establish linkages with placement services, and for the candidates interested in self employment after availing the training, the organization shall arrange easy micro finance/loans for them through financial institutions, National Scheduled Tribe Finance Development Corporation (NSTFDC), banks, etc. Preference will be given to those institutions which guarantee placement/employment after completion of training;
- h) As far as possible, minimum 33% seats will be reserved for tribal girl candidates;
- 100% grant-in-aid will be provided to the States/ UTs/State owned institutions/VOs/NGOs/other private organizations, eligible for assistance as specified in Para 2 of the Scheme;

- j) The grant-in-aid will be released to the State/UT Governments/State owned institutions in one installment in a year, and to the NGOs/private institutions in two installments as per General Financial Rules;
- k) The funding under this scheme will be in following two ways: (i) by setting up and running VTCs mainly in remote areas/rural areas deficient in facilities, (ii) by supporting vocational training for ST as also PTG candidates in already existing institutions in townships/districts, etc. like ITIs, Polytechnics, computer training centres, and other private recognized institutions subject to the maximum assistance of Rs.30,000/- per annum per ST trainee as per norms in **Appendix-I.**
- 9.53 Allocation: The allocation in the Tenth Five-Year Plan was Rs.67.12 crore (Rs. 33.56 crore for State Governments and the same amount for Non Governmental Organizations). The allocation for the year 2010-11 under this Scheme was Rs. 9.00 crore. (Rs. 6.00 crore for States and Rs.3.00 crore for NGOs)
- 9.54 Performance: The details of Grant released to State Governments and UT Administrations during 2008-09 to 2010-11 are furnished at ANNEXURE 9-E. The grants released to Non-Governmental Organizations for running Vocational Training Centers during 2008-09 to 2010-11 (till 31.12.2010) are at ANNEXURE 11-D under Chapter-11.



ANNEXURE 9-A

STATE-WISE/UNIVERSITY-WISE RELEASES OF FUNDS AND NUMBER OF HOSTELS SANCTIONED UNDER THE SCHEME OF HOSTELS FOR ST GIRLS AND BOYS FROM 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (31-12-2010).

								(Rs. in lakh)		
Sl. No.	Name of State/ `UT/University		2008	8-09		2009-1	0	(u)	2010- pto 31.12	
		Amt.	Hostel	Seat	Amt.	Hostel	Seat	Amt.	Host	Seat
1	Andhra Pradesh	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	75.09	6	121
3	Assam	601.39	9	750	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
4	Bihar	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	803.83	40	2050	830.83	Arrear	0	0.00	0	0
6	Goa	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
7	Gujarat	0.00	0	0	646.10	44	4400	1296.43	Arrear	0
8	Himachal Pradesh	200.00	2	131	236.04	Arrear	0	*180.47	1	88
9	Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
10	Jharkhand	128.69	11	600	259.17	Arrear	0	0.00	0	0
11	Karnataka	125.01	0	0	250.00	10	700	105.38	Arrear	0
12	Kerala	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	146.79	3	160
13	Madhya Pradesh	255.00	Arrear	0	1300.00	60	3000	0.00	0	0
14	Maharashtra	889.56	15	2375	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
15	Manipur	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	1372.54	19	899
16	Meghalaya	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
17	Mizoram	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
18	Nagaland	87.50	1	100	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
19	Orissa	87.60	30	1200	0.00	0	0	1000.00	65	6500
20	Rajasthan	1240.53	41	1850	1503.83	13	975	3123.87	62	3100
21	Sikkim	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
22	Tamil Nadu	0.00	0	0	200.00	8	400	0.00	0	0
23	Tripura	1380.90	11	650	664.00	12	1200	0.00	0	0
24	Uttar Pradesh	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
25	Uttrakhand	100.00	2	200	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
26	West Bengal	0.00	0	0	10.03	1	20	179.90	2	200
27	A. & N. Islands	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
28	Daman & Diu	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
29	D&N Haveli	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
30	University of Hyderabad	73.73	Arrear	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
31	Rajiv Gandhi Uni., Arunachal P.	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
32	JNU/IIT, Delhi	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
33	Delhi University	0.00	0	0	500.00	Arrear	0	0.00	0	0
34	Punjab University, Chandigarh	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
35	The Eng.& foreign Uni.(Shillong Campus), Hyderabad (A.P.)	526.27	2	420	0	0	0	0.00	0	0
	Total	6500.00	164	10326	6400.00	148	10695	7480.47	158	11068

^{*} Released to Himachal Pradesh University.

ANNEXURE 9-B

STATE-WISE RELEASES OF FUNDS AND NUMBER OFASHRAM SCHOOLS SANCTIONED UNDER THE SCHEME OF ESTABLISHMENT OF ASHRAM SCHOOLS IN TRIBAL SUB PLAN AREAS FROM 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (31-12-2010)

(Rs. in lakh)

	(AS. III IAKII)									
Sl. No.	NAME OF STATE/UT	2	2008-09		20	009-10		(up	2010-12 to 31.12	
		Amt.	School	Seat	Amt.	School	Seat	Amt.	School	Seat
1	Andhra Pradesh	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	500.00	13	1300
2	Assam	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
3	Bihar	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
4	Chhattisgarh	886.80	25	1250	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
5	Goa	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
6	Gujarat	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	1887.53	8	2400
7	Himachal Pradesh	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
8	Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
9	Jharkhand	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
10	Karnataka	153.13	Arrear	0	29.62	Arrears	0	0.00	0	0
11	Kerala	0.00	0	0	1236.04	Arrears	0	1025.02	3	770
12	Madhya Pradesh	0.00	0	0	1099.89	52	2600	0.00	0	0
13	Maharashtra	940.07	Arrear	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
14	Manipur	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
15	Orissa	1020.00	52	15600	1500.00	Arrears	0	2004.00	Arrear	0
16	Rajasthan	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
17	Sikkim	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
18	Tamil Nadu	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
19	Tripura	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
20	Uttar Pradesh	0.00	0	0	234.45	2	120	0.00	0	0
21	Uttrakhand	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
22	West Bengal	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
23	A.& N. Islands	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
24	Daman & Diu	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0	0
	Total	3000.00	77	16850	4100.00	54	2720	5416.54	24	4470

ANNEXURE 9-C

STATE-WISE RELEASES OF GRANT-IN-AID AND NUMBER OF BENEFICIARIES UNDER THE SCHEME OF POST MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP FOR ST STUDENTS FROM 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (31-12-2010).

						(Rs. in lakh)				
Sl. No.	NAME OF STATE/UT	2008-	09	2009-1	0		-11 (Up to 2.2010)			
		Amt.	Ben.	Amt.	Ant. Ben.	Amt.	Ant. Ben.			
1	Andhra Pradesh	1662.13	183974	2919.27	213620	2900.00	287862			
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0	0.00000	0	23.53	1			
3	Assam	1696.18	64952	2510.12	70149	2881.26	79744			
4	Bihar	170.00	4550	0.00	0	0	3365			
5	Chhattisgarh	160.28	72160	375.95	82995	188.00	93766			
6	Goa	18.96	595	54.26	654	27.00	1500			
7	Gujarat	387.36	122843	3046.63	134911	5116.09	142521			
8	Himachal Pradesh	10.00	2271	0.00	2368	113.00	2816			
9	Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	10077	0.00	10182	0.00	10190			
10	Jharkhand	1058.48	25163	1267.00	27712	1855.54	35756			
11	Karnataka	1053.97	69152	1863.63	76069	932.00	78978			
12	Kerala	298.03	9173	284.40	10636	457.08	12210			
13	Madhya Pradesh	1228.18	89223	3236.50	105369	2026.23	106728			
14	Maharashtra	2500.00	129384	1250.00	134875	6629.51	160552			
15	Manipur	1912.68	39123	2163.28	42381	2460.01	46619			
16	Meghalaya	1342.12	52985	1006.57	58283	516.00	64110			
17	Mizoram	1421.18	33758	1571.26	37873	1633.93	39770			
18	Nagaland	1467.27	35606	1866.77	39878	934.00	41888			
19	Orissa	461.75	48802	566.79	52706	1104.03	60476			
20	Rajasthan	4654.00	176194	1661.31	193813	800.00	189495			
21	Sikkim	25.13	1819	37.88	2001	56.41	2206			
22	Tamil Nadu	2.50	4241	72.34	4241	112.71	4580			
23	Tripura	433.19	14892	538.26	17828	380.40	16744			
24	Uttar Pradesh	0.00	8144	0.00	4990	0.00	0			
25	Uttrakhand	230.52	15127	188.98	16639	531.69	18002			
26	West Bengal	389.28	42524	603.80	33425	302.00	45998			
27	A.& N. Islands	3.00	441	0.00	559	9.15	658			
28	Daman & Diu	0.14	164	1.73	197	0.85	0			
	Total	22586.31	1257337	27086.73	1374354	31991.41	1546535			

ANNEXURE 9-D

STATE-WISE RELEASES OF GRANT-IN-AID AND NUMBER OF BENEFICIARIES UNDER THE SCHEME OF UPGRADATION OF MERIT FROM 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (31-12-2010)

	(Rs. in la								
Sl. No.	NAME OF STATE/UT	2008-09		2009-1	10		10-11 (upto .12.2010)		
		Amount	Bene.	Amount	Bene.	Amt	Bene.		
1	Andhra Pradesh	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	32.76	168		
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
3	Assam	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
4	Bihar	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
5	Chhattisgarh	0.00000	0	37.54000	280	17.06	Arrear		
6	Goa	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
7	Gujarat	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
8	Himachal Pradesh	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
9	Jammu & Kashmir	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
10	Jharkhand	3.05000	30	0.00000	0	0	0		
11	Karnataka	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
12	Kerala	0.78000	4	0.00000	0	0	0		
13	Madhya Pradesh	33.54000	172	0.00000	0	0	0		
14	Maharashtra	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
15	Manipur	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
16	Meghalaya	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
17	Mizoram	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
18	Nagaland	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
19	Orissa	17.94000	136	0.00000	0	0	0		
20	Rajasthan	2.87000	32	6.22000	36	0	0		
21	Sikkim	3.12000	16	3.12000	16	3.12	16		
22	Tamil Nadu	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
23	Tripura	3.12000	16	3.12000	16	3.12	16		
24	Uttar Pradesh	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
25	Uttrakhand	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
26	West Bengal	8.87560	72	0.00000	0	0	0		
27	A.& N. Islands	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
28	Daman & Diu	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
29	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	0.00000	0	0.00000	0	0	0		
	Total	73.29560	478	50.00000	348	56.06	200		

ANNEXURE 9-E

STATE-WISE RELEASES OF GRANT-IN-AID AND NUMBER OF BENEFICIARIES UNDER THE SCHEME OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING IN TRIBALAREAS FROM 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (31-12-2010)

(Rs. in lakh)

Sl.	NAME OF STATE/UT		2008-09			2009-10			0 0 0 0 150.00 10 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
No.								(1		2010)		
		Amt.	Centre	Bene.	Amt.	Centre	Bene.			Bene.		
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3	Assam	130.74	20	970	0	0	0	150.00	10	500		
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
5	Chhattisgarh	124.14	11	1100	0	0	0	0	0	0		
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7	Gujarat	140.93	13	1080	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
9	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
10	Jharkhand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
11	Karnataka	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
12	Kerala	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13	Madhya Pradesh	118.06	10	1000	0	0	0	260.00	10	1000		
14	Maharashtra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
16	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
17	Mizoram	57.08	5	500	0	0	0	152.88	5	550		
18	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19	Orissa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
20	Rajasthan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21	Sikkim	18.3	8	240	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22	Tamil Nadu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23	Tripura	108	8	400	0	0	0	0	0	0		
24	Uttar Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
25	Uttrakhand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
26	West Bengal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
27	A.& N. Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
28	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total	697.25	75	5290	0	0	0	562.88	25	2000		

CHAPTER 10

Tribal Cooperative Marketing Development Federation of India Ltd.

Tribal Co-operative Marketing Development Federation of India Ltd. (TRIFED):

- 10.1.1. The Tribal Cooperative Marketing Development Federation of India Limited (TRIFED) is a Multi-State Cooperative Society. It was set up in 1987 under the *Multi State Cooperative Societies Act*, 1984 (now the *Multi State Cooperative Societies Act*, 2002).
- 10.1.2. TRIFED is now functioning both as a service provider and market developer for tribal products. Further in the role as a capacity builder, it imparts training to ST Artisans and Minor Forest Produce (MFP) gatherers.
- 10.1.3. The authorized equity share capital of TRIFED is Rs. 300 crores. The paid up share capital of TRIFED as on 31.3.2010 was Rs. 100,53,70,000. TRIFED had 27 Members (share-holders) as on 31.3.2010. The Ministry of Tribal Affairs, which has invested in the equity share capital to the extent of Rs. 99.75 crore remains the single largest share-holder of TRIFED.

10.2. Central Sector Scheme: "Market Development of Tribal Products/ Produce":

- 10.2.1. This Ministry extends Grants-in-Aid to TRIFED under the Scheme "Market Development of Tribal Products" for undertaking the following four main activities:
- i) Retail Marketing Development Activity;

- ii) MFPMarketing DevelopmentActivity;
- iii) Vocational Training, Skill Up-gradation and Capacity Building of ST Artisans and MFP Gatherers;
- iv) Research & Development/Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Activity.

These activities have been arrived at by TRIFED under its new Road Map for the 11th Plan Period (2007-12).

10.2.2 The 11th Plan allocation for this scheme is Rs.69.59 crore. The Budget Allocation for 2010-11 was Rs. 12.00 crore. An amount of Rs. 6.00 crore has been released to TRIFED as 1st installment and 2nd installment for an amount of Rs. 6.00 crore has been sanctioned as grants to TRIFED under the Scheme.

10.3 Activities undertaken by TRIFED during 2010-11:

10.3.1 As reported by TRIFED, the following activities were undertaken by TRIFED during 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010):

10.3.2 Marketing Development of Tribal Handicrafts and value added products:

- TRIFED registered considerable growth in retail marketing of tribal products. It reached a level of Rs. 652.00 lakhs as compared to Rs. 523.00 lakhs during the corresponding period for the year 2009-10 making an increase of 20%;

- Besides, TRIFED facilitated sales by tribal artisans to the tune of Rs.69.00 lakh by providing them opportunities to market their products directly at different Events fairs and exhibitions organized by it;
- Presently, Tribes India is operating with 27 own outlets and 15 outlets on consignment sale basis in association with State level organizations engaged in promotion of handicrafts. During the current year, TRIFED has opened 4 new own sales outlets at following places:
- a) Holiday Home, Shimla, H.P.;
- b) GPO, in Mumbai, Maharastra.;
- c) Handicraft Plaza at MI Road in Jaipur, Rajasthan;
- d) Mrignayani Showroom at Indore, M.P.
 - The outlet established by TRIFED at Commonwealth Games Village received overwhelming response from the participants. The outlet was visited by players and dignitaries from different countries. During the games TRIFED has been able to market different items worth Rs.9.00 lakhs;
 - TRIFED organized one Aadishilp at Bhopal in partnership with Tribal Research Institute, Bhopal wherein tribal artisans from various States participated;
 - TRIFED has organized a painting exhibition at Hirji Hall of Jehangir Art Gallery, Fort Mumbai from 29.12.2010 to 4.1.2011 wherein paintings of various categories of empanelled artisans were displayed for sale;
 - TRIFED participated at Octave festival at Aurangabad which is organized by Ministry of Culture, through its Regional Cultural Centres wherein 25 tribal artisans displayed their art and craft:

- TRIFED held seven Tribal Artisan Mela at Rekong & Kelong (HP), Gangtok (Sikkim), Vansda & Vyara (Gujarat), Mandla (MP) and Dimapur (Nagaland) wherein 303 tribal artisans participated.

10.3.3 Market Development of Minor Forest Produce (MFP):

During the year under Report, TRIFED undertook the following major projects/activities in the MFP Sector:

Mahuwa Flower Development Activity: (a centrally located godown has been constructed at Bargaon, Sidhi district of Madhya Pradesh and the construction of another godown at Shahdol for the storage of Mahuwa Flower procured from 40 SHGs is in progress.

Lac Cultivation and Processing Activity: (Training of Trainers organized at Indian Institute of Natural Resin & Cum, Ranchi for 256 Master Trainers selected from Jharkhand (17), Orissa (186) and Madhya Pradesh (53) on scientific cultivation, processing and marketing of Lac. On Farm Training organized for 1423 beneficiaries in the States of Orissa (1233) & Jharkhand (190) and also Brood Lac, pesticides and tool kits were provided to them for cultivation of Lac.

Leaf Cups and Plates (Trained beneficiaries from Orissa and Jharkhand for making of Leaf Cups & Plates by using Sal and Siali leaves as a raw material and bio-mass fueled moulding machines.

Skill Up-gradation and capacity building of tribal artisans:

- a) Handicraft Training Intervention
- b) Institutional Tie-up with National Institute of Fashion Technology (NIFT) for Design, Product and Brand Development;
- c) Collaborative initiative with Jan Shikshan Sanstha (JSS), National Literacy Mission Authority (NLMA), Directorate of Adult Education, Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India.

10.3.4 Research & Development (R&D) Activity:

- (a) Fourth meeting of the Project Monitoring Committee was held on 24th November 2010 during which the progress of ongoing research projects on value addition in MFPs sponsored to various research institutions was reviewed:
- (b) Project on value addition of Mahuwa Flower namely "Development of nutraceutical drinks from Mahuwa Flower" was awarded jointly to IIT, Delhi and Jaypee Institute of Information Technology, Solan (HP). Both the research institutions have collected the raw material (Mahuwa Flower) and started the work on the project.

10.4. Central Sector Scheme: "Grants-in-Aid to State Tribal Development Cooperative Corporations etc. (STDCCs) for Minor Forest Produce (MFP) Operations":

10.4.1. The Scheduled Tribes, the majority of whom live in forest areas, depend on Minor Forest Produce (MFP) like tamarind, honey, sal leaves, tendu patta, mahua flowers, mahua seeds etc. for their livelihood. More MFP items are seasonal and are also perishable in nature.

10.4.2. Tribals collect MFP for their own consumption/ use as well as for sale. They sell their MFP stock at weekly bazaars held at nearby areas at a low cash price or for barter. Tribals, in general, are ignorant of the market value of these products elsewhere, lack direct contact with outside markets, have no collective bargaining power and lack holding capacity to deal with the seasonal and perishable goods. This led to exploitation of the poor tribals in some areas by some unscrupulous middlemen and traders, resulting in a raw deal to tribals for their MFP.

10.4.3. In order to help tribals, the State Governments nationalized selected major MFPs and also established State-level Government Organizations (like State Tribal Development Cooperative Corporations (STDCCs). Forest Development Corporations (FDCs), etc.) with the mandate to purchase MFP from tribals paying them remunerative prices for their MFP.

10.4.4 The Central Sector Scheme Grants-in-Aid to STDCCs etc. for MFP Operations was launched in 1992-93 to help these State-level organizations. Grants-in-Aid are extended to these organizations under this Scheme through their respective State Governments for:-

- (1) increasing the quantum of MFP handled by setting off operational losses, if need be;
- (2) strengthening the share capital base of the Corporation for undertaking MFP operations thereby increasing the quantum of MFP presently handled;
- (3) setting up of scientific warehousing facilities, wherever necessary;
- (4) establishing processing industries for value addition with the objective of ensuring maximum returns on the MFPs for the tribals;
- (5) giving consumption loans to the tribals; and
- (6) supplementing Research & Development (R&D) activities/ efforts.

10.4.5 The Budget Allocation form 2010-11 is Rs.15.00 crore. Till 31.12.2010 an amount of Rs.10.30 crore has been disbursed under the Scheme during this year (2010-11) to different States for the identified STDCCs.

10.4.6 The State-wise details of releases made so far during the 11th Plan period (2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11) (till 31.12.2010) under the scheme are given at **Annexure10-A.**

ANNEXURE 10-A

DETAILS OF GRANTS-IN-AID RELEASED TO STATES UNDER THE SCHEME 'GRANTS-IN-AID TO STDCCS FOR MFP OPERATIONS' DURING 2008-09, 2009-10 AND 2010-11

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(Rs. in lakhs)						
Sl.	State		11 th Plan					
No.		2008-09	2009-10	2010-11				
1.	Andhra Pradesh	250.00	158.00	108.00				
2.	Assam	46.00	65.00	-				
3.	Chhattisgarh	249.00	87.00	-				
4.	Gujarat	130.00	146.00	130.00				
5.	Himachal Pradesh	33.00	5.00	5.00				
6.	Kerala	-	7.00	8.00				
7.	Madhya Pradesh	372.00	-	262.00				
8.	Maharashtra	270.00	168.00	184.00				
9.	Meghalaya	-	39.00	42.00				
10.	Orissa	100.00	219.00	175.00				
11.	Tripura	150.00	20.00	21.00				
12.	West Bengal	-	86.00	95.00				
	TOTAL	1600.00	1000.00	1030.00				

CHAPTER 11 Programmes for Promotion of Voluntary

Action

Role of Voluntary Organization (VOs)/ Non Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Tribal Development

- 11.1 It has been recognized that the task of the development of Scheduled Tribes cannot be achieved by Government efforts only. The role of voluntary or non-governmental organizations, with their local roots and sense of service has become increasingly important. They supplement the efforts of the State in ensuring that the benefits reach to large number of populations. In certain cases, it is the voluntary organizations who are in better position to implement the schemes of the Government in a more efficient and objective manner than the Government itself. This is primarily attributable to the highly committed and dedicated human resources that are available to some voluntary organizations.
- 11.2 The role of Non-Governmental Organizations/ Voluntary Organizations has been recognized since the beginning of the 1st Five Year Plan. Many voluntary organizations have done a commendable job in the upliftment of tribals and are still continuing their efforts. However, in view of the mushrooming growth in the number of NGOs/VOs approaching the Ministry for financial assistance, efforts have been made to ensure that only genuine and committed organizations undertake developmental activities as partners of Government.
- 11.3 In order to ensure that the schemes implemented by NGOs are selected in a transparent manner with greater involvement of the State Governments/UT Administrations, the Ministry has evolved a decentralized procedure for receipt, identification, scrutiny and sanction of proposals of Non-Governmental

Organizations from the year 2005-06 and strengthened the system further by revision of relevant schemes during 2008-09. According to this procedure, all the State Governments/UT Administrations have constituted a "State Committee for Supporting Voluntary Efforts" chaired by the Principal Secretary/Secretary, Tribal/Social Development Department, with other official and non-official members including representatives of NGOs. This multi-disciplinary State level Committee examines new as well as ongoing proposals of NGOs and recommends only the most effective projects in service deficient tribal areas in order of priority.

Constitution and Role of State Level Committees

- a) Each State Government/UT Administration should have a multidisciplinary State Committee under the chairpersonship of Principal Secretary/ Secretary, State Tribal Welfare Department (State Social Welfare Department as the case may be) with following members:
 - (i) Secretary, State Rural Development Department, or his representative;
 - (ii) Secretary, State Agriculture Department, or his representative;
 - (iii) Secretary, State Health Department, or his representative;
 - (iv) Three Experts/ reputed NGOs working in the State to be nominated by the Chairperson;
 - (v) Commissioner /Director, Tribal Welfare Department: **Member Secretary** or Director, Tribal Research Institute.
- b) Meetings of the State Committee should be held

- once or at the most twice in each financial year.
- c) State Committees are responsible to examine the project proposals of VOs/NGOs in accordance with the procedure/guidelines as laid down by the Ministry from time to time and on the basis of inspection reports and performance reports furnished by the field functionaries.
- d) While examining the proposals, the State
 Committees take care of the following aspects:
 - the projects recommended are well run and rendering quality services in service deficient areas;
 - (ii) justification is given for continuation of ongoing projects after assessing the impact with supporting data;
 - (iii) likely period for which the project will continue or require funding;
 - (iv) educational projects are normally not recommended in the tribal areas where literacy levels are higher than the national average of general population. Similarly, projects like 10 or more bedded hospitals are not recommended for areas having good hospitals;
 - (v) The projects are prioritized for service deficient tribal areas;
 - (vi) Residential schools for girls must have female service staff, wardens and adequate security provisions;
 - (vii) Establishment of a linkage with Panchayati Raj Institutions, wherever possible for monitoring etc.
 - (viii) Every year, in view of the budgetary constraints, efforts are made to phase out such projects which are not well run; and also such on-going projects which have attained the level of self-sufficiency and are in a position to run their projects from their own resources.

- (ix) Preference should be given to such new projects which are already running and have established a record of rendering quality services in service deficient areas:
- (x) For new projects, a minimum benchmark data must be available or collected at the start of the project to objectively asses the impact.
- e) State Committees are also expected to satisfy themselves about the necessity of funding the project, keeping in view its performance by making inspection visits as per the requirements.
- 11.4 Established Voluntary Agencies (EVAs): An effort was also made by the Ministry to identify voluntary organizations/non-governmental organizations which have an all India character and are known for their selfless service and remarkable achievements in uplifting the deprived sections of society and place them in a separate category for sanction of their projects and relaxation of certain terms and conditions relating to the release of annual grants. The Ministry has accordingly categorized a few organizations as "Established Voluntary Agencies (EVAs)". These are as follows:
- 1. Ramakrishna Mission and its affiliated organizations.
- 2. Akhil Bharatiya Vanavasi Kalyan Ashram and its affiliated organizations.
- 3. Bharat Sevashram Sangha and its affiliated organizations.
- 4. Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh and its affiliated organizations.
- 5. Seva Bharati and its affiliated organizations.
- 6. Vidya Bharati and their affiliated organizations.
- 7. Swami Vivekananda Youth Movement, Karnataka.
- 8. Deen Dayal Shodh Sansthan, New Delhi.
- 9. Servants of India Society, Pune, Maharashtra.
- 10. Rastriya Seva Samiti, Andhra Pradesh.

- 11. Vivekananda Girijana Kalyan Kendra, Karnataka.
- 12. Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangh, New Delhi.
- 13. DAV Managing Committee, New Delhi.
- 14. Vinoba Niketan, Kerala.

Schemes in the Voluntary Sector

- **11.5** There are four ongoing schemes of the Ministry, which are open to the participation of voluntary/nongovernmental organizations. These schemes are:
- Grant-in-aid to Voluntary Organizations working for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes including Coaching for Scheduled Tribes and Award of Special Incentive for Improvement of Infrastructure.
- 2. Strengthening Education among ST girls in Low Literacy Districts (erstwhile scheme of Educational Complex in Low Literacy Pockets for Development of Women's Literacy in Tribal Areas).
- 3. Vocational Training in Tribal Areas.
- 4. Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Scheme of Development of Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs)- (NGO component)

Scheme of Grant-in-aid to Voluntary Organizations working for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes including Coaching for Scheduled Tribes and Award of special incentive for improvement of infrastructure

11.6 The scheme was launched in 1953-54 and is continuing. In the Tenth Five Year Plan this scheme was merged with the Coaching and Special Incentive to NGOs for improvement in infrastructure under the umbrella scheme of Grants-in-aid to Voluntary Organizations. This scheme is not gender-specific and

is open for ST males and females equally. The scheme has been revised in 2008-09 including the financial norms. Revised scheme became effective from 1st April 2008. Revised scheme guidelines along with revised application forms etc., is available on Ministry's website www.tribal.nic.in

11.7 Objective: The prime objective of the scheme is to enhance the reach of welfare schemes of Government and fill the gaps in service deficient tribal areas, in the sectors such as education, health, drinking water, agro-horticultural productivity, social security net etc. through the efforts of voluntary organizations, and to provide an environment for socio-economic upliftment and overall development of the Scheduled Tribes (STs). Any other innovative activity having direct impact on the socio-economic development or livelihood generation of STs may also be considered through voluntary efforts.

11.8 Procedure and Funding: The scheme is a Central Sector Scheme. The grants are provided to the eligible non-governmental organizations/ autonomous societies for the categories of projects prescribed in the revised scheme on an application (in revised prescribed format) duly recommended by the multi-disciplinary State Level Committee of the concerned State Government/UT Administration. Application and essential documents are required to be submitted as per time-schedule prescribed in the revised scheme. Funds are generally provided to the extent of 90% by the Government. The Voluntary Organization is expected to bear the remaining 10% as contribution from its own resources. However, the extent of assistance under the scheme is 100% for those projects being implemented in the Scheduled Areas. The grants to a VO/NGO for a particular category of project are limited to the financial norms prescribed for that category of project by the Government and revised from time to time. The grants are sanctioned as per the procedure laid down under Rule 209 of General Financial Rules, 2005 as amended from time to time. The grants are released according to terms and conditions attached with revised scheme.

11.9 The NGOs are required to maintain separate accounts in respect of the grants released to them, which are open for inspections by all appropriate officers/agencies of the Government. The NGO is also required to get its account of grants-in-aid audited annually by a Chartered Accountant, and submit a complete set of copies of the audited statement of accounts along with Utilization Certificate of previous grants in a format prescribed under GFR 19-A.

11.10 The grants are normally released in two instalments every year subject to the satisfactory performance of the NGO based on annual inspection conducted by the District Collector or authorized officers, and the recommendations of the State Committee. The inspection report should be submitted annually in prescribed format and should be duly countersigned by District Collector with date.

11.11 Monitoring of the activities of the NGOs is carried out as per provisions of the financial rules, besides inspection by officials of the Ministry or State Governments/UTs. Besides, the Ministry has initiated efforts to obtain independent monitoring reports through identified professional agencies.

11.12 Performance of the Scheme: The tentative allocation for the scheme in the 11th Plan is Rs.300.00 crore. Against this, the annual allocation and expenditure incurred by the Ministry under the scheme during 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) are given in Table 11.1 along with details of allocations and expenditure in last two years:

Table 11.1: Allocation and release of funds during 2010-11 and last two years (Rs. in crore) Expenditure* Year **Budget** Allocation* 2008-09 40.00 43.50** 43.11 2009-10 53.25 49.75** 49.75 60.00** 2010-11 (upto 55.00 32.74 31.12.2010)

- * The amount is inclusive of Grant-in-aid to NGOs as Special Incentive for Improvement of Infrastructure and also for Coaching for Scheduled Tribes.
- ** Includes funds from NE Pool.

11.13 Many categories of projects have been prescribed under the revised scheme which may be considered for grant. Among them, the following categories of projects are more popular:

- 1. Residential Schools
- 2. Non-Residential Schools
- 3. Hostels
- 4. Mobile Dispensaries
- 5. Ten Bedded Hospitals
- 6. Computer Training Centre

Popular Projects

Residential Schools

11.14 Residential School is a popular category of project, which aims at extending educational facilities to poor tribal children, who are unable to get good education due to the absence of a school in their neighbourhood and due to the unaffordable cost of living and education outside. The Residential Schools are established by voluntary agencies at a place, village or town, which is not having a school and also not well connected. In the Residential School, the students are provided free boarding and lodging facilities. The cost of uniforms, books, stationery, medical assistance and other incidental charges are also met from the scheme. The teachers and other employees like the warden, accountant, attending doctor and other supporting staff are also paid an honorarium from the grant-in-aid. The organizations implementing the Residential School project can run it in a building either owned by them or in a hired building with adequate number of rooms and toilet/bathroom facilities. The maintenance charges or rent of the building are paid from grant-in-aid. A large number of ST boys and girls are being benefited by the projects.



Gurukala Ashrama, Khonsa, Arunachal Pradesh

11.15 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, 84 Residential Schools in 20 States benefiting 9277 ST students have been funded.



Residential School, Dr. Ambedkar Education Society (R) at Nalkudure Gomala, Nalkudure (P), Channagri Tq., Davangere (Dist), Karnataka.

Non-Residential Schools

11.16 This is also one of the more popular and successful category of projects. Free education and mid-day meals are provided to children in the school. The cost of uniforms, books, stationery, medical assistance and other incidental charges are also met from the scheme. The teachers and other employees like the accountant, attending doctor and other supporting staff are also paid an honorarium from the grant-in-aid. The organizations implementing the Non-Residential School project can run it in a building either owned by them or in a hired building with

adequate number of rooms and toilet facilities. Both ST boys and girls are being benefited by these projects.

11.17 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, 78 numbers of Non-Residential Schools in 9 States benefiting 10646 ST students have been funded.

Hostels

11.18 This project aims at providing hostel facilities to such tribal students who have completed their primary or middle education from schools near their villages but cannot pursue further education due to non-availability of colleges near the village and the high cost involved in accommodation in cities. The hostels are run in towns and cities where good educational facilities are available.



Residential School for PTG and Tribal Boys at village Davanki, Block Potka, Distt. East Singhbhum, Jharkhand

11.19 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, 49 numbers of hostels in 13 States benefiting 4676 ST students have been funded.



Hostel for Tribal Students at Kurumkel, Block Subdega, Dist. Sundergarh, Odisha.

Mobile Dispensary

11.20 For this project the organization is given assistance to provide free medical facilities to tribals living in isolated villages/hamlets through a mobile dispensary/clinic. The scheme provides grant-in-aid annually to meet recurring expenses for Doctor and other staff, medicines, besides meeting the costs involved in the purchase of a van/jeep and equipments.



A Mobile Dispensary at Village Kurumkel, Block Subdega, Distt. Sundargarh, Odisha.

11.21 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, 34 numbers of mobile dispensaries were funded in 11 States benefiting 2.12 lakh ST beneficiaries.

Ten or more Bedded Hospital

11.22 The specific purpose behind this project is to assist voluntary agencies in running ten or more bedded hospitals in tribal areas, where the Government facilities have not reached so far. These small hospitals mostly treat out door patients but have facilities for treatment of indoor patients as well. Assistance is extended for procurement of furniture & fixtures, hospital equipment, ambulances, a generator set and also for meeting recurring expenses for honorarium to doctors, nurses, and other staff, procurement of medicines, building hire charges etc.

11.23 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, 9 numbers of hospitals have been funded in 4 States benefiting 3.15 lakh number of ST beneficiaries.



In-patients in a TB ward at Ranchi, Jharkhand.

Computer Training Centre

11.24 The computer training centres are provided for 30 students. The specific purpose behind this project is to enhance the knowledge of computer hardwares and softwares, programming, etc. and make them capable of obtaining employment in public/private sectors. To enhance the recognition of the courses conducted in these centres, and improve linkages with a recognized Certificate/Diploma, Ministry encourages the organizations to get their computer training centres accredited by Department of Electronics Accreditation of Computer Courses (DOEACC) of Ministry of Information Technology, and Ministry is providing financial assistance for accreditation as well.



Computer Lab for PTG and Tribal Students at Jamshedpur, Jharkhand

11.25 During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, 5 computer training centres have been funded in 5 States benefiting 3300 ST students.

11.26 The list of VOs/NGOs/autonomous societies extended financial assistance under different projects during 2010-11(up to 31.12.2010) and previous two years is at **Annexure 11-A.**

Coaching for Scheduled Tribes

11.27 The scheme of Coaching of Scheduled Tribes (erstwhile Coaching & Allied) has been in operation since the IVth Five Year Plan Period. The scheme has been revised during financial year 2007-08. Revised scheme guidelines along with revised application forms etc., is available on Ministry's website www.tribal.nic.in

11.28 Objectives: The scheduled tribes coming from deprived families and disadvantaged environment find it difficult to compete with those coming from a socially and economically advantageous background. To promote a more level playing field, and give ST candidates a better chance to succeed in competitive examinations, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs supports a scheme for coaching for disadvantaged ST candidates in quality coaching institutions to enable them to appear in competitive examinations and succeed in obtaining an appropriate job in civil services/public sector.

11.29 Implementing Agencies & Funding Pattern:

The scheme is implemented through State Governments/UT Administrations/Universities and reputed Professional Coaching Institutions which run Preexamination Coaching Centres (PECs). There are efforts to shift the focus from Government run institutions to quality professional coaching institutions. The funds are provided per student cost basis. Union Territories, Universities and Private Institutions are provided assistance to the extent of 100% on a contractual basis, while State run institutions are provided 80% assistance from the Ministry.

11.30 The funding includes the coaching fees (including the charges of faculty), advertisement charges, stipend to candidates and assistance for boarding/lodging to outstation students etc.

11.31 Salient features:

- The proposals are invited through an advertisement directly from the coaching institutions/universities and the State Governments/UTs;
- The genuineness and the track record in terms of success rates in respect of private institutions is confirmed from the State Government/UTs;
- The proposals are examined by the Selection Committee and the institutions are given an opportunity to present their case before the Committee;
- The coaching institutions are selected for a period of 5 years. The coaching institution once selected by the Ministry, does not have to apply afresh in response to the advertisement during the project period unless they are asked to do so;
- The coaching institutions are required to submit the proposals within the prescribed financial norms in the prescribed Application Form;
- The total number of students including non ST students should not exceed 40 per class, admission being based on merit. The total number of ST students admitted should preferably contain 30% women ST candidates and 5% disabled ST candidates:
- In case number of applications received by a coaching institution is more than the available seats, a selection procedure based on merit-cumperformance in qualifying exams, is adopted;
- Within one week of start of coaching classes, the institute is required to furnish the course-wise names of the candidates with photographs enrolled for coaching along with other details and full address in the prescribed format;

- Any candidate having the eligible qualifications for that particular competitive exam can apply to the coaching institutions financially assisted by this Ministry. The institutions are required to take these candidates on first come first serve basis till all the seats are filled;
- Candidates can avail coaching once only under the scheme for a particular competitive exam and a maximum of two coaching courses in all. The candidate is required to furnish an undertaking to the institution that he is not availing/has not availed more than one such coaching with the assistance of this Ministry in any institution earlier;
- The income ceiling of candidate (income of self and/or income of parents, if dependent on them) under the scheme is Rs.2.50 lakh per annum;
- The revised scheme covers a large number of competitive exams and the fees structure has also been revised as per the present market trends;
- The coaching institutions are provided Rs.20000/- fixed for the advertisement of all courses proposed by them in a financial year;
- The concerned State/UT Government are also provided Rs.25000/- fixed for advertisement of this scheme in local/vernacular newspapers in a financial year;
- The students are given stipend of Rs.1000/- fixed per month for the entire period of coaching;
- The financial assistance is also provided for boarding and lodging to the outstation students @ Rs. 2000/- per month per student. The concerned coaching institutes are required to make arrangements for outstation students and certify that the candidate is an outstation student;
- The extent of financial assistance for a particular course is limited to the financial norms prescribed under the scheme and revised from time to time;

- The State Government/UT Administration have to monitor the running of coaching institutions at least once in a year and submit a report to the Ministry in the prescribed format;
- The coaching institutions are required to publicize the scheme through print media/hoardings in such a manner so that the ST students of remote areas can also avail this facility;
- The coaching institutions are required to submit the course-wise list containing names of ST candidates at the start of the financial year and at the end of the financial year they have to submit the results declared till then for each exam along with roll number of these candidates:
- The continuous financial support to a coaching institution is subjected to a mid term review of the performance of the coaching institutions at the end of 3 (three) years and the assessment is based on the results of ST candidates provided coaching under this scheme;
- The continuation of funding to the coaching institution entirely depends on the performance and success of the ST candidates coached by the coaching institution in various competitive exams;
- The coaching institutions are required to achieve at least 10% success rate for scheduled tribe students every year for continued support.

10.32 Allocation: The allocation for the Coaching for Scheduled Tribes for the year 2010-11 is Rs.4.50 crore. Out of that, Rs.0.86 Crore were released during 2010-11 to 9 professional coaching institutions selected in 7 States benefiting 280 ST students.

10.33 The list of States/UTs and Professional coaching institutions extended financial assistance during 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) and in last two years are given at **Annexure 11-B.**

Scheme of Strengthening Education among Scheduled Tribe (ST) girls in low Literacy Districts (erstwhile scheme of educational complexes in Low Literacy Pockets for the Development of Women's Literacy in tribal areas):

11.34 This gender-specific scheme was introduced in 1993-94 for ST girls in low literacy pockets. The scheme has been revised in 2008-09, which became effective from 1st April 2008. Revised scheme guidelines along with revised application forms etc., is available on Ministry's website www.tribal.nic.in

11.35 Objectives: The scheme aims to bridge the gap in literacy levels between the general female population and tribal women, through facilitating 100% enrolment of tribal girls in the identified Districts or Blocks, more particularly in naxal affected areas and in areas inhabited by Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs), and reducing drop-outs at the elementary level by creating the required ambience for education. The scheme lays emphasis on providing hostel facilities to enable the ST girls to attend regular schools and wherever schools are not available within five km distance, both schooling and hostel facilities are provided. Improvement of the literacy rate of tribal girls is essential to enable them to participate effectively in and benefit from, socio-economic development.

11.36 Coverage:

- (a) The scheme covers the 54 identified Districts as indicated in the revised scheme where the ST population is 25% or more, and ST female literacy rate below 35%, or its fractions, as per 2001 census;
- (b) Any other tribal block in a district, other than aforesaid 54 identified districts, which has scheduled tribe population 25% or above, and

- tribal female literacy rate below 35% or its fractions, as per 2001 census, is also covered;
- (c) In addition, the scheme also covers areas below a Block level (e.g. Gram Panchayats) inhabited by the notified Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs);
- (d) Out of all the aforesaid areas, the **naxal affected areas** are given priority.

11.37 Implementing Agency

- (a) The scheme is implemented through Voluntary Organizations (VOs)/Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and autonomous society/ institutions of State Government/Union Territory Administration;
- (b) The multidisciplinary "State Committee for Supporting Voluntary Efforts" (SCSVE) constituted by various States/Union Territories is responsible for identification and scrutiny of the projects of Non-Governmental Organizations under this scheme also.

11.38 Procedure and Funding Pattern:

(a) It is a central sector gender specific scheme and the Ministry provides 100% funding. The grants are provided to the eligible non-governmental organizations on an application (in revised prescribed format) duly recommended by the multidisciplinary State Level Committee of the concerned State Government/ UT Administration. Application and essential documents are required to be submitted as per time-schedule prescribed in the revised scheme. The grants to a VO/NGO are limited to the financial norms prescribed under revised scheme. The grants are sanctioned as per the procedure laid down under Rule 209 of General Financial Rules, 2005 as amended from time to time. The grants are released according to terms and conditions attached with revised scheme:

- (b) The NGOs are required to maintain separate accounts in respect of the grants released to them, which are open for inspections by all appropriate officers/agencies of the Government. The NGO is also required to get its accounts of grants-in-aid audited annually by a Chartered Accountant, and submit a complete set of copies of the audited statement of accounts along with Utilization Certificate of previous grants in a format prescribed under GFR 19-A;
- (c) The grants are normally released in two installments every year subject to the satisfactory performance of the NGO based on annual inspection conducted by the District Collector or authorized officers, and the recommendations of the State Committee. The inspection report should be submitted annually in prescribed format and should be duly countersigned by District Collector with date;
- (d) Monitoring of the activities of the NGOs is carried out as per provisions of the financial rules, besides inspection by officials of the Ministry or State Governments/UTs. Besides, Ministry has initiated efforts to obtain independent monitoring reports through identified professional organizations.
- **11.39 Salient Features:** In order to intervene in a focused manner to improve literacy among tribal girls, and to bridge the gap between tribal female literacy and general female literacy levels and tribal female & tribal male literacy levels, following interventions/actions are taken:
- a) Providing hostel facilities for tribal girls at the Block level to enable them to attend regular middle/ secondary school, and at the panchayat level to attend regular primary school;
- b) Hostel facilities only, and not schools, can be set up in a phased manner if needed, for up to 100 primary school girls, and 150 middle and high school girls at the panchayat and block levels respectively.
 - In compelling circumstances, the number to be

- accommodated can go up. The hostels may be at one or more location(s) but may not be spaced at a distance of more than 0.5 kms in hill areas and 2 kms in the plains, from the regular school which they will attend;
- c) In exceptional cases, where the regular schools run under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) or other schemes of Education Department are not available within 5 Km radius, schooling facility along with hostels may also be considered;
- d) Wherever Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalayas (KGBVs) are operating, no hostels under the scheme would be opened within a distance of 5 Km;
- e) The educational complexes already established under the pre-revised scheme falling in the newly identified 54 low literacy districts of the revised scheme or in tribal blocks fulfilling the criteria as mentioned under the head 'Coverage', and in the Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group areas, have been continued unaffected;
- f) The accommodation can be in hired premises or in the implementing agency's own building. No funds are provided for construction of buildings. In case of own buildings, only maintenance grant for the building will be considered @ 30% of the notional annual rent, as per Public Works Department assessment;
- g) Cash stipend is provided at the rate of Rs.100/per month for primary level girl students and
 Rs.200/- per month for middle/secondary level
 girl students for coaching/special tuitions;
- h) Cash incentives are given at the rate of Rs. 100/- per month at primary level (up to class V) and Rs. 200/- per month at middle and secondary levels (classes VI to XII) to meet their day to day requirement;
- Scheduled tribe girl students are additionally motivated, by giving them periodical awards like bicycles, watches, etc. as decided by the Ministry, on passing Class VIII, X and XII;

- j) Primers will be prepared in at least 5 major tribal languages selected in coordination with the Ministry of Human Resource Development, for use of children up to Class III;
- k) A Mothers' Committee is required to be constituted by every fundee organization by involving representative (s) of each village (s), to which the inmates belong, that should meet once a month to supervise the running of the scheme and to suggest improvements. A register of the decisions in each meeting is required to be kept by the fundee institution;
- A District Education Support Agency (DESA), which would be a reputed Non-Governmental Organization or a federation of Non-Governmental Organizations, will be established by every State Government/Union Territory Administration in each of the 54 identified low literacy districts that will:
 - (i) Promote 100% enrollment of scheduled tribe girls in the identified districts, blocks or pockets (for Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups), vis-à-vis present level of enrollment, class-wise, for all schools taken together;
 - (ii) Reduce dropouts at the primary and middle school levels;
 - (iii) Monitor the running of the hostels/complexes;
 - (iv) Make payments, grant of awards, etc., as may be prescribed by the Ministry;
 - (v) Arrange regular interaction between girls and ANMs to promote preventive health education and establish curative linkages of these hostels/complexes with health institutions;
 - (vi) Promote awareness among parents towards the importance of girls' education;
 - (vii) Tie up with potential recruiters so that immediately on passing, the student can get a job or can go in for self-employment.

- m) The Ministry may support any reputed and experienced organization for training of District Education Support Agency/Non-Governmental Organizations/autonomous societies for running the project successfully;
- Ministry may support any innovative intervention by any organization including District Education Support Agency in these low literacy areas to promote scheduled tribe female literacy.

11.40 Allocation: For 11th Five Year Plan period, the tentative allocation is Rs.298.78 Crore. Out of that, the allocation made and expenditure incurred during financial year 2010-11 is given in Table 11.2, along with details of allocations and expenditure of last two years:

Table: 11.2

	(Rs. in Crore)									
Year	BE	RE	Exp.							
2008-09	60.00	40.00	40.00							
2009-10	50.00	33.50	33.50							
2010-11 (Upto 31.12.2010)	40.00	39.70	7.51							

10.41 Achievement: During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, Rs.7.51 crore has been released for 40 Educational Complexes covering 7089 ST girl beneficiaries in 7 States.



Educational Complex for ST Girls at Jeypore, Distt. Koraput, Odisha.

11.42 The list of VOs/NGOs and autonomous societies of State Governments who were extended financial assistance under the scheme from 2008-09 to 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) is at **Annexure 11-C.**

Scheme for Vocational Training in Tribal Areas (VTC)

11.43 The scheme has been discussed in Chapter-9

of the Annual Report. The scheme has been revised during 2008-09 including financial norms. The revised scheme has become effective from 1^s April 2009.

11.44 The list of VOs/NGOs extended Grant-in-aid under the scheme from 2008-09 to 2010-11(up to 31.12.2010) and is at **Annexure 11-D.**



ANNEXURE 11-A

STATE-WISE LIST OF VOLUNTARY ORGANISATIONS/NON GOVERNMNENTAL ORGANISATIONS FUNDED DURING 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME OF 'GRANT-IN-AID TO VOLUNTARY ORGANISATIONS WORKING FOR THE WELFARE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES'

					4 D
Sl. No.	Name of the Vos/NGOs with addresses	Project	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31-12-2010)
ANI	OHRA PRADESH				
1	Andhra Pradesh Tribal Welfare Ashram & Residential Educational Institutions Society (APTWAREIS), Telegu Sansksheme Bhawan, 2nd Floor, Masab Tank, Hyderabad, A.P.	Residential School (18 Units)	26840363	13879000	689548
2	Bapuji Integrated Rural Development Society, At: Gaddamanugu, District: Krishna, A.P.	Residential School	1320000	3424765	0
3	Gram Abhyudaya Society for Integrated Rural Devt., 6th Ward, Kota Street, At-Urvakonda, Dist.Anantapur, A.P.	Residential School	0	880000	2219780
4	Intercultural Cooperation Foundation (ICF) India at Amboth Thanda, R.RDistrict, Andhra Pradesh	Non-Residential School	628485	397493	0
5	Integrated Devt.Agency, Raithupet, AT-Raithupeta, Nandigama, Krishna Dist., A.P.	10-Bedded Hospital and Mobile Dispensary	390870	685491	
6	Jeeyar Educational Trust Gangnmahal Colony, Domalguda, Hyderabad, A.P500027	Residential School	1311200	0	1717660
7	R.K.Mission, Korukonda Road, . Rajamundry, A.P	Mobile Dispensary	0	3246026	563021
8	Seva Bharati at Burgamphad, District - Khammam, A.P.	Hostel	710294	0	0
9	Simhapuri Vidya Seva Samiti at Somsekharpuram, Nellore-District, A.P.	10-Bedded Hospital	602910	0	0
10	Sri Laxmi Mahila Mandali, D.No.15-155, Mylavaram (V&M), Gaddamanugu, Krishna Dist., A.P.	Non-Residential School	0	2037872	0
11	Society for Integared Rural Improvement (SIRI), 7/163-A Prakash road, Dist-Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh	Residential School	788006	1114299	2145759
12	Narayana Educational & Rural Development Society (Sri Mandalappu Narayana Educational Society), at Pargi, Rangareddy Distt., A.P.	Residential School	2277302	0	STOPPED
	Total		34869430	25664946	7335768

ANI	DAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS				
13	Ramakrishna Mission, Port Blair, Andaman, Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Computer Training Centre	0	437670	145890
	Total		0	437670	145890
ARI	UNACHALPRADESH				
14	Arunachal Pali Vidyapeeth, Changkham, Dist.Lohit, Arunachal Pradesh	Residential School and Mobile Dispensary	3643050	3804210	3878010
15	Buddhist Cultural Preservation Society, Upper Gampa, PO/PS: Bamdila, Dist. West Kamang, Arunachal Pradesh	Residential School and Computer Training Centre	0	4525342	2248228
16	Centre for Buddhist Cultural Studies, Vill./PO: Tawang, Dist.Tawang, Arunachal Pradesh	Residential School	0	3375630	1687815
17	R.K.Mission, Narottam Nagar, Via Deomali, Dist. Tirap, Arunachal Pradesh	Computer Training, Centre- 2 Units, Residential School, Mobile Dispensary and 20-Bedded Hospital	9325597	9337478	9380813
18	R.K.Mission, PO: Vivekanandnagar, Along, West Siang Dist., Arunachal Pradesh	Non-Residential School, 10-Bedded Hospital, Mobile Dispensary, Hostel and A.V. Unit	15189380	13808590	13808590
19	R.K.Mission Hospital, Itanagar, Arunachal Pradesh	60-Bedded Hospital, Mobile Dispensary	7403707	7242948	7099995
20	Ramakrishna Sarda Mission, AT/PO: Khonsa, Dist.Tirap, Pin - 786630, Arunachal Pradesh	Residential School	0	9396510	4584510
21	Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangha, Thakkar Bapur Samarak Sadan, New Delhi-110055 (H.Qrs.) Project at Rupa	Hostel	0	1660899	0
22	Vivekananda Kendra Arunjyoti, Itanagar, At-Itanagar, Distt. Papumpare, Arunachal Pradesh	Mobile Library cum AV Unit	0	220285	0
23	Oju Welfare Association, Near Naharlagun Police Station, Naharlagun, Arunachal Pradesh	Residenital School (Primary+Secondary)	3438990	3452940	3491865
	Total		39000724	56824832	46179826
ASS	SAM				
24	Assam Centre for Rural Development, Indrakanta Bhawan, Kanaklata Path, PO: Ulubari, Guwahati-781007, Assam	Mobile Dispensary	0	685350	0
25	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Guwahati), Lakhra Road, Kahilipura, Guwahati, Assam	Mobile Dispensary	679865	613663	0
26	Dr.Ambedkar Mission, Vill. Dhopatari, Dist.Kamrup, Assam	10-Bedded Hospital and Mobile Dispensary	2313450	2274140	0
27	Gram Vikas Parishad, At:Rangalo, Dist. Nagaon, Assam	Mobile Dispensary	0	1514700	0

	Pathari Vocational Institute, At-Top Floor Bar Libraug,	Computer Training	208260	0	613800
29		Centre			
29	DisttNagaon, Assam				
	R.K.Mission Ashram, Ulubari, Guwahati, Assam	Hostel, Mobile Dispensary and Library	1328274	1287234	652727
30	R.K.Mission Sevashram, R.K. Mission Road, Silchar, Assam	Hostel	1078253	299473	0
31	Sadau Asom Gramya Puthibharal Santha, Tellipatty, Chanmsai Road, Dist.Nagaon, Assam	Library and Non- Residential School	1095300	0	1076100
32	Sreemanta Sankar Mission, PO/Dist.Nagaon, Assam	Mobile Dispensary	706950	0	689259
33	Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, NEI, Bokajan, Karbi, Anglong, Assam(A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.)	Project at Bokajan-2 Units, Japarjan & Diphu Hostel (4 Units)	0	2998731	3097170
	Total		7410352	9673291	6129056
СНН	HATTISGARH				
34	Kachana Dhurwa Sewa and Kalyan Samiti Vill+PO-Panduka, District-Raigad Chhattisgarh	Non-Residenital School	0	0	1098613
_	Nav Abhilasha Siksha Sansthan, At/PO: Budhwani, Dist.Rajnandgaon, Chhattisgarh	Residential School	1647270	1627493	1607120
36	R.K.Mission Ashram, Narainpur, Dist. Baster, Chhattisgarh	Hostels (6 Units), 1-Tribal Youth Training Centre and Automobile Engineering, Divyan Agri. Trg & Allied Subjects & Mobile Dispeansary	4018188	7958029	6485432
	Total		5665458	9585522	9191165
GIII	ARAT				
37	Bharat Sevashram Sangha, At/PO- Dediapada, DisttNarmada, Gujarat	Mobile Dispensary	0	1406753	0
38	Bharat Sevashram Sangha, Gangpur (Navasari), Navasari, Gujarat	Non Residential Sch., Mobile Dispensary (4 Units), Mobile Library cum AV Unit	4634749	0	6328489
	Bharat Yatra Kendra, AT/PO-Dediapada, DisttNaramada, Pin - 393040, Gujarat	Hostel	773460	1192545	1333100
40	INRECA, Raypipla Road, Timbapada, Dediapada, Dist.Narmada, Gujarat	Hostel	0	1143090	1258090
41	Panchmahal Adivasi Vikas Yuvak Mandal, At: Dhalsimal, PO: Moli, Ta: Jhalod, Dist. Jhalod, Gujarat	Residential School	1769310	1769310	0
42	Shree Dhadhela Kelvani Mandal, At/PO: Dhadhela, Dist.Dahod, Gujarat	Hostel	0	1547910	0

43	Sri Sadgurudeo Swami Akhandananda Memorial CharitableTrust, At/PO: Barumal, Dist.Valsad, Gujarat	Mobile Dispensary and Hostel	1135300	2808037	0
44	Shree Swaminarayan Education Trust, At-Molhapandha, Dist-Valsad, Gujarat	Residential School	1028142	0	2955534
	Total		9340961	9867645	11875213
HIN	MACHAL PRADESH				
45	Buddhist Cultural Society of Key Gompa, PO: Key Gompa, Dist.Lahaul & Spiti, H.P.	Hostel	0	2173088	0
46	Himalayan Buddhist Cultural Association, PO Box No. 98, Club House Road, Manali, Dist.Kullu, H.P.	Residential School	2035080	4539875	3605332
47	Institute of Studies in Buddhist Philosophy and Tribal Cultural Society, At-Tabo, Dist.Lahaul & Spiti, H.P.	Residential School	0	6349050	0
48	Ramdha Buddhist Society, Village/ PO: Sidhpur, Via-Dari, Norbuilinga, Dharamshala, Kangra, H.P.	Hostel	0	2406780	0
49	Rinchen Zangpo Society for Spiti Development, Spiti Bhawan, Yol Cantt, Tehsil-Dharamsala, District Kangra, H.P.	Residential School	3795900	4458900	0
	Total		5830980	19927693	3605332
JAN	MMU & KASHMIR				
50	Gurjar Desh Charitable Trust, Gurjur Colony, J&K	Mobile Dispensary	0	2341180	0
51	Himalayan Buddhist Cultural Society, Vill: Gulabgarh, PO: Athouli, Dist. Doda, J&K	Residential School	3352051	0	1989020
52	Lamdon Social Welfare Society, Leh, Ladhak, J&K	Residential School	1112934	1720068	0
53	Mahabodhi International Meditation, J&K	Residential School	0	441366	0
54	AICURD, Gole Market, New Delhi (H.Qrs.) Project at Pulwama, J&K	Computer Training Cntr. (3 Units), Typing and Shorthand Centre (3 Units)	2010315	0	STOPPED
	Total		6475300	4502614	1989020
JHA	ARKHAND				
55	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Pakur), At/PO/Dist: Pakur, Jharkhand	Residential School and Computer Training Centre	1995900	1306245	2347595
56	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Sonari), Sonari(w), Rivers Meet Road, East Singhbhum, Jamshedpur, Pin - 831011, Jharkhand	Mobile Dispensary (3 Units), Computer Training Centre, Cane and Bamboo, Mobile Library cum AV Unit, Knitting & Weaving Center (2 Units), 20-Bedded Hospital (2 Units)	13033039	12352421	3252866

		and Residential School (2 Units)			
57	Bharat Sevashram Sangh, At-Pathra, PO- Raniswar, Dist-Dumka, Jharkhand	Residential School (2 Units), 20-Bedded Hospital, Mobile Dispensary, Knitting & Weaving Training Centre	0	14375004	0
58	Bharat Sevashram Sangha,(Ranchi Unit) AT-Bariatu, Indraprastha Colony, Ranchi, Jharkhand	Residential School and Mobile Dispensary	1470110	2132158	1751511
59	R.K.Mission Math, AT/PO/ Dist: Jamtara-815351, Jharkhand	Mobile Dispensary	0	727939	567933
60	R.K,Mission Vivekananda Society, Bistupur, Jamshedpur, Jharkhand	Hostel, Mobile Dispensary, Computer Training Centre, Typing and Shorthand Centre, Mobile-Library- cum-AV Unit	2317354	1566624	0
61	R.K.Mission Ashram, Morabadi, Ranchi, Jharkhand	Divyan Unit, Mobile Dispensary, Library, Mobile Library cum AV Unit	5134192	5736679	2470034
62	R.K.Mission TB Sanotorium, Ranchi, Jharkhand	70-Bedded Hospital and Mobile Dispensary (3 Units)	10625825	11411682	5632981
63	Vyakti Vikas Kendra, India Anurag Kutir, KGD Road, Kunti, Ranchi, Jharkhand	Mobile Dispensary	193726	0	0
	Total		34770146	49608752	16022920
KAl	RNATAKA				
64	Ashirwad Rural Development Trust(R), K.H.B. Colony, DisttGudibande, Karnataka	10-Bedded Hospital	1616400	1616400	0
65	Bharati Educational Trust, AT-Pathapally Taluk, Bagepalli, Dist.Kolar, Karnataka	Residential School	1605187	0	1720236
66	Dr.Ambedkar Education Society(R), At-Nalkudure Gomala, Nalkudure, Pin-577544, Channagiri Taluk, Devengere Dist., Karnataka	Residential School	1609404	1600170	0
67	Dr.Jachani Rastriya Sevapeetha, No.49, H.B.Samaj Road, Basavanagudi, Bangalore, Karnataka	Non-Residential School	537439	0	0
68	Harihara Graminbirudhi Sangh, At:Chikkaballapur Taluk, Dist.Kolar, Karnataka	Mobile Dispensary	685350	685350	0
69	Kumudhwati Rural Development Society, H.No.32, R.R.Extension, Madhugiri-572132, Tumkur Dist., Karnataka	Mobile Dispensary and Non-Residential School	2275020	0	2253820
70	Nayak Student Federation, Gokak, Belgaum, Karnataka	Residential Primary School	1016604	0	0

71	Pragati Rural Development Society, AT- Gerahalli, Chickalbalapur Taluk, Kolar Dist., Karnataka	Hostel	1219590	0	1341090
72	Sant Kabirdas Education Society, Sedam Road, Jagat, DisttGulbarga, Karnataka	Residential School	1604470	1739470	0
73	Sri Manjunatha Swamy Vidya Samstha, 4206/9, Dist.Davangere, Karnataka	Residential School	0	3165740	0
74	Sri Swamy Sarvadharma Sharnayala Trust, Rangapura, Dist.Tumkur, Karnataka	Non-Residential School and Mobile Dispensary	2575364	0	2581290
75	Sri Vinayaka Seva Trust, At-Kaiwara, Chintasawami-Taluk, DisttKolar, Karnataka	Residential School	1609470	0	1609470
76	Swami Vivekanand Youth Movement, Kanchanahalli, Shanti Nagar PO, Heggadavdenakote Taluk, Dist.Mysore, Karnataka	Residential School (2 Units), 10-Bedded Hospital (2 Units) and Mobile Dispensary	8568623	3897648	3619454
77	Vivekananda Girijana Kalyan Kendra, B.R. Hills, Yalandur Taluk, Dist.Chamraj- nagar, Pin - 571441, Karnataka	Mobile Dispensary, 10-Bedded Hospital and Residential School	4535021	0	0
	Total		29457942	12704778	13125360
KE	RALA				
78	Mata Amritanandamayi Math, Amrita Bhavan, Paripally, PO:Kolam- 691574 (Kerala)	Hostel & 10-Bedded Hospital	0	0	1093835
79	Sri Ramakrishna Advaita Ashram, PO:Kalady, Dist.Ernakulam, Kerala	Hostel	0	0	2195424
80	Swami Nirmalananda Memorial Bala Bhawan, Sri Ramakrishna Asharam, Kayamkulam-690502, Dist-Alpappuzha, Kerala	Hostel	0	927689	0
81	Swami Vivekananda Medical Mission, Vivekananda Nagar, Muttil, District - Wayanad, Kerala	Mobile Dispensary & 20-Bedded Hospital	0	4324516	0
82	Vanvasi Ashram Trust, At-Peria-34, PO: Periya, Dist.Wayanad, Kerala	Residential School	0	3005078	5361525
83	Vinobhaniketan, PO:Vinobhaniketan, Dist.Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala	Hostel and Mobile Dispensary	2305217	2048138	2226451
84	Harijan Sevak Sangh Sabri Ashram, Akathethera, Palakked, Thiruvanantha- puram, Kerala	Typing & Shorthand Training Centre, Hostels & Creches (6 Units)	326276	0	STOPPED
	Total		2631493	10305421	10877235
MA	DHYA PRADESH				
85	Annapurana Shiksha Samiti, Vill-Semarkhapa (Achli), Distt-Mandla, Madhya Pradesh	Non Residential School	0	1691565	0
86	Amarpur Bal Vikas Vidyamandir, AT/PO-Amarpur, District Dindori, MP	Non-Residential School	968490	0	2044590
87	Bandhewal Shiksha Samiti, Bhopal, M.P.	Non-Residential School and Computer Training Centre	1773959	962490	0
88	Baihar Nari Utthan Seva Mahila Mandal, Baihar, Dist.Balurghat, MP	Non-Residential School	0	0	563947

89	Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangha, Thakkar Bapur Samarak Sadan, New Delhi-110055 (H.Qrs.)	Mobile Dispensary, Residential School & Compurer Training	0	2303876	0
	Project at Dhar, Madhya Pradesh	Centre			
90	Hiteshree Samajik Sanstha, MIG-30/4B, Saketnagar, Bhopal, MP	Mobile Dispensary	608400	0	703872
91	Jan Kalyan Ashram Samiti, Vill- Siddhpur (Dobh), PO - Semiri Harichand, Tehsil - Babai, District- Hosangabad, MP	Residential School	865123	1413168	0
92	Jeevan Jyoti Shiksha Prasar Samiti, AT-Singapur (Sailya), Mandla, M.P.	Non-Residential School	557465	867749	0
93	M.P.Anusuchit Jati Janjati Evam Pichda Varg Kalyan Samiti, 166-E, Ujjain, M.P.	Residential School	1642778	0	1645813
94	M.P.Vanvasi Seva Mandal, AT-Tikariya, DisttDindori, M.P.	Non-Residential School	1159851	0	2368215
95	Pushpa Convent Shiksha Samiti, C-537-538, Pushpa Nagar Colony, Bhopal-462010 (M.P.)	Non-Residential School	1557868	0	968490
96	Rama Education and Welfare Society, Wariyalkheda, Bhopal, M.P.	Non-Residential School and Computer Training Centre	957690	962490	0
97	Seva Bharati, Swami Ramtirth Nagar, Near Maida Milla, Hosangabad Road, Bhopal-462011, M.P.	Residential School (2 Units), Computer Training Centre (3 Units) & Hostels (2 Units)	1549376	2597839	0
98	Swami Vivekanand Vidhya Niketan Shikchak Samiti, Yuvraj Club, Cantt Road, Guna, M.P.	Non-Residential School	0	620352	1906913
99	Yuvak Kalyan Sewa Prakshikshan Sansthan, Vill-Rangri (Thoka), At Angangaon, District Chindwara, MP	Residential School (Secondary)	977418	0	3400661
	Total		12618418	11419529	13602501
MA	HARASHTRA				
100	Deonil Shikshan Prasarak Mandal, Chandrapur, Maharashtra	Residential School	0	0	1561145
101	Dharma Swamy Maharshee Shri Sant Gulabrao Maharaj Workari & Vikas Shikshan Sanstha, At/PO: Karla, Dist.Amravati, Maharashtra	10-Bedded Hospital and Mobile Dispensary	0	2470541	0
102	Jai Hind Mitra Mandal, Kolha, Dist.Phulbani, Maharashtra	Non-Residential School	0	2354580	0
103	Khanderao Education Society, At:Basar, Dist.Dhule, Maharashtra	Non-Residential Primary School at BASAR and Residential School at WARUD	3169050	0	3705750
104	Renuka Devi Shikshan Prasarak Mandal, Kukane, Malegaon, Maharashtra	Non-Residential Primary School	0	2561468	0
105	Sarthak Shikshan Prasarak Samaj, Malegaon Camp, Tal:Malegaon, Nasik (Maharashtra)	Non-Residential Primary School	556574	0	0

106	Shiv Kripa Gramin Tribal Bahuuddeshiya Sansthan,	Mobile Dispensary	0	706950	0
	Ward No.11, Chamorshi Road, Gadchiroli, Maharashtra				
107	Shivaji Shikshan Prasarak Mandal, Takli, Dist- Jalgaon, Maharashtra	Residential School	2439754	0	1578039
108	Shri Kanaiyalal Maharaj Trust AT-Samode, Tul-Sakri, Dist.Dhule, Maharashtra	Residential Primary School	2564685	0	0
109	Shri Sainath Education Society, Pratappur, Tal.Taloda, Nandurbar (Maharashtra)	Hostel	2088661	1219590	0
110	Shri Swami Swayam Seva Bhavi Sanstha, Ganeshpur, Dist.Dhule, Maharashtra	Residential School	2606526	1771921	0
111	Sidhakala Shikshan Prasarak Mandal, Nandgaon, Tal.Nandgaon, Dist. Nasik,. Maharashtra	Residential Primary School	1777770	1554270	0
112	Ujwal Rural Development Society, At/PO. Newade, TalShindkheda, Dist.Dhule, Maharashtra	Hostel	0	1202040	1219590
113	Youth Welfare Association of India, Near Radhika Hotel, Vishnuwadi, Buldana, DisttBuldana, Maharashtra	10-Bedded Hospital	0	3150815	0
114	Kai Thangubai Shankar Deore Devabhavi Sanstha, At-Saudane, Navnath Nagar, Tal-Malegaon, Distt-Nashik, Maharashtra	Non Residential School	0	1939118	0
115	Chandrai Mahila Mandal, At/ PO-Pimpalner, Distt.Dhule, Maharashtra	Residential School	1609470	1609470	0
	Total		16812490	20540763	8064524
MA	NIPUR				
116	Kanglatanbi, Manipur	Hostel	1948950	1178550	1178550
117	Christian Grammer School (Child Development Centre), Green Hills, Tamenglong, HQ, Pin-795141,Manipur	Residential School	0	1145340	0
118	Integrated Educational Social Development Organization, Imphal East, Manipur	Non-Residential School	1146690	0	2417580
119	Integrated Rural Development & Educational Organisation, Wangbal, PO Thoubal, Manipur	Residential School (2 Units)	3551262	0	7438544
120	Rural Educational and Socio-Economic Development Organisation, At:Thanga Tongbram Leikai, BPO Thanga, Dist.Bishnupur, Manipur	Non-Residential School	469125	0	2380905
121	Siamsinpawlpi, (Paite Students Welfare Association)SSSP Complex, Bungnual, PO Box No.99, Distt-Lamka, Pin-795128, Manipur	Residential School	0	12283530	6218685
122	Type Writing Institution & Rural Development Service, Thoubal, Manipur	Residential School	2610450	0	3389040

123	Society for Women's Education Action	Mobile Dispensary	383670	0	1737180
	and Reflection (SWEAR), Athokpam Khunou, PO- Thoubal, Manipur,				
124	United Rural Development Service (URDS), HO: Heirok Heituppokpi, Dist.Thoubal, Manipur	Residential School	1545120	0	3304890
125	Volunteers for Rural Health and Action (VORHA), Lamding, Wangging, Manipur	Mobile Dispensary and Typing & Shorthand Training Centre	0	222480	0
126	Tear Fund India Committee On relief & rehabilation service (TFICORRS), Chimtung Veng, Dorcass Road, New Lamka, District- Chrachandpur, Manipur	Residential School	0	0	5018307
	Total		11655267	14829900	33083681
ME	GHALAYA				
127	R.K.Mission, Laithumkhrut, P.O. Box- 9, Shillong, Meghalaya	Hostel, Mobile Dispensary and Library (2 Units)	1658730	773851	828865
128	R.K.Mission Ashram, Cherapunjee, Dist.East Khasi Hills, Meghalaya	LP&ME/ Non- Residential Secondary School (62 Units), Hostel and Non- Residential Higher Secondary School	53004425	47571343	29045778
129	Seva Bharati, Shillong, Meghalaya	Mobile Dispensary (2 Units) and Residential School	0	773851	0
	Total		54663155	49119045	29874643
	CORAM				
130	Mizoram Hmeithai Association, Upper Republic Road, Aizwal, Mizoram	Residential School	4085899	1684590	0
131	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram	Mobile Dispensary	0	1139936	0
	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total	Mobile Dispensary	0 4085899	1139936 2824526	0
	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram	Mobile Dispensary Hostel			
NAC	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total GALAND Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, Dimapur, Nagaland, (A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.) Project at Naharbari, Distt- Dimapur,		4085899	2824526	0
NAC 132	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total GALAND Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, Dimapur, Nagaland, (A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.) Project at Naharbari, Distt- Dimapur, Nagaland	Hostel	4085899	2824526 730192	753615
NAC 132	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total GALAND Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, Dimapur, Nagaland, (A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.) Project at Naharbari, Distt- Dimapur, Nagaland Grace Society, Mokokchung, Nagaland Nagaland Children Home,	Hostel	4085899 0 383039	2824526 730192	753615
NAC 132	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total GALAND Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, Dimapur, Nagaland, (A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.) Project at Naharbari, Distt- Dimapur, Nagaland Grace Society, Mokokchung, Nagaland Nagaland Children Home, Dimapur, Nagaland Total	Hostel	4085899 0 383039 0	2824526 730192 0 827542	0 753615 0 795646
NAC 132 133 134	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total GALAND Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, Dimapur, Nagaland, (A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.) Project at Naharbari, Distt- Dimapur, Nagaland Grace Society, Mokokchung, Nagaland Nagaland Children Home, Dimapur, Nagaland Total	Hostel	4085899 0 383039 0	2824526 730192 0 827542	0 753615 0 795646
132 133 134 DEI	Social Guidance Agency, Tuikual, Aizwal, Mizoram Total GALAND Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, Dimapur, Nagaland, (A Unit of Akhil Bharatiya Dayanand Sevashram Sangha, 315, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi) (H.Qrs.) Project at Naharbari, Distt- Dimapur, Nagaland Grace Society, Mokokchung, Nagaland Nagaland Children Home, Dimapur, Nagaland Total LHI Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Delhi), Srinivaspuri, New Delhi	Hostel Hostel Hostel Computer Training	4085899 0 383039 0 383039	2824526 730192 0 827542 1557734	0 753615 0 795646 1549261

ORI	SSA				
137	Adivasi Social and cultural society At/Po Kuchinda, District Sambalpur, Orissa	Residential School	0	3135319	0
138	Ambedkar Educational Complex, Niladri Vihar, Chandrashekharpur, Bhubaneswar, Orissa	Hostel	0	2370060	0
139	Arun Institute of Rural Affairs, At: Aswakhola, PO:Karamul, Dist.Dhenkanal, Orissa	Residential School	1620270	1620270	1620270
140	Association for Voluntary Action At-Dimapur, DisttPuri, Orissa	Residential School	1825470	1804255	1785997
141	Banbasi Seva Samiti, AT/PO-Baliguda, Dist.Khandamal, Pin-762103, Orissa	Hostel	0	1177984	0
142	Banki Anchalik Adivasi Harijan Kalyan Parishad, At-Banki, DisttCuttack, Orissa	Hostel and Creche Centre (5 Units)	1219590	2644740	0
143	Bhairabi Club, At-Kumurpada, Dist.Khurda, Orissa	Residential School	0	3240540	1610270
144	Cuttack Zila Harijan Adivasi Seva Sanskar Yojana, AT-Haladibasata, Bansta, Dist.Kendrapara, Orissa	Residential School	1607700	1609470	0
145	Global Village for Rehabilitation & Development, At/PO:Udulibeda, Dist.Malkangiri, Orissa	Mobile Dispensary	337583	1353707	0
146	Kalinga Institute of Social Sciences, (KISS) Koel Campus, KIIT, Bhubneswar, Orissa	Residential School (Primary & Secondary)	11509740	11548620	0
147	Nehru Seva Sangha, AT/PO:Banpur, Dist.Khurda, Orissa	Hostel	1594103	1617525	0
148	Nikhila Utkal Harijan Seva Sangha, Niladri Vihar, Sallashree Vihar, Bhubaneswar, Orissa	Residential School (Secondary)	2352822	1943866	2010645
149	Orissa Sarvodaya Parishad, Sarvodaya Ashram, At/PO:Nuapada, District - Nuapada, Orissa-766105	Hostel	0	2370060	0
150	Orissa Social Rural Tech.Institute, Dist.Cuttack, Orissa	Residential School (Secondary)	0	3586140	1793070
151	R.K.Mission, Vivekananda Marg, Bhubneswar, Orissa	Hostel and Library	1081980	988740	499883
152	R.K.Mission Puri, Orissa	Hostel, Mobile Dispensary and Typing & Shorthand Training Centre	2089807	1740285	870143
153	Ramakrishna Vivekananda Vedanta Ashram, At-Saragalanji, Bhawanipatna, DisttKalahandi, Orissa	Mobile Dispensary	706950	706950	0
154	Rashtriya Seva Samiti 9, Old Huzur Office Buildings, Tirupati, Andhra Pradesh (H.Qrs.) Project at Padwa, Distt- Koraput, Orissa	Mobile Dispensary	706950	0	0
155	Seva Samaj, At/PO:Gunupur, Dist.Rayagada, Orissa	Hostel	0	1968706	0

156	Shree R.K.Mission Ashram, AT/PO:Rampur, Dist.Kalahandi, Orissa	Hostel, Training in Agriculture and Allied Subjects(Divyayan etc.) and Mobile Dispensary	5395185	5699930	5649332
157	Social Weakers Awareness Development and Economic Service (SWADESHI), At:Gopalbandhu Nagar, Phulbani, Dist.Kandhamal, Orissa	Residential School	1579230	1579230	0
158	Vishwa Jeevan Seva Sangha, At-Saradhapur, Dist.Khurda, Orissa	Residential School	2020820	2143170	2065545
159	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Jamshedpur Branch), Sonari(w), Rivers Meet Road, East Singhbhum, Jamshedpur, Pin - 831011, Jharkhand (H.Qrs.)	Residential School, Mobile Dispensary (2 Units), 10-Bedded Hospital and Knitting, weaving and Handloom Training Centre	6287019	0	13037432
160	Laxmi Narain Seva Prathistahan, AT-Mansapole, Dist-Jajpur, Orissa	Residential School	2587311	1609470	0
161	Vyakti Vikas Kendra, India, C-31, Sector - I, Romkela, Distt-Sundergarh, Orissa	Mobile Dispensary	196680	837789	0
162	Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangha, Thakkar Bapa Samarak Sadan, New Delhi-110055 (H.Qrs.) Project at Sarat, Subudibandh, Chanderpur in Distt-Mayurbhanj, Orissa	Hostel	0	0	2407804
163	Social Welfare & Rural Development (SWARD), At-Balijoranda, PO-Bainria, Via-Mahinagadi, Distt-Dhenkanal, Orissa	Residential School	0	4105298	0
	Total		44719210	61402124	33350391
RAJ	JASTHAN				
164	Banasthali Vidyapeeth, Dist.Tonk, Rajasthan	Stipend Scheme for ST Girls of North East including A & N Islands	0	0	2876020
165	Janjati Mahila Vikas Sansthan, Sawai Madhopur Dist., Rajasthan	Hostel	686070	0	0
166	Mewar Saririk Shiksha Samiti, Hinta, PO-Bhinder, Dist.Udaipur, Rajasthan	Residential School	0	3090237	1577405
167	Sharadhalaya Ashram Samiti, Surajpol, Kota, Rajasthan	Residential School	2564280	1594470	0
	Total		3250350	4684707	4453425
SIK	KIM				
168	Human Development Foundation, AT-Chogney Tar, Gangtok, Sikkim	Residential School and Hostel	0	6901380	0
169	Muyal Liang Trust, Yongda Hill, DPCA, Gangtok, Sikkim	Residential School	2074320	4381966	3261488
	Total		2074320	11283346	3261488
TAN	MIL NADU				

171	Grameeya Makkal Abhivirudhi Iyakkam, (GMAI), Poonthottam, Post-Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu	10-Bedded Hospital, Mobile Dispensary	0	5638850	0
172	South India Scheduled Tribes Welfare Association, Saidapet, Tamil Nadu	Residential School	0	0	3173440
	Total		1395605	6759317	3173440
TRII	PURA				
173	R.K.Mission, Viveknagar, Tripura	Computer Training Centre, Hostel and Water Dam	1445765	0	STOPPED
174	Bahujan Hitya Education trust, PO-Bishnupur, Mani Bankut, Sabroom, Tripura	Residential School	0	2589750	1582470
175	Tripura Adibashi Mahila Samiti, Salkama, 9/4, Krishnanagar, Tripura	Residential School	0	3198095	1709430
176	Vyakti Vikas Kendra India, Sriram Kutir, 8th Thana Road, Banamalipur, Agartala, Tripura	Mobile Dispensary	0	796884	0
	Total		1445765	6584729	3291900
UTI	CAR PRADESH				
177	Servants of Indian Society, 846, Shivaji Nagar, Pune, Pin -411001, Maharashtra (H.Qrs.) Project at Lakhimpur	Hostel (4 Units) & Residential School	1873172	1808293	2912306
178	Deendayal Research Institute, 7-E, Jhandewalan Extn., Rani Jhansi Road, New Delhi (H.Qrs.) Project at Lakhimpur Kheri & Balrampur	Mobile Dispensary and Hostel	925191	0	1564899
	Total		2798363	1808293	4477205
UTT	ARAKHAND				
179	Ashok Ashram, PO:Ashok Ashram, Via Dak Pathar, Dehradun, Uttaranchal	Residential School	1734097	0	5165048
180	Mahila Grameen Utthan Samiti, Diwan Niwas, Zila Parishad Bhawan, Tildukri, Dist.Pithoragarh, Uttaranchal	Residential School	1039320	1609470	1609470
181	Seemant Anusuchit Evam Janjati Seva Sansthan, Uttaranchal	Residential School	2192328	0	1038990
182	Samagra Grameen Vikas Samiti, At/PO: Gwaldan, Dist.Chamoli, Uttaranchal	Mobile Dispensary	401598	595278	0
183	Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangha, At-Kalsi, Distt-Dehradun, Uttrakhand	Hostel (2 Units)	0	2287845	0
184	Servants of Indian Society, Pune, Maharashtra (H.Qrs.) Project at Baazpur, Uttrakhand	Hostel and Residential School	1139832	0	1030500
185	Balika Ashram Type School, Udham Singh Nagar, Uttrakhand	Residential School	0	0	1030500
	Total		6507175	4492593	9874508
WE	ST BENGAL				
186	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Aurangabad), At/PO: Aurangabad, Dist.Murshidabad W.B.	Hostel and Mobile Dispensary	2058300	2788830	2749454

187	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Balurghat),	Hostel (6 Units),	6943100	6943100	6919055
107	At-Balur ghat, Dist.Dakshin Dinajpur, West Bengal	Library and Mobile Library-cum-AVUnit	0943100	0943100	0919033
188	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Beldanga) Beldanga, Dist.Murshidabadd, W.B.	Residential School (2 Units), Mobile Dispensary, 10-Bedded Hospital and Typing Shorthand Training Centre	10762310	12013689	11703366
189	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Muluk) Via Bolpur, Dist.Birbhum, W.B.	Residential School, Mobile Dispesnary (2 Units) and Knitting/ weaving & Handloom Training Centre	3787615	3695859	3695858
190	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Suri), Dist.Birbhum, W.B.	Hostel and Mobile Dispensary	1397025	1891890	1833300
191	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Dokra) Vill+PO:Dokra, Dist.Midnapore, W.B.	Mobile Dispensary & Residential School	4976896	1207963	3312890
192	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Farakka) Berahampur, Murshidabad, W.B.	Hostel	721755	721755	0
193	Bharat Sevashram Sangha, At/PO-Berhampore, District Murshidabad, West Bengal	Hostel	721755	721755	540566
194	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Ghaksole), Ghaksole Unit, Dist.Malda, W.B.	Mobile Dispensary and Hostel	1727550	1627843	2524525
195	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Hooghly) Vill.Panjipurkur, Dist.Hoogly, W.B.	Hostel and Library	0	2558700	1282050
196	Bharat Sevashram Sangha (Ranghat- Payradanga Branch), Vill.Kusuria, PO:Pritinagar, Dist.Nadia, W.B.	Residential School Computer Training Centre, Typing / Training Centre and Mobile Dispensary	2954033	0	3304982
197	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Purulia), AT/PO/Dist. Purulia, W.B.	Hostel and Computer Training Centre	0	6517748	1460272
198	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Raiganj), Raiganj, Uttar Dinajpur, W.B.	Mobile Dispensary	706950	706950	706950
199	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Tajpur) Tajpur Unit, Dist.Malda, W.B.	Mobile Dispensary and Hostel	1422225	1353010	740050
200	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Teor), Vill+PO:Teor, Dist.D.Dinajpur, W.B.	Mobile Dispensary and Hostel	2102200	2102200	2102200
201	Bharat Sevashram Sangha(Kunor), Vill/PO:Kunor, Dist.Uttar Dinajpur, W.B.	Hostel	1185030	1185030	1185030
202	Bikash Bharati Welfare Society, 20/1B, Lal Bazar Street, Kolkata - 700001, W.B. (H.Qrs.) Project at Gopiballavpur-II, Distt- Midnapur	Mobile Dispensary	390870	1370700	0
203	Birsa Munda Education Centre, Vill.Kranti, PO:Krantihat, Dist.Jalpaiguri, W.B.	Residential School	3282930	2988630	2988630
204	Gohaldiha Jati Upjati Blue Bird Women's Welfare Centre, Gohaldiha, Dist. Midnapore, W.B.	Residential School	2459520	2459520	2459520

205	Himalayan Buddhist Cultural Association, Buddha Kendra, AT-Salugara, Dist-Jalpaiguri, W.B734318	Non-Residential School	1541970	957690	0
206	Khalisageria Society for Human Resource Development, At.Khalisageria, Dist. Midnapore, W.B.	Residential School	4196494	2328309	0
207	Pranab Kanya Sangha, Pranab Pally, PO:Kora Chandigarh, Madhyamgram, N.24- Pargana, W.B 743298	Hostel	0	695978	721755
208	R.K.Mission Boys Home, Rahara, Dist.North 24 Parganas, W.B.	Hostel-cum- Residential School	1600470	1358910	1704330
	Total		54938998	58196059	51934783
	GRAND TOTAL		396000000	465499574	327440733

STATEWISE SUMMARY OF ANNEXURE 11 - A

STATEWISE RELEASES MADE TO NGOs DURING THE YEARS 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME OF GRANT-IN-AID TO VOLUNTARY ORGANISATION WORKING FOR THE WELFARE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES

	(Rs. in Cro					
Sl.No.	Name of the State	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31-12-2010)		
1	Andhra Pradesh	3.49	2.57	0.73		
2	A & N Island	0.00	0.04	0.01		
3	Arunachal Pradesh	3.90	5.68	4.62		
4	Assam	0.74	0.67	0.61		
5	Chhattisgarh	0.57	0.96	0.92		
6	Gujarat	0.93	0.99	1.19		
7	Himachal Pradesh	0.58	1.99	0.36		
8	Jharkhand	3.48	4.96	1.60		
9	Jammu & Kashmir	0.65	0.45	0.20		
10	Karnataka	2.94	1.27	1.31		
11	Kerala	0.26	1.03	1.09		
12	Madhya Pradesh	1.26	1.14	1.36		
13	Maharashtra	1.68	2.05	0.81		
14	Manipur	1.17	1.48	3.31		
15	Meghalaya	5.47	4.91	2.99		
16	Mizoram	0.41	0.28	0.00		
17	Nagaland	0.04	0.46	0.15		
18	Orissa	4.47	6.14	3.34		
19	Rajasthan	0.33	0.47	0.45		
20	Sikkim	0.21	1.13	0.33		
21	Tamil Nadu	0.14	0.68	0.32		
22	Tripura	0.14	0.66	0.33		
23	Uttrakhand	0.65	0.45	0.45		
24	Uttar Pradesh	0.28	0.18	0.99		
25	West Begnal	5.49	5.82	5.19		
26	Delhi	0.32	0.09	0.10		
	TOTAL	39.60	46.54	32.74		

ANNEXURE 11-B

GRANTS RELEASED UNDER THE SCHEME OF COACHING FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES DURING 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010)

					(Rs. in lakhs)
S.N	No. Name Institu	of the State/UT/ University/Private utions	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (As on 31-12-2010)
			Amount released	Amount released	Amount released
(A)	States/UT:				
1	Andhra Pra	desh	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	Gujarat		8.29	0.00	0.00
3	Karnataka		0.00	0.00	0.00
4	Madhya Pra	adesh	11.71	0.00	0.00
(C)	Professional	Coaching Institutions:			
5	Chattisgarh	Career Plus Educational Society, 302-A-37-38-39, Ansal Building, 3rd Floor, Near Batra Cinema, Dr. Mukherjee Nagar, Delhi - 09 (for Chhattisgarh)	55.01	41.41	0.00
		Delhi Education Centre, 28A/11, Jia Sarai, Near IIT, Hauz Khas, Delhi - 10016 (for Chhattisgarh)	17.75	0.00	0.00
6	Delhi	Career Plus Educational Society, 302-A-37-38-39, Ansal Building, 3rd Floor, Near Batra Cinema, Dr. Mukherjee Nagar, Delhi - 09 (for Delhi)	24.06	38.41	0.00
		Delhi Education Centre, 28A/11, Jia Sarai, Near IIT, Hauz Khas, Delhi - 10016 (for Delhi)	18.00	14.62	2.81
7	Jharkhand	Jharkhand Vikas Sansthan, L-104, Agrora Housing Colony, Ranchi, Jharkhand	0.00	10.50	12.8
		Nikhileshwar Institute of Banking & Management(NIBM), 210, Hariom Tower, Circular Road, Ranchi, Jharkhand	0.00	4.20	0.00
		Hans Study Centre, 76, Circular Road, Ranchi, Jharkhand	0.00	10.95	13.4
8	Manipur	Volunteers for Rural Health & Action(VOHRA), H.O. Lamdong, Distt-Thoubal, Manipur	0.00	6.20	0.00
		Community Development Programme Centre, MI Road, Thoubal Achouba, District Thoubal, Manipur	0.00	0.00	6.1

9	Madhya Pradesh	Krestar Educational & Welfare Society, 2nd Floor, Yamonotri Apartment 96, Nehru Colony, Thatipur, Gwalior, Pin-474011, M.P.	33.90	30.44	11.45
		Kothari Institute, 7, Shivvilas Palace, Rajwada Chock, Indore, MP	29.94	36.82	0.00
		Kundan Kalyan Samiti (Kautilya Academy), Birla Nagar, Gwalior, M. P.	0.00	11.00	0.00
		Socially Advanced Help Age Resolver Association, Napier Town, Jabalpur, M.P.	0.00	8.60	0.00
		Jawahar Lal Nehru Charitable Educational Trust, V.Borawan, The.Kasarawad, Dist: Khargon, M.P.	0.00	0.00	11.45
10	Orissa	Abhinav Orissa, F/573, Sec-6, CDA, Cuttack-14, Orissa	22.83	0.00	0.00
		Social Welfare Organisation for Strengthening Today's India (SWOSTI), AT/Po-Jharpokharia, Distt-Mayurebhanj, Orissa	0.00	9.32	12.8
11	Rajasthan	NSA Krishi Samiti, D-23, Jagan Path, Chomu House, Sardar Patel Marg, C-scheme, Jaipur - 30200, Rajasthan	15.50	13.10	0.00
		Utkarsh Vikas Samiti, 265 Vishwa Karman Nagar, Maharani form, Durga Pura, Jaipur - 302018, Rajasthan	15.50	12.98	13.16
		B.L.Saini Coaching Center, Tonk Phatak, Jaipur - 302018, Rajasthan	28.39	24.37	0.00
		Sun System of Information Technology, 53, Tej Mand, Sadar Thana Road, Alwar, Rajasthan	0.00	9.08	0.00
12	Tripura	School of Science, At-Kungaban, Distt-West Tripura, Tripura	0.00	9.00	0.00
13	West Bengal	North Bengal Sukhanta Pally Foundation of Global Environment, At-Paul Bhawan, Shivmandir, PO- Kadamtala, Distt-Darjeeling, W. B.	0.00	9.00	2.3
		Grand Total	280.88	300.00	86.27

STATEWISE SUMMARY OF ANNEXURE 11 - B

STATEWISE RELEASES MADE TO PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS/STATE GOVERNMENT DURING THE YEARS 2008-09T O 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME OF COACHING FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

(Rs. in Lakhs)

				(KS. III Lakiis)
S.No.	Name of the State	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31-12-2010)
1.	Chhattisgarh	55.01	41.41	0.00
2.	Delhi	59.81	53.03	2.81
3.	Gujarat	8.29	0.00	0.00
4.	Jharkhand	0.00	25.65	26.20
5.	Madhya Pradesh	75.55	86.86	22.90
6.	Manipur	0.00	6.20	6.10
7.	Orissa	22.83	9.32	12.80
8.	Rajasthan	59.39	59.53	13.16
9.	Tripura	0.00	9.00	0.00
10.	West Bengal	0.00	9.00	2.30
	TOTAL	280.88	300.00	86.27

ANNEXURE 11-C

STATE-WISE LIST OF ORGANISATIONS FUNDED DURING 2008-09 TO 2010-11(AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME OF 'STRENGTHENING EDUCATION AMONG SCHEDULED TRIBE GIRLS IN LOW LITERACY DISTRICTS'

	(Amount in Rs						
S.No	Name of the NGOs/Vos with Addresses	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11(as on 31-12-2010)			
AND	OHRA PRADESH						
1	A.P. Tribal Welfare Ashram and Residential Education Institution Society, Hyderabad, A.P (31 Units)	189418110	173912250	0			
2	Chaitanaya Educational and Rural Development, Dist.Cuddapah, A.P.	699000	1362000	0			
3	Sarojini Devi Harijan Mahila Mandali, H.No.11-10-635, Burahanpuram, Khammam, A.P.	867000	0	0			
	Total	190984110	175274250	0			
ARU	NACHAL PRADESH						
4	Bharat Sevashram Sangha, Lakhra Road, Kahilipara, Guwahati, Assam (H. Qrs.) project at Pakke Kassang, East Kameng Distt., Arunachal Pradesh	375000	2204200	0			
	Total	375000	2204200	0			
CHE	ATTISGARH						
5	Vivekanand Institute of Social Health and Welfare Service, Narainpur, Dist.Baster, Chhattisgarh	3913218	2893762	1745720			
	Total	3913218	2893762	1745720			
GUJ	ARAT						
6	Gujarat State Tribal Development Residential Education Institute Society (GSITDREIS), Birsa Munda Bhawan, Gandhinagar (36 Units)	38708400	0	1500000			
7	Lok Niketan, At/PO – Ratanpur, Taluk – Palanpur, Distt. – Banaskantha, Pin – 385 001, Gujarat	1352200	2821147	2650773			
8	Shree Sarvodaya Ashram Trust, At/Po-Sanali, Ta-Danta, DistBanaskantha, Gujarat	508000	971758	0			
	Total	40568600	3792905	4150773			
JHA	RKHAND						
9	Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangha, Thakkar Bapa Samarak Sadan, New Delhi (H.Qrs.) Project at Lumbai	0	1134600	0			
10	Jharkhand Vikas Sanstha, L-104, Argara Housing Colony, Ranchi, Jharkhand	375000	0	2335999			
	Total	375000	1134600	2335999			

MA	DHYA PRADESH			
11	Adarsh Lok Kalyan Sanstha, J.R.Birla Road, Near Gyan Mandhi Hr.Sec.School, Satna, M.P. (2-Educational Complexes)	8184086	0	5832927
12	Amay Gramin Utthan Samiti, C.S.A. Marg, Ranapur, DisttJhabua, M.P. (Hostel Projects)	212500	0	1133539
13	Bandhewal Shiksha Samiti, 92, Old Nariyal Kheda, Bhopal, M.P.	4536700	3086700	0
14	Keshav Gramotthan Shikshan Samiti, VillTikriya, DisttDindori, M.P. (2 Educational Complexes)	750000	0	9223300
15	Madhya Pradesh Tribal Welfare Residential and Ashram Educational Institute Society, Satpura Bhavan, Bhopal, M.P.(13 Units)	14889200	0	0
16	M.P.Anusuchit Jati Janjati Pichda Varg Kalyan Samiti, 166-E, Muninagar, Ujjain, M.P.	2892100	0	2239141
17	Pushpa Convent Education Society, Pushpa Nagar, 3472830 Bhopal, M.P.		0	2496430
18	Pandey Shiksha Samiti, Village Bamraha, Satha, M.P.	0	0	4570000
19	Rajendra Ashram Trust, At/PO-Kathiwada, DisttJhabua, M.P.	2548400	0	2561772
20	20 Savya Sanchi Centre for Urban & Rural Development, AT-Amar Nikunj, Arjun Nagar, Sidhi, District-Sidhi, Pin - 486661, M.P.		5410639	5344539
21	Sri Ramakrishna Vivekananda Sevashram, Mai Ki Bagia, Amarkantak, District Anupur, Madhya Pradesh	2039693	0	0
22	Deendayal Research Institute, 7-E, Ramtirth Nagar, New Delhi (H.Qrs.) Project at Satna, M. P.	0	1080000	0
23	Gramin Seva Kendra, AT/PO-Mandlinathu, Tehsil-Ranapur, District Jhabua, Pin-457993, Madhya Pradesh	0	1845950	1849758
24	Madhya Pradesh Adivasi Sevak Sangh, Distt-Shahdol, Madhya Pradesh	0	0	10825000
	Total	39525509	11423289	46076406
MA	HARASHTRA			
25	Sandhi Niketan Shikshan Sanstha, Wadgaon, Dist.Nanded, M.S.	0	2770400	2193600
	Total	0	2770400	2193600
OR	ISSA			
26	Arun Institute of Rural Affairs, At: Aswakhola, PO:Karamul, Dist.Dhenkanal, Orissa	3428718	3071700	3681150
27	Bright Career Academy, At-Dolomandap, Chandanbad Area, PO-Jeypore, DisttKoraput, Pin - 764001, Orissa	2853444	3201256	0

20	C II (CT)	20.52005		
28	General Institute of Tribal Association (GITA), AT-Brahamanpad, Distt-Kandhamal, Orissa	3063000	0	0
29	Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Trust, At-Utkal Branch, PO-Satyabhamapur, Dist.Cuttack, Pin-754200, Orissa	459963	1206695	0
30	Koraput Development Foundation, AT-Lingraj Nagar, PO-Jeypore, Dist.Koraput, Orissa	3136700	3345795	0
31	Liberation Education and Action for Development (LEAD), At/PO-Jeypore, Vill.Sundergarh, Dist.Koraput, Orissa	3076700	2975027	0
32	Marr-Munning Ashram, Aurobindo Nagar, PO-Jeypore, DisttKoraput, Orissa	2446200	2246200	0
33	NYSADRI, At-Santhasara, PO-Santhapur, Dist.Dhenkanal, Orissa	2706110	2732455	0
34	Orissa Model Tribal Education Society, Bhubneswar, Orissa (19 Units)	82527800	78408342	2429778
35	PRAKALPA, At/PO-Jyotipur, DisttKeonjhar, Orissa	4876400	3417760	3968420
36	Servants of Indian Society, At/PO-Rayagada, Dist.Rayagada, Orissa	1336320	1196845	0
37	Seva Samaj, Dist.Rayagada, Orissa	0	3536400	0
38	Social Education for Environment and Development (SEED), N-2/152, IRC Village, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar, Orissa	2279990	2229990	0
39	Society for Nature Edu. & Health (SNEH), Plot No.ND 19-20, IRC Village, Nayapalli, VIP Area, Bhubaneswar, Orissa	0	6385250	0
40	Sri RamakrishnaAshram, At-Badarohila, Angul, Orissa	3094700	3128700	0
41	Tagore Society for Rural Development, Bhubaneswar, Orissa	3064904	784736	0
42	Sarvodaya Samiti, AT/PO-Koraput, Pin-764020, District- Koraput, Orissa	1015037	6015800	0
	Total	119365986	123882951	10079348
RA.	JASTHAN			
43	Janajati Mahila Vikas Sansthan, Anurag Niwas, Sawai Madhopur	1247257	0	0
44	Mewar Saririk Shiksha Samiti, Hinta, PO- Bhander, Udaipur, Rajasthan	0	8535523	4288047
45	Rajasthan Bal Kalyan Samiti, Vill/PO-Jhadol (Phalasia), Dist.Udaipur, Rajasthan	3645320	3088120	4212800
	Total	4892577	11623643	8500847
	Grand Total	40000000	335000000	75082693

STATEWISE SUMMARY OF ANNEXURE: 11-C

STATEWISE RELEASES MADE TO NGOs/STATE RUN AUTONOMOUS SOCIETIES DURING THE YEARS 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME OF STRENGTHENING EDUCATION AMONG SCHEDULED TRIBE GIRLS IN LOW LITERACY DISTRICTS

(113. III CI UI CS	(Rs.	in	Crores)
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				(Rs. in Crores)
S.No.	Name of the State	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31-12-2010)
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	19.10	17.53	0.00
2	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	0.04	0.22	0.00
3	CHHATTISGARH	0.39	0.29	0.17
4	GUJARAT	4.05	0.38	0.42
5	JHARKHAND	0.04	0.11	0.23
6	MADHYA PRADESH	3.95	1.14	4.61
7	MAHARASHTRA	0.00	0.28	0.22
8	ORISSA	11.94	12.39	1.01
9	RAJASTHAN	0.49	1.16	0.85
	Total	40.00	33.50	7.51

ANNEXURE 11-D

STATE-WISE OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATIONS FUNDED DURING 2008-09 TO 2010-11(AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING IN TRIBALAREAS

	(Amount in Rs.)					
Sl. No.						
AS	SAM					
1	Dr. Ambedkar Mission, Kamrup, Assam.	1410000	3000000	0		
2	Grama Vikas Parishad, PO-Jumarmur, Distt-Nagaon, Assam.	1398000	0	3120000		
3	Pathari Vocational Institute, Bar Library, Nagaon, Assam	1398000	2400000	0		
	Total	4206000	5400000	3120000		
GU	JARAT					
4	SEWA-Rural Society for Education Welfare & Action Gumandev, AT-Gumandev, PO:Kapalsadi, Tal:Jhagadia, Dist.Bharuch, Gujarat-393110	405000	0	0		
	Total	405000	0	0		
KA	RNATAKA					
5	Sri Manjunatha Swamy Vidya Sanstha, Davangere,	1398000	1940000	1108000		
	Total	1398000	1940000	1108000		
MA	MADHYAPRADESH					
6	Bandhewal Shiksha Samiti, Bhopal.	2820000	0	3120000		
	Total	2820000	0	3120000		
MEGHALAYA						
7	Nongkrem Youth Development Association, PO-Nongkrem, Via-Madamriting, Shillong-793021.	1398000	3288000	0		
	Total	1398000	3288000	0		
NA	GALAND					
8	Vitole Women Society Kohima, Nagaland	1716000	4686000	0		
9	Women Welfare Society Zunheboto, Nagaland	2796000	4686000	0		
	Total	4512000	9372000	0		
	Grand Total	14739000	20000000	7348000		

STATE-WISE SUMMARY OF ANNEXURE 11-D

STATEWISE RELEASES MADE TO NGOs DURING THE YEARS 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010 UNDER THE SCHEME OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING IN TRIBALAREAS (NGOs ONLY)

(Rs. in Crores)

			•	(Rs. III Crores)
S.No.	Name of the State	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31.1.2011)
1	Assam	0.420	0.540	0.31
2	Gujarat	0.040	0.000	0.00
3	Karnataka	0.140	0.194	0.11
4	Madhya Pradesh	0.280	0.000	0.31
5	Meghalaya	0.140	0.329	0.00
6	Nagaland	0.450	0.937	0.00
	Total	1.470	2.000	0.73

CHAPTER 12

Programmes for Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PTGs)

Scheme for Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Scheme of Development of Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs)

12.1 Among scheduled tribes, there are certain tribal communities who have declining or stagnant population, low level of literacy, pre-agricultural level of technology and are economically backward. 75 such groups in 17 States and 1 Union Territory of A & N islands have been identified and categorized as Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs). States/UT-wise list of PTGs is at Annexure:12-A. Most of these groups are small in number, have not attained any significant level of social and economic progress and generally inhabit remote localities having poor infrastructure and administrative support. Therefore, they become the most vulnerable sections among the scheduled tribes. Priorities are, therefore, required to be accorded for their protection and development, and checking the declining trend of their population.

12.2 Objective: Since PTGs constitute the most vulnerable section among scheduled tribes, it becomes necessary to allocate adequate funds from Central Sector/Centrally Sponsored and State Plan schemes for the socio-economic development of PTGs. However, it was observed that funds provided under other schemes for STs were not reaching the PTGs adequately. Therefore, in 1998-99, a separate 100% Central Sector Scheme for exclusive development of PTGs was started. Based on the knowledge and experience gathered meanwhile, the scheme was improved during 2007-08 and revised in 2008-09, to make it more effective.

12.3 Scope: The scheme covers only the 75 identified Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs) among scheduled tribes. The scheme is extremely flexible because it enables every State to focus on areas that they consider is relevant to their PTGs and their socio-cultural environment. Activities under it may include housing, land distribution, land development, agricultural development, cattle development, construction of link roads, installation of non-conventional sources of energy for lighting purpose, social security including Janshree Beema Yojana or any other innovative activity meant for the comprehensive socio-economic development of PTGs, more particularly for the PTGs who are nomadic in nature. The funds under this scheme are made available for those items/activities which are very crucial for the survival, protection and development of PTGs and are not specifically catered to by any other scheme of State or Central Government or by guidelines governing the utilization of funds under Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Plan and Article 275(1) of the Constitution. The general principle of convergence of funds and functionaries also applies.



A PTG Trainee

12.4 Implementation of the scheme (CCD Plans): During 2010-11 up to 31.12.2010, the implementation of long term "Conservation-cum-Development (CCD) Plan for PTGs" continued. It may be pointed out that these CCD Plans were prepared by the State Governments and Union Territory of A&N Islands for five years by adopting hamlet-habitat development approach on the basis of data obtained from baseline or other surveys conducted by them, and were approved by the Expert Committee of the Ministry. The CCD Plans indicate the annual provisions for each financial year and also the agency involved in implementation of that activity. The State Government/ UT Administration have been asked to ensure proportionate flow of financial resources for all PTGs found in their State and the activities to be taken with a proper mix of interventions through the State/UT Government and NGOs. The duplication of intervention in same area has to be avoided. The delivery mechanism has to be strengthened through innovative plans and procedures. Uttar Pradesh has not yet submitted its CCD Plan.

12.5 Examination and approval of the CCD Plans

An Expert Committee examines the CCD Plans submitted by State Governments/UT Administration. The constitution of the Expert Committee is as follows:

- 1. Secretary, M/o Tribal Affairs Chairperson.
- 2. Joint Secretary concerned M/o Tribal Affairs Co-Chairperson.
- 3. Adviser, Planning Commission
- 4. Director, National Commission for STs
- Expert from Anthropological Survey of India for PTGs
- 6. Director (SG-I & SG-II), M/o Tribal Affairs
- 7. Director/Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare dealing with National Rural Health Mission

8. Director/Deputy Secretary (NGO) - Member-Secretary

Chairperson has the liberty to co-opt any other officer(s)/non-official expert as member(s) as and when required.

- **12.6** Funds have been released during 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) to 10 States viz. Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Tripura and Andaman & Nicobar on the basis of prioritized activities in accordance with the approved CCD Plans.
- 12.7 The State Governments are required to furnish a schedule of activities to be undertaken and the time likely for their continuance or completion so that project progress monitoring is efficient. They are also required to ensure that at the field level, a proper delivery mechanism is put in place and the CCD Plans are implemented under the supervision of a Committee constituted by the State Government for the purpose.
- **12.8 Implementing Agency**: The scheme is implemented in accordance with CCD Plans by the State/UT through various agencies of the State Government/UT Administration like Integrated Tribal Development Projects (ITDPs)/Integrated Tribal Development Agencies (ITDAs), Tribal Research Institutes (TRIs), and also Non- Governmental Organizations (NGOs).
- **12.9 Pattern of Funding:** It is a 100% Central Sector Scheme. The funds are generally released to States/NGOs in one installment in accordance with the annual programme proposed for a particular financial year in the CCD Plan. Funds in favour of NGOs are released directly by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, in accordance with CCD Plan.
- **12.10 Monitoring:** The implementation of the CCD Plan is required to be monitored by the officials of the Ministry and such independent agencies as may be appointed by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs for the purpose. The Ministry reserves the right to prescribe

formats or guidelines for improving monitoring the progress anytime. At the end of each financial year, the State Government/UT Administration are required to submit a progress report in the prescribed format to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs. This report is also required to include the works undertaken by the NGOs.

Janashree Beema Yojana (JBY)

12.11 During the year 2004-05, the Ministry decided to provide insurance cover to one earning member of each PTG family throughout the country under Janashree Beema Yojana of the Life Insurance Corporation of India and cover all PTG families within the remaining 3 years of the Tenth Five Year Plan. During 2004-05, an amount of Rs.5.00 crore was released to 16 States to cover 1 lakh earning members of PTG families and during 2005-06, Rs.10.00 crore was released to 15 States/UTs to cover 2 lakh earning members of PTG families. During 2006-07, Rs.5.48 crore was released to 9 States to cover 1.095 lakh earning members of PTG families. During 2007-08, Rs.1.12 crore was released to 04 States to cover 22400 earning members of PTG families. During 2008-09 no State/UT demanded funds for this scheme. Thus in total, Rs.21.59 crore has been released to cover 4,31,900 earning heads of PTG families since 2004-05. The year-wise details of release of funds to States/UT under Janashree Beema Yojana are at Annexure: 12 B. Following benefits would be provided to those whose lives have been insured:

- Payment of Rs.50,000/- to nearest kith and kin of the person whose life is insured in case of accidental death or permanent disability caused;
- ii) Payment of Rs.20,000/- to nearest kith and kin in case of natural death;

- iii) Payment of Rs.20,000/- in case of partial disability; and
- iv) Educational grant of Rs.300/- per quarter for 2 children of the life insured, studying in Class IX and above.

12.12 Allocation: The approved outlay for entire 11th Plan period is Rs.670.00 crore. The annual allocation made under the scheme of Development of PTGs during 2010-11 and the expenditure incurred has been given in Table 12.1 along with details of allocation and expenditure of previous two years:

(Rs.in crore)

Table 12.1: Allocation and releases from 2008-09 to 2010-11 Year BE RE Expenditure 2008-09 178.00 194.00** 192.07 2009-10 160.00 83.62 ** 83.62 2010-11 185.00 244.20 ** 178.87 (up to 31.12.2010)

12.13 Performance during the year: On the basis of the CCD Plans, during 2010-11, Rs.178.87 crore has been released to 10 States. The statement of funds released during 2010-11(up to 31.12.2010) and the previous two years under the scheme is at **Annexure 12 C.**

^{**} Includes funds from NE Pool.

ANNEXURE 12-A

NAME OF THE PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS (PTGs) (EARLIER CALLED AS PRIMITIVE TRIBAL GROUPS) - STATE / UT WISE

Sl. No.	Name of State /UT		Name of PTG
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1.	Bodo Gadaba
		2.	Bondo Poroja
		3.	Chenchu
		4.	6
		5.	
		6.	J
		7.	
			Kondareddi Konda Savaras
			Kutia Khond
		11.	
		12.	•
2.	Bihar (including	13.	Asurs
	Jharkhand)	14.	Birhor
	,	15.	Birjia
		16.	Hill Kharia
		17.	Korwas
			Mal Paharia
			Parhaiyas
			Sauria Paharia
		21.	Savar
3.	Gujarat		Kathodi
			Kotwalia
			Padhar
		25.	
4	T7 . 1	26.	
4.	Karnataka	27.	
		28.	
5.	Kerala	29.	Cholanaikayan
			(a section of
		20	Kattunaickans)
		30. 31.	
			Kattunayakan Kurumbas
		33.	
6.	Madhya Pradesh	34.	<u> </u>
0.	(including	35.	J
	Chhattisgarh)	36.	· ·
	,		Hill Korbas
			Kamars
		39.	
		40.	Birhor

Sl. No.	Name of State / UT		Name of PTG
7.	Maharashtra	41.	Katkaria
			(Kathodia)
		42.	Kolam
		43.	Maria Gond
8.	Manipur	44.	Marram Nagas
9.	Orissa	45.	Birhor
			Bondo
			Didayi
			Dongria-Khond
			Juangs
			Kharias
			Kutia Kondh
			Lanjia Sauras
			Lodhas
			Mankidias
			Paudi Bhuyans
			Soura
		57.	Chuktia Bhunjia
10.	Rajasthan	58.	Seharias
11.	Tamil Nadu	59.	Kattu
			Nayakans
			Kotas
		61.	Kurumbas
		62.	Irulas
			Paniyans
		64.	Todas
12.	Tripura	65.	Reangs
13.	Uttar Pradesh	66.	Buxas
	(including	67.	Rajis
	Uttarakhand)		
14.	West Bengal	68.	Birhor
	9	69.	
		70.	
15	Andaman &	71.	Great
	Nicobar Islands		Andamanese
		72.	Jarawas
		73.	Onges
			Sentinelese
		75.	Shom Pens

(*Source* - Report of the Working Group on Development of Scheduled Tribes during Seventh Five Year Plan - 1985-90)

ANNEXURE 12-B

STATEMENT SHOWING AMOUNT RELEASED SINCE 2004-05 FOR JANSHREE BIMA YOJANA (JBY) UNDER THE SCHEME OF DEVELOPMENT OF PRTICULARILY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS

													(Rs. i	(Rs. in lakhs)
SI. No.	Name of the State	Estimated Number	Amount released	Targeted no. of										
		of families *	during 2004-05	families for 2004-05	during 2005-06	families for 2005-06	during 2006-07	families for 2006-07	during 2007-08	families for 2007-08	during 2008-09	families for 2008-09	during 2009-10*	families for 2009-10*
1	2	3	4	w	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	AndhraPradesh	28000	00:09	12000	120.00	24000	110.00	22000	00:89	13600	000	0000	0	0
2	Bihar	5920	5:00	1000	10.00	2000	000	0	000	0	000	000	0	0
3	Chhattisgarh	45500	40:00	8000	00:06	18000	000	0	0000	0	000	000	0	0
4	Gujarat	26000	25.00	2000	50.00	10000	55.00	11000	0000	0	000	000	0	0
5	Jharkhand	72000	70:00	14000	145.00	29000	000	0	000	0	0000	000	0	0
9	Kerala	4500	250	200	5.00	1000	15.00	3000	0000	0	000	000	10:00	2000
7	Kamataka	0058	10:00	2000	20:00	4000	12.50	2500	539	1078	000	000	0	0
∞	Madhya Pradesh	00006	100:00	20000	200:00	40000	150.00	30000	00:0	0	0.00	000	0	0
6	Maharashtra	70000	70.00	14000	140.00	28000	0000	0	00:0	0	00:00	0000	0	0
10	Manipur	2500	10:00	2000	250	500	000	0	0000	0	000	000	0	0
11	Orissa	16000	12.50	2500	25.00	5000	42.50	8200	13.61	2772	000	000	0	0
12	Rajasthan	14000	12.50	2500	25.00	5000	0000	0	00:0	0	000	000	0	0
13	TamilNadu	40000	40:00	0008	80:00	16000	80:00	16000	00:0	0	000	000	0	0
41	Tripura	25000	25.00	2000	50.00	10000	50.00	10000	25.00	5000	000	0000	0	0
15	Uttranchal/UP	0059	2.50	200	7.10	1420	0000	0	000	0	000	0000	0	0
16	WestBengal	15500	15.00	3000	30.00	0009	32.50	0059	000	0	000	0000	0	0
17	A&NIslands	80	0000	0	0.40	80	0000	0	000	0	000	000	0	0
	Total	200000	500.00	100000	1000.00	200000	547.50	109500	112.00	22400	0.00	0.00	10.00	2000

^{*} No demand has been received from the States/UT during 2009-10 and 2010-11 for fresh cases.

ANNEXURE 12-C

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT RELEASED TO STATES/UTs/NGOs UNDER THE CENTRAL SECTOR SCHEME OF DEVELOPMENT OF PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS (EARLIER KNOWN AS SCHEME OF DEVELOPMENT OF PRIMITIVE TRIBAL GROUPS PTGs) (PTGs) DURING 2008-09 TO 2010-11(AS ON 31-12-2010)

					(Rs. in Lakhs)
Sl. No.	Name of the State/UT	Name of Implementing Agency States/NGOs	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31-12-2010)
1	Andhra Pradesh	1) Govt. of Andhra Pradesh	985.000	0.000	0.000
2	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1) Andaman Adim Janjati Vikas Samiti, A & N Islands	0.000	0.000	184.000
3	Chattisgarh	1) Govt.of Chattisgarh	615.330	0.000	2244.790
		2) VISHWAS, Narayanpur, Distt. Bastar	0.000	10.696	0.000
		3) Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Naryanpur, Distt. Bastar	0.000	6.893	0.000
4	Gujarat	1) Govt. of Gujarat	1943.220	0.000	0.000
5	Jharkhand	1) Govt.of Jharkhand	1068.000	0.000	0.000
		2) Bharat Sewa Ashram Sangha, Sonari, Jamshedpur	165.885	168.595	155.856
		3) Bharat Sevahsram Sangha, Pakur, WB	28.265	53.436	0.000
		4) Bharat Sevashram Sangh, Barajuri, Via-Ghatsila, Jharkhand	37.829	50.000	3.542
6	Kerala	1) Govt. of Kerala	960.000	10.000	0.000
7	Karnataka	1) Govt. of Karnataka	3227.000	0.000	6000.000
		2) Swami Vivekanada Youth Movement, Hanchipura Road, Saragur, Tal H.D. Kote, Distt Mysore- 571 121, Karnataka	19.275	20.474	0.000
8	Madhya Pradesh	1) Govt. of Madhya Pradesh	3754.900	5067.800	5428.200
9	Maharashtra	1) Govt. of Maharashtra	2007.980	556.125	1451.855
		2) Maharogi Sewa Samiti, Warora (Lok Biradari Prakalp), Hemalkasa, PO-Bhamragad, Distt-Gadchiroli, Pin - 442710, M.S.	0.000	28.194	0.000
10	Orissa	1) Govt. of Orissa	1243.000	1228.700	1226.680
11	Rajasthan	1) Govt. of Rajasthan	1120.490	0.000	400.000
12	Tamil Nadu	1) Govt. of Tamil Nadu	673.000	0.000	476.000
		Nilgiris Adiwasi Welfare Association, Kotagiri, Nilgiris	52.870	61.663	0.000
13	Tripura	1) Govt. of Tripura	403.000	461.800	315.700
14	Uttrakhand	1) Govt. of Uttrakhand	0.000	100.140	0.000
15	West Bengal	1) Govt. of West Bengal	901.740	537.235	0.000
	GRANDTOTAL		19206.784	8361.751	17886.623

STATEWISE SUMMARY OF ANNEXURE 12 - C

STATEWISE RELEASES MADE TO STATE/UT/NGOs DURING THE YEARS 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (AS ON 31-12-2010) UNDER THE SCHEME DEVELOPMENT OF PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS (EARLIER KNOWNAS SCHEME OF DEVELOPMENT OF PRIMITIVE TRIBAL GROUPS (PTGs)

			_	(Rs. in Lakhs)
S.No.	Name of the State	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 (as on 31-12-2010)
1	Andhra Pradesh	985.000	0.000	0.00
2	Chattisgarh	615.330	17.589	2244.79
3	Gujarat	1943.220	0.000	0.00
4	Jharkhand	1299.979	272.031	159.40
5	Kerala	960.000	10.000	0.00
6	Karnataka	3246.275	20.474	6000.00
7	Madhya Pradesh	3754.900	5067.800	5428.20
8	Maharashtra	2007.980	584.319	1451.86
9	Orissa	1243.000	1228.700	1226.68
10	Rajasthan	1120.490	0.000	400.00
11	Tamil Nadu	725.870	61.663	476.00
12	Tripura	403.000	461.800	315.70
13	Uttrakhand	0.000	100.140	0.00
14	West Bengal	901.740	537.235	0.00
15	Andaman & Nicobar	0.000	0.000	184.00
	Total	19206.784	8361.751	17886.62

CHAPTER 13 Research, Information and Mass Media

13.1 Research

The importance of research into issues concerning people of such great anthropological value as Scheduled Tribes cannot be under emphasized. While such research is currently undertaken by many organisations, like the Anthropological Survey of India, by universities and other institutions, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs also considers it important to fund such research to a limited extent. The scheme of research for the Ministry of Tribal Affairs has two components namely:

- (1) Grants to Tribal Research Institutes on 50-50 sharing basis between State and the Centre;
- (2) Supporting projects of all India or inter State nature. The grant is provided on 100% basis to institutes, organizations and universities for conducting research, evaluation studies, holding seminars/workshops and for publication of literature relating to tribal issues.

Grants- in-aid to Tribal Research Institutes

- 13.2 Under the scheme, so far 18 Tribal Research Institutes (TRIs) have been set up in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Manipur, Tripura and Union Territory of Andaman & Nicobar Islands.
- **13.3** The Ministry of Tribal Affairs releases 50% central share to the State Governments and 100% to Union Territories for the Tribal Research Institutes, for meeting the expenses, including administrative costs.

- 13.4 These institutes are engaged in the work of providing planning inputs to the State Governments, conducting research and evaluation studies, collection of data, conducting training, seminars and workshops, documentation of customary laws, setting up of tribal museum for exhibiting tribal artifacts, and other related activities.
- 13.5 As part of the research activities of the Tribal Research Institutes (TRIs) the Ministry also supports construction of tribal museums within the premises of the TRIs to preserve the tribal art, craft and material culture.
- 13.6 In order to effectively coordinate all the functions presently being carried out in Tribal Research Institutes (TRIs) throughout the country, as well as for new activities, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs has evolved the concept of Nodal TRI (NTRI). The NTRI is to provide policy inputs to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, carry out and coordinate research and evaluation studies, and undertake other related activities for the TRIs which are clubbed under their charge. The following table indicates the selected NTRIs and the linked TRIs:

Nodal TRI	Other TRIs in Group
Orissa	Andhra Pradesh, Jharkhand, West Bengal and Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
Maharashtra	Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu and Gujarat.
Madhya Pradesh	Chhattisgarh, Uttar Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh and Rajasthan.
Assam	Manipur and Tripura.

The aims and objectives of NTRIs are as under:

- a) provide policy inputs to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs as well as State Welfare Departments;
- design studies and programmes that improve or support socio-economic aspects of tribal lifestyles;
- to become a nerve-centre of tribal concerns, issues and matters in academic, executive and legislative fields;
- d) coordinate and network with related research institutes and organizations as well as academic bodies;
- e) set up norms for improvement in the quality of research and training

The BE for 2010-11 is Rs.13.00 crore which includes Rs 1.00 crore for NE States against which Rs. 6.00 crore of expenditure is expected during the year.

Supporting Projects of All-India or Inter-State nature

- 13.7 This scheme is in operation since 1979-80 for dissemination of knowledge about tribal issues, and developmental schemes/works through study, seminars/workshops and publication of tribal literature. Under the scheme financial support is extended to Non Governmental Organisations/ Institutions/ Universities on 100% basis for the following:
- i.) Research and Evaluation studies;
- ii.) Workshops/ Seminars helpful in orienting developmental programmes for the Scheduled Tribes and disseminating knowledge and experience concerning tribal people and their areas; and
- iii.) Publication of literature on tribal development.
- 13.8 For Research studies, assistance is provided to

the Universities/ Institutions/ Non Governmental Organizations to carry out research/evaluation studies. The research grant is ordinarily given up to a maximum of Rs. 2.50 lakh for each project to be completed within 12 months.

- **13.9** Research Institutions/ Non-Governmental Organisations/ Universities desirous of undertaking research/evaluation studies are required to apply in accordance with the guidelines provided under the scheme.
- **13.10** Scrutiny and Sanction: The project/proposals are scrutinized and selection is made by Research Advisory Committee, consisting of eminent persons in the field of tribal affairs/ development, set up under the chairmanship of a Joint Secretary level officer of Ministry of Tribal Affairs.
- **13.11** Grants for balance installments for research studies were released to 4 organisations. Applications have been invited from institutions/NGOs for organizing Seminars/Workshops during 2010-11. The proposals are under consideration of the Ministry. During the financial year 2010-11, against the budget outlay of Rs. 100.00 lakhs, an amount of Rs. 20.00 lakh was released till 31-12-2010.
- 13.12 Grants-in-aid for workshops/ seminars are released to Institutions/ Non Governmental Organizations/Universities or a group of institutions for organizing workshops/ seminars which help in disseminating research findings, identifying thrust areas, promoting arts, culture and tradition of tribal groups, issues relating to tribal development. The proposals are scrutinised and selection is made by an internal Selection Committee consisting of officers from different divisions of the Ministry set up under the chairmanship of the Joint Secretary level officer of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs.
- **13.13** Quantum of Assistance: The grant is provided to institutions/ Non Governmental Organizations on the following pattern:

Duration of seminar/ (Amount in Rs.) workshop

For one day 50,000/For two days 75,000/-

For three days(in exceptional cases 1,00,000/-

where field tour is essential)

13.14 To encourage eminent authors/writers/scholars to write on or translate good books on tribal development, including on non-written tribal folklores, the Ministry provides grants, preferably to an institution to which such persons are affiliated, up to Rs. 30,000/- for a single project/book. During 2010-11, an amount of Rs. 30,000 has been sanctioned to SNDT Women's University, Mumbai for publication of a book on "Development of Primitive Tribes in India".

Monitoring & Evaluation Studies

13.15 Under this scheme various schemes/ projects implemented by Ministry of Tribal Affairs for the welfare and development of STs, are evaluated through specialized agencies and 100% grant is provided by the Ministry.

13.16 Out of the BE of Rs. 2.00 crore during 2010-11, an amount of Rs. 37.62 lakh has been released up to 31.12.2010. M/s Vayam Technologies Ltd., Thapar House, 124, Janpath, Connaught Place, New Delhi-110001 has been appointed as an independent Nodal Monitoring Agency for Independent concurrent monitoring of projects for the period 2010-13. Rs. 1.70 crore is expected to be utilized under this head during 2010-11.

Information and Mass Media

13.17 A pamphlet containing the broad features of the various schemes implemented by the Ministry has been brought out for dissemination through distribution to the State/UT Governments /implementing agencies to

facilitate them in the implementation process. The Ministry also releases advertisements in newspapers from time to time highlighting the schemes/programmes implemented for the benefits of Schedulted Tribes.

13.18 The expenditure as on 31-12-2010 under this subscheme 'Advertising and Publicity' is Rs.2.89 crore against the BE 2010-11 of Rs.3.00 crore.

Organization of Tribal Festivals

13.19 The scheme 'Organization of Tribal Festivals' envisages increasing the participation of Scheduled Tribes in sports and culture at local, District, State and National levels by encouraging their inherent talent and ensuring participation at national and international events. Under the scheme cultural melas, festivals and sports meet are organized at the State and National level encouraging tribal artists/folk art performers and sports persons and preserving, promoting and disseminating tribal arts and traditional tribal sports.

13.20 The scheme addresses itself mainly to the well-identified and urgent need for creating awareness, promotion and dissemination of tribal art and culture and traditional sporting events.

13.21 The Scheme also supports/provides grants to the State governments for organizing tribal cultural festivals and traditional sports event, etc. in their own environment.

13.22 To unveil the various facets of tribal life, the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, in collaboration with the Photo

Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting organized the 4th National Level Photo Competition with the theme "Artistic Expression of Tribal Women" in November, 2010. Such photo competitions encourage



"Creation" by Prasenjit Dhar, West Bengal 1st Prize winner, 4h National Level Photo Contest, 2010.

all amateur and tribal photographers to look for the unique facets of tribal life and capture them in artistic ways for display, communication and enjoyment. Out of the overwhelming response from contestants all over the country, an expert jury finalized 13 award winning entries, 3 main awards and 10 commendation awards out of 1239 photographs received from 186 entries across 22 States/ UTs. The award winners will be felicitated during the Tribal Festival PRAKRITI proposed to be organised in March, 2011.

13.23 The National Tribal Festival "**Prakriti**" is proposed to be organised from 16-18 March, 2011 in New Delhi. The allocation under this scheme in BE 2010-11 is Rs. 1.75 crore.

National Tribal Awards

13.24 Ministry has introduced a scheme 'National Tribal Awards' from 2007-08. The award is known as the Rashtriya Janjatiya Puraskar. In spite of adverse conditions in which Scheduled Tribe population live, several members of the Scheduled Tribes manage to excel in different fields. Their achievements are made all the more precious by the fact that the success has been achieved with strength, initiative and determination in the face of adversity and difficulties. Such success stories should be publicly recognized so that the individuals concerned become role models for future generations of the tribal population. Such recognition will also go a long way in reinforcing a positive image of tribal people and in molding the societal mind to accept and encourage the versatile roles of tribal people in Indian society. In order to recognize such achievements, annual National Tribal Awards have been instituted. To facilitate selection of deserving achievers, the scheme guidelines have been revised putting in place a transparent nomination process both at the district and State levels. As proposals could not be received within the stipulated time during the current year, the States are being requested to take necessary steps to ensure that the names of the achievers in various fields are sent in time for consideration during 2011-12.

Nature of Award

A. National Award for the Best Janjatiya Achiever:

There are two awards (preferably one for a male Scheduled Tribe achiever and the other for a female Scheduled Tribe achiever) covering any of the fields, namely: (i) Sports, (ii) Education, (iii) Culture, (iv) Science, Technology, Entrepreneurship and Biodiversity conservation and any other field (outstanding contribution).

Each award carries an amount of Rs. 2.00 lakh, a citation and a trophy.

B. National Award for Exemplary Community Service rendered to the Scheduled Tribes:

There would be one award for the exemplary contribution towards the development of any scheduled tribe community by individuals and organizations namely, NGOs and Voluntary Organizations and Community based Groups. The award in this category carries a cash prize of Rs. 5.00 lakh, a citation and a trophy.

C. National Award for the best performing ITDP/ITDA:

There will be one award for the best performing Integrated Tribal Development Project (ITDP)/ Integrated Tribal Development Agency (ITDA). This award carries a cash prize of Rs. 5.00 lakh, a citation and a trophy. ITDP/ ITDA will be required to use the award money for creation of community assets. The Award money can be dovetailed with money available under any of their scheme or their own funds.

Centres of Excellence

13.25 Research Institutes and Organizations have been receiving financial support from the Ministry of Tribal

Affairs for carrying out short-term research and extension work among tribal communities in the country. In order to continue the research studies on regular basis, Ministry of Tribal Affairs has identified, through rigorous selection process, and recognized the following institutes/organizations as Centres of Excellence to involve them for working out a long term and policy oriented research studies for the development of tribals of the country:

- National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad;
- b. BAIF Development Research Foundation, Pune;
- Bhasha Research & Documentation Centre, Vadodra.

13.26 The broad objectives of the Scheme is to enhance and strengthen the institutional resource capabilities of various NGOs, Research Institutes and University Departments to conduct qualitative, action oriented and policy research on tribal communities.

13.27 The areas of work where financial assistance is provided include inter alia research on tribal minor forests produce (MFP) rights; women rights in the Vth and VIth Schedule Areas; research studies on migration, displacement, resettlement and rehabilitation of minor and major project affected tribal families/ tribal areas; organization of seminars/ workshops on matters related to tribals issues etc; documentation of tribal artifacts, etc.

13.28 The Institutes/organizations declared as Centres of Excellence are provided 100% grants-in-aid by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs. The allocation in BE 2010-11 is Rs. 100.00 lakhs.

Exchange of Visits by Tribals

13.29 Exchange of visits by the Scheduled Tribes (STs) is one of the ongoing schemes implemented by the Ministry with an endeavor to cultivate the spirit of

oneness. It is specifically aimed at knowledge sharing and knowledge acquisition by both the host and the visiting tribal groups in order to emulate and draw lessons from best practices and lifestyles across States.

The objectives of the scheme of exchange of visits by tribals include inter-alia:

- Enhancing the exposure of the Scheduled Tribes, including students and teachers, resulting in better appreciation of various development, welfare and educational programmes under implementation as well as cultural and social practices adopted across different States/Tribes;
- ii) Acquainting the Scheduled Tribes with the latest techniques of agriculture, animal husbandry, processing of Non-Timber Forest Produce (NTFP), small scale industries, etc.;
- iii) Encouraging sports development and/or cultural programmes, thereby being catalytic in improving and harnessing their inherent talent.

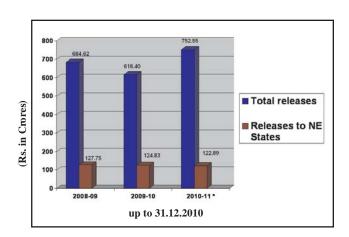
13.30 According to the scheme, each team/group can consist of 10 tribals. Each group will have representatives to include a maximum of four tribals from one community and five women of a local body. No member will, however, be entitled to be selected for more than one visit in one year or in four successive years. High school students, teachers and TRIs/Autonomous District Councils/ Village Councils would be given preference in the selection. The participants are allowed to travel by 3 tier AC in trains. The arrangements for accommodation and visits are made by the host State. The participants are also paid a daily allowance during the period of the visit. The Ministry, subject to the norms fixed in this regard, meets the expenditure incurred by the States/UTs on their visit in full. The allocation in BE 2010-11 is Rs. 45.00 lakhs against which Rs. 10.00 lakhs has been released upto 31.12.2010.

Focus on the North Eastern States

Tribal Development in the North Eastern States

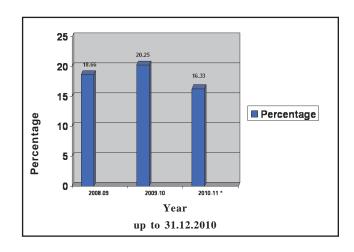
- 14.1 In terms of the guidelines issued by the Planning Commission, all Central Ministries/Departments are required to earmark at least 10 per cent of their budget allocation for specific programmes for the development of the North Eastern Region and Sikkim. Pursuant to these guidelines, the Ministry has been allocating funds for development of the North-Eastern including Sikkim. The funds provided are usually in excess of 10 per cent of the total budget allocation.
- 14.2 The Ministry releases grants to the State Governments under various Central Sector and Centrally Sponsored Schemes. It also releases grants under the Schemes of Grant-in-Aid to Non-Governmental organizations working in various States/UTs directly under the Schemes of 'Grant-in-Aid to NGOs', Strengthening of Education of ST Girls in Low Literary Districts, Vocational Training Centers and the Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PTGs). The grants under all the schemes excepting grants to States as Special Central Assistance to the Tribal Sub-Plan and under Article 275(1) of the Constitution of India are released on receipt of new proposals from the State Governments and subject to the availability of funds under the schemes. The Ministry has been giving adequate attention to release the grants to the North-Eastern States under such Central Sector and Centrally Sponsored schemes and has ensured a flow of at least 10 per cent of the budget allocation under these schemes to the North Eastern States.
- 14.3 The position of releases under the Centrally Sponsored Schemes and the Central Sector Schemes along with releases made to the North Eastern States for the period from 2008-09 to 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) is indicated in Annexure-14-A. This information is also given in the Fig. 14(i).

Releases made in Central Sector & Centrally Sponsored Schemes - Fig.14(i)



14.4 The year-wise percentage flow of funds to the North Eastern States under Central Sector Schemes and Centrally Sponsored Schemes for the period 2008-09 to 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) is given in Fig. 14(ii) below.

Percentage flow of funds to North Eastern States & Sikkim under Central Sector and Centrally Sponsored Schemes-Fig.14 (ii)



14.5 Similar figures for the Financial Year 2010-11 (up to 31.12.2010) are given in Annexure-14-B. □

ANNEXURE 14-A

YEAR-WISE RELEASES TO NORTH EASTERN STATES INCLUDING SIKKIM DURING 2008-09 TO 2010-11 (UPTO 31.12.10)

(Rs. in crores) **Schemes / Programmes** 2008-09 2009-10 * 2010-11** SI. No. Total N.E. Total N.E. **Total** N.E. 353.08 Central Sector Schemes I 22.41 230.28 19.89 295.71 18.23 II Centrally Sponsored Schemes 331.54 105.34 386.12 104.94 456.84 104.66 Sub Total (I+II) 684.62 127.75 616.40 124.83 752.55 122.89 20.25 % releases to N.E. against I & II 18.66 16.33 Ш Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Plan 780.87 122.98 481.24 743.65 51.33 61.37 IV Grant Under Article 275(1) of the Constitution 339.78 33.37 399.10 35.75 733.11 31.49 V ACA for Educational Development of Tribal Children in Schedule-V areas and Naxal affected areas 0.00 0.00 500.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1805.27 284.10 1996.74 211.91 | 2229.31 215.75 Total (I to V) 15.74 % releases to N.E. against I to V 10.61 9.68

^{*} as per appropriation account stage III

^{** (}upto 31.12.10)

ANNEXURE 14-B

AMOUNT RELEASED TO THE NORTH EASTERN STATES UNDER VARIOUS SCHEMES / PROGRAMMES DURING 2010-11 (AS ON 31.12.10)

	(Rs. in crore								crore)			
S. No.	State	Assam	Aruna- chal Pradesh	Manipur	Megha- laya	Mizoram	Naga- land	Sikkim	Tripura	Total	All India Total *	*% share of NES to the All India releases
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Α	Central Sector Schemes											
1	Grants-in-aid to NGOs for STs including Coaching & Allied Scheme and Award for Exemplary Service	0.61	4.39	3.10	2.98	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.32	11.55	29.61	39.01
2	Vocational Training in Tribal Areas											
Ш	State	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	5.63	53.29
	NGO	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.73	42.47
3	Strengthening of Education among ST girls in low literacy Districts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.28	0.00
4	Market Development of Tribal Products/Produce	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00	0.00
5	Grant-in-aid to State Tribal Develop- ment Cooperlative Corporations for Minor Forest Produce	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.21	7.01	3.00
6	Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PTG)											
	NGO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00
	State	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.16	3.16	175.44	1.80
7	Support to National /State Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corporations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship for ST students	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.68	0.00
9	Scheme of Institute of Excellence / Top Class Institute	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.44	0.00
10	National Overseas Scholarship Scheme	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
В	Centrally Sponsored Schemes											
1	Scheme of Post Matric Scholarships, Book Bank and Upgradation of Merit of ST students	28.81	0.24	24.60	5.16	16.34	9.34	0.60	3.84	88.93	320.47	27.75
2	Scheme of Hostels for ST Girls & Boys	0.00	0.75	13.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.48	74.80	19.36
3	Esblishment of Ashram Schools in TSP Areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	54.17	0.00
4	Research Information, Mass Education, Tribal Festival and Others											
	Research Training (2225)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	National Tribal Affairs Award	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Information & Mass Media	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.90	0.00
	Centre of Excellence	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Supporating project of All-India or Inter- State nature	0.0067	0.00	0.0067	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0134	0.1973	6.79
	Organisation of Tribal Festival	0.0007	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.1973	0.79
	Exchange of visits by Tribals	0.0169	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0169		39.58
	Research & Training-Grant-in-aid to TRIs (3601)	0.3268	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40		3.6630	33.22
	Grand Total	0.3504	0.00	0.4967	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	1.2471	6.8030	18.33
5	Monitoring and Evaluation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
6	Information Technology	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
C	Special Central Assistance											
1	Special Central Assistance to TSP	35.00	0.00	5.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64	18.79	61.37	743.65	8.25
2	Grants-in-aid under Article 275(1) of the Constitution	0.00	0.00	5.31	0.00	5.00	8.00	2.260	10.92		733.11	4.30
	Total	66.58	5.38	53.18	8.14	22.84	17.49	4.50	37.64	215.75	2229.31	9.68

^{*} provisional (As per P&AO)

CHAPTER 15 Gender Issues

15.1 The Constitution not only grants equality to women, but also empowers the State to adopt measures of positive discrimination in favour of women. Within the framework of a democratic polity, our laws, development policies, plans and programmes have aimed at women's advancement in different spheres. The National Commission for Women was set up by an Act of Parliament in 1990 to safeguard the rights and legal entitlements of women. The 73rd and 74th Amendments (1993) to the Constitution of India have provided for reservation of seats in the local bodies of Panchayats and Municipalities for women, laying a strong foundation for their participation in decision making at the local levels.

15.2 Active participation of women in the entire development process is essential for the overall socioeconomic development of any country. Therefore, raising the status of women in general and that of socially and economically backward women in particular is not just a moral imperative but also a strategic one.

15.3 The Ministry of Tribal Affairs is concerned about the well-being of the Scheduled Tribes who suffer as a group due to their social and economic backwardness and relative isolation. The major policies of the Ministry are accordingly aimed to ensure the overall development of both Schedule Tribe men and women. However, within the Scheduled Tribes, women often suffer from a greater disadvantage. The Ministry of Tribal Affairs therefore, while trying to ensure that women benefit equally from general schemes also has some special schemes meant for the benefit of ST women & girls. Achievements under schemes having coverage for

women beneficiaries during 2010-11 are at **ANNEXURE 15-A.**

15.4 The Ministry provides grants to the States under Special Central Assistance to the Tribal Sub-Plan and under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India, Central Sector and Centrally sponsored schemes for the development of the Schedule Tribes and for creation of infrastructure in tribal areas. The Ministry also implements the following schemes, which are focused on the upliftment of tribal girls and women in the field of education and employment so that they lead a life of self-confidence and dignity.

15.5 Low female literacy among STs being a particular concern, the gender-specific scheme of "Setting up Educational Complex in Low Literacy Pockets for development of Women's Literacy in Tribal Areas" introduced in 1993-94, was revised in 2008-09 and renamed as "Strengthening Education among ST Girls in Low Literacy Districts". The revised scheme became effective from 1st April 2008. The revised scheme is being implemented in 54 identified low literacy Districts where the ST population is 25% or more, and ST female literacy rate is below 35%, or its fractions, as per 2001 census. Any other tribal block in a district, other than aforesaid 54 identified districts, which has scheduled tribe population 25% or above, and tribal female literacy rate below 35% or its fractions, as per 2001 census, are also covered. The areas inhabited by Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (earlier known as Primitive Tribal Groups (PTGs) and naxalite affected areas are given priority. The scheme aims to bridge the gap in literacy levels between the general female population and tribal women, through facilitating 100% enrolment of tribal girls in the identified Districts or Blocks, more particularly in naxal affected areas and in

areas inhabited by PTGs, and reducing drop-outs at the elementary level by creating the required ambience for education. The scheme is implemented through Voluntary Organizations (VOs)/ Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and autonomous society/ institutions of State Government/ Union Territory Administration. The scheme lays emphasis on providing hostel facilities to enable them to attend regular schools and wherever schools are not available within five km distance, both schooling and hostel facilities may be considered. The revised scheme envisages the convergence with the schemes of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan and Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidhyalaya of Ministry of Human Resource Development. It meets the requirement of primary level students as well as middle/secondary level students and provides residential facility to ST girl students to ensure their retention in schools. Besides formal education, the revised scheme also takes care of skill upgradation of ST girls in various vocations. The revised scheme also envisages establishment of District Education Support Agency (DESA) in each low literacy district who will make efforts to ensure 100% enrolment and also play the role of monitor, facilitator and support linkages with various institutions.

15.6 Under the scheme 'Grants under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution of India' funds are released to State Governments for taking up specific projects for creation and up-gradation of critical infrastructure required to bring the tribal areas at par with the rest of the country. As per the guidelines of the scheme, the concerns/issues affecting women should occupy central position in preparation of the projects/ schemes, including the involvement of women, right from the planning to the implementation stage. The projects should be so planned that substantial benefits, at least 30% in proportion, are targeted for women.

15.7 Under the scheme for construction of hostels for ST boys and girls, 100% Central funding is provided to States/UTs for construction of hostels for ST girls at school, college, university and vocational education levels. The main objective of the scheme is to promote education among ST students by providing hostel

accommodation to such students who are not in a position to continue their education because of their poor economic condition, and the remote location of their villages. The scheme provides for the construction of new hostels and extension of existing hostel buildings for students. Under the scheme of establishment of Ashram schools in Tribal Sub-Plan areas, 100% Central funding is provided for the construction of Ashram schools for ST girls. These revisions were introduced from 1-4-2008 and are expected to have a profound impact on the increase in education among ST girls.

15.8 The National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation is an apex institution under Ministry of Tribal Affairs, for economic development of scheduled tribes by extending concessional financial assistance for income generating scheme(s)/project(s). The Corporation is having an exclusive scheme for economic development of scheduled tribes women titled Adivasi Mahila Sashaktikaran Yojana (AMSY). Under the scheme the Corporation provides financial assistance up to 90% of the scheme/project having unit cost up to Rs.50,000/- at highly concessional rate of interest @ 4% p.a. chargeable from beneficiaries

15.9 Under AMSY during the year, as on 31.12.2010, NSTFDC sanctioned Rs. 4.16 crore for economic upliftment of 1306 women beneficiaries and Rs. 4.63 crores for 1784 number of beneficiaries under Micro Credit Scheme.

15.10 The Corporation also extends its financial assistance for women beneficiaries under other income generating schemes including marketing support assistance. Further the Corporation is making all endeavors to cover more women beneficiaries under NSTFDC financial assistance.

15.11 The Scheme of 'Exchange of Visits by Tribals' was introduced in 2001-02, to enable Scheduled Tribe below the poverty line to visit other parts of the country for a period of 10-12 days. The Ministry bears the entire expenditure. According to the scheme, each team/group, consisting of say 10 tribals, will

include minimum 5 women. This enables them to broaden their perspective and also create awareness about the developments taking place in the country.

15.12 The Ministry of Tribal Affairs introduced a scheme, 'National Tribal Award' from 2007-08 with the objective of recognising achievements of Scheduled Tribes in different fields. Under individual category, one of the awardees has to be woman.

15.13 In some of its schemes the Ministry of Tribal Affairs takes special care to ensure 50% participation of girls or women. In the Eklavya Model Residential Schools for instance, 50% of the seats are meant for ST girls. Under the Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship

scheme for M. Phil and Ph.D., instructions have been issued to the UGC, which implements the scheme, to make efforts to award 50% of the fellowships to women. Every year two tribals from each state/UT are invited to witness Republic Day parade in Delhi, it is ensured that each state/UT sends one woman and one man.

15.14 Under the Special Area Programme, SCA to TSP meant for community based income generating activities for BPL families, the guidelines stipulated that 30% of the funds are to be kept apart for 'Women Component' and to be spent for income generation activities of women beneficiaries.



ANNEXURE 15-A

ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER SCHEMES HAVING COVERAGE FOR WOMEN BENEFICIARIES DURING 2010-11

1	D	•	`	
-	120	In	crore)	١
٠.	170.	111	CIUIC	,

	(Rs. in crore)							
S. No	Name of the Schemes/ Programmes	Details of Sub- Schemes	Budget Estimates 2010-11 excluding NE Region	Identifiable, Measurable and Monitorable Outputs/outcomes	Target Achieved upto 31.12.2010			
1.*	Support to National Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corporation	National Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corporation - Adivasi Mahila Sashktikaran Yojana (AMSY)	70.00	i) Number of beneficiaries assisted; ii) Sector-wise physical assets created; a) Agriculture and Allied; b) Industrial; c) Services	Under AMSY during the year, as on 31.12.2010, NSTFDC sanctioned Rs. 4.16 crore for economic upliftment of 1306 women beneficiaries and Rs.4.63 crores for 1784 number of beneficiaries under Micro Credit Scheme.			
2	Special Central Assistance for Tribal Sub-Plan	Special Central Assistance for Tribal Sub-Plan	882.51 (excluding States for N.E. Region)	(i) Number of ST beneficiaries assisted; (ii) Component-wise physical assets/ opportunities created: (a) Agriculture/ Horticulture - in hectares; (b) Watershed development/ Soil & Moisture Conservation - in hectares; (c) Animal Husbandry - in numbers; (d) Ecology & Environment including development of Forests - in hectares or quantum of MFP procured; (e) Development of forest villages - 1500; (f) Development of Entrepreneurship - number of persons assisted; (g) Percentage of women covered in all the components; The targets and outcomes would depend on the type of the projects taken by the States and outcome can be determined only after sanction/ implementation of all the projects.	Rs. 743.66 crore has been released under SCA to TSP as on 31.12.2010. Out of this, Rs.247.89 crore is earmarked for spending towards women beneficiaries under the guidelines. Physical targets cannot be estimated as the programmes/schemes are family oriented and proposals based on allocations communicated by the Ministry during a year, are formulated by the State Govts. in integration/conjunction with other schemes of the Central/State Govts.			
3	Schemes of PMS, Book Bankand Upgradation of Merit of ST Students	Schemes of PMS, Book Bank for ST Students	468.03	No. of Students who have completed (a) Group I; (b) Group II; (c) Group III; (d) Group IV	Grants to the tune of Rs.319.91 crore have been released to the various State Governments/UT Administrations for 1546535 anticipated beneficiaries which includes Rs.92.50 crore for 447475 anticipated girls beneficiaries in all groups of studies as on 31-12-2010.			

S. No	Name of the Schemes/ Programmes	Details of Sub- Schemes	Budget Estimates 2010-11 excluding NE Region	Identifiable, Measurable and Monitorable Outputs/outcomes	Target Achieved upto 31.12.2010
4	Scheme of Hostels for ST Girls and Boys	Scheme of Hostels for ST Girls and Boys	68.00	(i) Capacity of hostels constructed; (ii) Occupancy rate	Grants to the tune of Rs. 74.80 crore have been released to the various State Govts./UT Administrations/ Universities for 158 hostels which includes Rs.57.52 crore 145 girls hostels.
5	Research, information and Mass Education, Tribal Festivals and others	Exchange of Visits by Tribals	0.45	Number of beneficiaries assisted	The scheme provides for inclusion of atleast 5 women in each group of 10 persons. During 2010-11 a total of 35 women have benefited from the scheme.
6	Research, information and Mass Education, Tribal Festivals and others	National Tribal Awards	0.17	Number of beneficiaries assisted	Under individual category one of the awardees has to be woman. No proposal has been received during 2010-11.
7	Programme of grant under Proviso to Article 275 (1) of the Constitution	Grant Under Proviso to Article 275 (1) of the Constitution	825.23	(i) Since funding is to bridge the gaps in infrastructure and to improve the level of administration in tribal areas, this would lead to overall improvement of lives in tribal areas. However, project-wise quantification is not possible. The guidelines provide that the concerns/issues effecting women should occupy central position in preparation of the projects/schemes including the involvement of women right from planning to the implementation stage. The projects should be so planned that substantial benefits, at least 30% in proportion, are targeted for women. (ii) Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS)-135 schools	135 schools in 22 States out of which 90 are functional. (35 Schools sanctioned during 2010-11)
8	Strengthening Education among Scheduled Tribe (ST) Girls in Low Literacy Districts (erstwhile Educational Complex in Low Literacy pockets for development of women literacy in tribal areas)	Strengthening Education among Tribe(ST) Scheduled Girls in Low Literacy Districts	40.00	Number of Educational Complexes funded and scheduled tribe girls benefited	Scheme is meant exclusively for ST girls. During 2010-11 (till 31.12.2010), 40 Educational Complexes funded covering 7089 number scheduled tribe girls and Rs. 7.51 crore released.

CHAPTER 16 Programmes for Disabled Persons

Special Provisions for students with disabilities under the schemes being implemented by Ministry of Tribal Affairs

Scheme of Post Matric Scholarships for ST students:-

- **16.1** The following additional provision has been made for ST students with disabilities:
- (a) Reader Allowance for Blind Scholars:

Level of Course	Reader Allowance (Rs. per month)
	(105. per monen)
Group I, II	150
Group III	125
Group IV	100

- (b) Provision of transport allowance up to Rs. 100 per month for disabled students, if such student does not reside in the hostel, which is within the premises of educational institution. The disability as per the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1955 is defined as blindness, low-vision, leprosycured, hearing impairment, locomotors disability, mental retardation and mental illness;
- (c) Escort Allowance of Rs. 100/- per month for severally handicapped day scholar students with low extremity disability;
- (d) Special Pay of Rs. 100/- per month is admissible to any employee of the hostel willing to extend help to a severely orthopedically handicapped

- student residing in hostel of an educational institution, who may need the assistance of the helper;
- (e) Allowance of Rs. 150/- per month towards extra coaching to mentally retarded and mentally ill students.

The provisions in (b) to (d) will also apply to leprosy – cured students.

Up-gradation of Merit for ST students:

- 16.2 There is a provision to include 3% disabled ST students wherever possible. Besides the amount of scholarship, student with disabilities are awarded the following assistance:-
 - (a) Reader Allowance of Rs. 150 per month for blind students in class IX to XII;
 - (b) Transport allowance of Rs. 100 per month for the disabled students if such a student does not reside in the hostel, which is within the premises of educational institution. The disability as per the said Act is defined as blindness, low-vision, leprosy-cured, hearing impairment, locomotors disability, mental retardation and mental illness;
 - (c) Special pay of Rs. 150 per month be admissible to any employee of the hostel willing to extend help to a severely orthopaedically handicapped students residing in a hostel managed by the educational or by the State Government/Union Territory Administration who may need the assistance of a helper;

(d) Escort allowance of Rs. 100 per month for severely handicapped day scholar students with lower extremity disability.

The provisions in (b) to (d) will also apply to leprosy – cured students.

Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship for ST Students

16.3 Escorts/Reader Assistance @ Rs. 2,000/- p.m. in cases of physically and visually handicapped candidates is provided.

Hostels for ST Girls and Boys

16.4 It has been kept in the provisions of the scheme that a few rooms/blocks of the hostels be constructed barrier free and facilities like ramp etc. for the convenience of the ST students with disabilities.

Establishment of Ashram Schools in Tribal Sub Plan Areas

16.5 It has been kept in the provisions of the scheme that a few rooms/blocks of the hostels be constructed barrier free and facilities like ramp etc. for the convenience of the ST students with disabilities.

NGO Schemes

16.6 The State Governments have been requested to advise NGOs receiving funds under the NGO Schemes and under the Scheme of Development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups(PTGs), to provide 'Barrier free environment' facilities in the residential schools/non-residential schools, hostels, 10 or more bedded hospitals and buildings such as Community Centres, etc. as per the National Policy for Persons with Disabilities, 2006.



CHAPTER 17 Right to Information Act, 2005

17.1 The Right to Information Act, 2005 came into effect from 12.10.2005. As provided under Section 4(1) (b) of the Act, manuals in respect of Ministry were prepared and have been placed in the Ministry's website. Central Public Information Officers in respect of the Ministry have been designated in terms of section 5 (1) and (2) of the said Act. The related instructions have been posted in the website of the Ministry. PC&V Section have been assigned the task of receiving the requests made under the RTI Act by the applicants concerning the Ministry. After making proper entries in the register of all the applications and the fee received, the applications are forwarded to the concerned Central Public Information Officer (CPIOs) in the Ministry for taking further necessary action. The particulars of the Appellate Authorities and CPIOs in respect of Ministry are indicated in Annexure 17-A and 17-B. Notifications (as amended) have been posted on the website of the Ministry (www.tribal.gov.in). Shri Jagdish Kumar Popli,

Director (P&C) has been nominated as 'Nodal Officer' for implementation of RTI Act in the Ministry.

17.2 Similar notifications/manuals were also brought out by (i) Tribal Cooperative Marketing Federation of India Limited (TRIFED) (ii) National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation (NSTFDC) and (iii) National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (NCST) and posted on the respective websites of the organizations, a link to which has been given in this Ministry's websites. The details of application received and replied to (from 1.4.2010 to 31.12.2010) under Right to Information Act, 2005 are given below:

- (a) No. of applications received under RTIAct: 393
- (b) No. of applications replied to: 338



ANNEXURE 17-A

LIST OF OFFICERS WORKING AS CENTRAL PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICERS (CPIOS) IN THE MINISTRY OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS UNDER RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

Sl.	Name of the Officer	Designation	Address/ Tele. No.
1.	Shri Subrata Das	Deputy Secretary (Statistics) (Additional Charge)	August Kranti Bhavan,Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi -110066 Tel. 26182814
2.	Ms. Juthika Patankar	Director (Education)	Room No.736, A-Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi - 110115 Tel. 23073176
3.	Shri Asit Gopal	Director (NGO)	Room No.401, B-Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi –110115 Tel. 23070508
4.	Shri A.K. Srivastava	Director (State Grants)	Room No.212, D-Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi – 110115 Tel. 23387444
5.	Shri Jagdish Kr. Popli	Director (Admn., P & C)	Room No.214, D-Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi – 110115 Ph23073706
6.	Ms. Santosh	Director (Plan & Misc.)	August Kranti Bhawan, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110066 Tel. 26182823
7.	Shri. Subrata Das	Deputy Secretary (CP&R)	August Kranti Bhawan, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110066 Tel. 26182814
8.	Smt. Sunita	Deputy Secretary (IFD)	Room No.216-H, D-Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi – 110115 Tel 23387396
9.	Shri K.Touthang	Deputy Secretary (Research & Media)	Room No. 281, August Kranti Bhawan, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110066 Tel. 26182428
10.	Shri Asit Gopal	Director (Addl. Charge)(C&LM)	Room No. 401, 'B'Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi – 110115

ANNEXURE 17-B

LIST OF OFFICERS WORKING AS APPELLATE AUTHORITY (AA) IN THE MINISTRY OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS UNDER RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

S.N.	Name, Designation and Address	Telephone Number	Division/Section
1.	Shri A.N. Jha Joint Secretary & Financial Adviser Room No.637, 'A' Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi	23381730	IFD
2.	Dr. Bachittar Singh Joint Secretary Room No.741, 'A'Wing, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi	23073489	SG/Admn.,/General/PC & V/FRA/R & M/P & M
3.	Shri P.D.Meena Joint Secretary, Room No.722, 'A'Wing, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi	23383622	NGO/Education/C&LM/ CP&R
4.	Shri S.K.Gupta Deputy Director General (Statistics), Room No.241, August Kranti Bhavan, R.K. Puram, New Delhi	26182094	Statistics



CHAPTER 18 Departmental Accounting Organization

The Accounting Set Up

18.1 The Secretary of each Department i.e. Ministry of Tribal Affairs is the Chief Accounting Authority. He discharges the responsibility with the help of the Financial Adviser and the Chief Controller of Accounts of the Department. The Chief Controller of Accounts is the head of the Accounting Organization of the Ministry.

The Principal Accounts Office is responsible for accounting matters relating to the Department through the concerned Pay and Accounts Office, which are performing the payment functions, monitoring of budget and compilation of accounts of all transactions. The accounts related functions include pre audit of bills /vouchers, release of payments, control of expenditure w.r.t. availability of budget, computerized monthly accounts of the Ministry, preparation of Appropriation Accounts, Statement of Central Transactions, Union Finance Accounts, other related functions such as Grants-in-Aids to State/UT Governments, procuring/supply of Cheque books to the PAOs, rendition of scheme wise expenditure to the Secretaries for monitoring the progress of expenditure, preparation of Receipt Budget, liaison with Controller General Accounts etc.

18.2 The release of payment and monitoring of expenditure work of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs is performed by their sole Pay and Accounts Office located in New Delhi. This Pay and Accounts Office is submitting monthly accounts directly to the Controller General of Accounts, Khan Market, New Delhi.

State Bank of Patiala, Shastri Bhawan is the accredited bank for this Ministry i.e. Ministry of Tribal Affairs.

18.3 COMPUTERIZATION OF ACCOUNTS

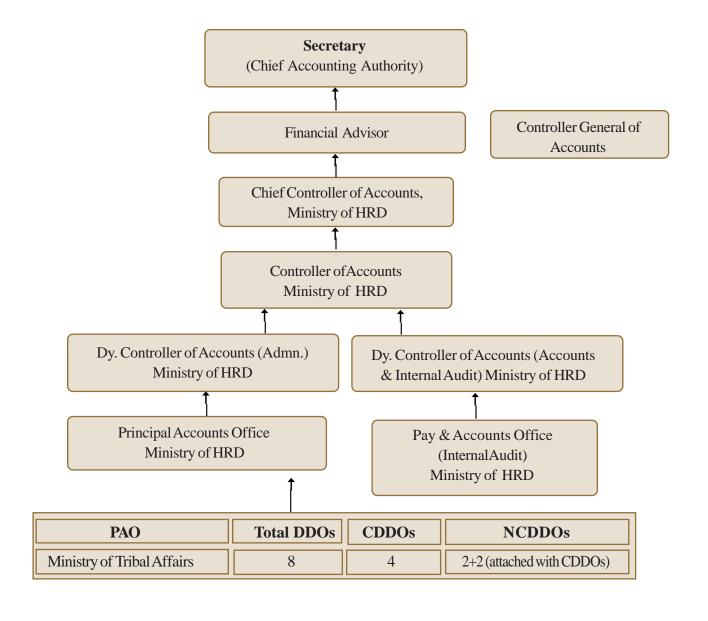
18.3.1 One important step in connection with Computerization of Accounting System, taken at the initiative of the O/o the Chief Controller of Accounts is the implementation of COMPACT package which touches upon the functioning of most of the areas in a Pay & Accounts Office. The overall objective towards development of COMPACT has been to achieve accuracy and speed in various functions of the Pay & Accounts Offices, in addition to removing routine drudgery of manually writing the same data again and again. Computer support is being used through this package to ensure that once the accounts data are entered, the same can be processed at various places without the need of re-entering for other purposes like compilation of monthly accounts, or generating MIS Reports etc.

The system not only enriches the accounting and provide better management information, but also helps in improving the analysis of the accounting information. There are various functions, especially those relating to reconciliation, which involves lot of manual drudgery. This package helps in taking care of such functions apart from improving the over all accuracy and exchequer control through the system. The package also provides for internal controls and audit through computerized validation and will thus be of great help in improving the quality of accounts.

All the modules of COMPACT viz. Pre-Check, Compilation, GPF and Pension are being used by the Pay & Accounts Office.

Apart from this, several other steps are being taken in the O/o the Chief Controller of Accounts to increase the computerization process for which the officials are

Structure of Accounting Organization is given below



regularly being sent for training at the Institute of Government Accounts & Finance (INGAF)

18.4 e-Lekha

The Pay & Accounts Office is uploading the COMPACT data in e-lekha on daily basis at website www.cga.nic.in/elekha/elekhahome.asp enabling Pr. Accounts Office and CGA to monitor various MIS

Reports and bringing transparency in the work of PAO.

Some of the salient features of e-Lekha are:

- (i) Status of expenditure of the Ministry can be ascertained on daily basis.
- (ii) This enables to monitor Scheme-wise expenditure more effectively. All the schemes for Welfare of S.Ts. are also being monitored

- closely not only by this Ministry but also by PM's office, M/o Finance and Planning Commission through e-Lekha.
- (iii) Status of pending bills in Pay & Accounts Office can be ascertained.

18.5 Central Plan Scheme Monitoring System

Central Plan Scheme Monitoring System has been launched with a view to have reliable data on flow of funds from Government of India to individual States and other implementing entities or amounts flowing from them to districts and sub-districts and expenditure points. Accordingly, mapping up of all the Plan schemes of this Ministry has been done by this organization through specific software developed for this purpose i.e. Central Plan Scheme Monitoring System. All the concerned officials of the department have been imparted training in this regard. Through this software anyone can find the status of releases of Grants-in-aid to different organizations / bodies. It has been found to be immensely useful by the Department also.

18.6 New Pension Scheme

New Pension Scheme has been introduced in r/o all the employees appointed on or after 1.1.2004. Under this scheme, 10% of the Pay (including Grade Pay) + D.A. of such employees are to be recovered from their salary and along with matching contribution from the Govt., is to be deposited to NSDL Central Recordkeeping Agency through their trustee bank (Bank of India). This scheme has been in operation in this Ministry.

18.7 Internal Audit

The Internal Audit Unit of Principal Accounts Office conducting traditional audit, is also involved in appraisal, monitoring and evaluation of individual schemes. Moving beyond the narrow myopic confines of compliance / regulatory audit, Internal Audit now also focuses on:

- Assessment of adequacy and effectiveness of Internal controls in general, and soundness of financial systems and reliability of financial and accounting reports in particular;
- Identification and monitoring of risk factors (including those contained in the Outcome Budget);
- Critical assessment of economy, efficiency, and effectiveness of service delivery mechanism to ensure value for money; and
- Providing an effective monitoring system to facilitate and course corrections.

As per records, the position of outstanding paras in respect of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs is as under:-

1.	Outstanding paras as on 31.3.2009	53
2.	Additons during the year 2009-2010	06
3.	Para settled during the year 2009-2010	01
5.	Outstanding as on 31.3.2010	58

During the year 2009-2010, 2(two) Offices were due for audit and only 1(one) Office, NCST, Ranchi audited.

18.8 Action Taken Notes (ATNs) on C&AG Paras:

The position of Action Taken Notes (ATNs) on C&AG Paras in respect of Ministry of Tribal Affairs is given at **Annexure 18-A.**

18.9 Utilisation Certificates

A Web based software has been developed by the Office of the Chief Controller of Accounts for effective monitoring and evaluation of the status of Utilisation Certificates and for capturing the complete information

related to Grants-in-Aid released by the Ministry to various organizations.

There are four levels of Data Entry in the Software. The first level is meant for the Ministry to enter the sanction details. The second level is meant for the Drawing and Disbursement Officer dealing with the Grants-in-Aid to enter the bill details. The third and fourth levels are meant for the Pay and Accounts Office to verify and finally accept the bills for payment.

The program generates various MIS reports which are useful in decision making by the Ministry/Department. Further, a link to the software is available on the main web site of the Ministry for the visitors who are interested in viewing such reports. A brief summary of the reports follows:

REPORTS

- 1. Year Wise Summary
- 2. Bureau Wise Summary
- 3. Bureau Division Wise Summary
- 4. Bureau Division Section Year Wise Summary
- 5. Bureau Division Section Year Wise
- 6. Grantee and Scheme Wise UC Status Summary
- 7. Year and Nature of Grant Wise Summary
- 8. Year Month and State Wise Grant Released Summary
- 9. Year State and District Wise Grant Released Summary
- Year and Grantee Wise Grant Released Summary
- 11. Year and Scheme Wise Grant Released Summary
- 12. Year Scheme Grantee and State Wise Grant Released Summary



ANNEXURE 18-A

POSITION OF ATNS IN RESPECT OF MINISTRY OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS

			Details	of the Paras/PA rep	oort on which AT	Ns are pending
Sl. No.	Year	No. of Paras/PA report on which ATNs have been submitted to PAC after vetting by Audit	No. of ATNs not sent by the Ministry even for the first time	No. of ATNs sent but returned with observations and Audit is awaiting their resubmission by the Ministry	No. of ATNs sent but not yet vetted/returned by Audit with observations	No. of ATNs which have been finally vetted by Audit but have not been submi- tted by the Ministry to PAC
	1000					111111011110
1	1999	-	-	1	-	-
2	2001	-	-	-	1	-
3	2002	1	-	-	-	-
4	2003	1	,		-	-
5	2005	-	-	1	-	-
6	2006	1	-		-	-
7	2007	-	1	1	-	-
8	2008	-	-	-	1	-
	Total	3	1	3	2	-

CHAPTER 19 Citizen's / Client's Charter

Citizen's / Client's Charter

Address: Shastri Bhawan,

New Delhi-110 115

Website ID: www.tribal.nic.in

Date of Issue: February 2011

Next Review: February 2012

Vision

To facilitate the reduction and removal of the gap in the Human Development Indices (HDIs) of the Scheduled Tribe population vis-à-vis the general population and help empower socially and economically the Scheduled Tribes to enable them to exercise effective control over their life style, their natural resource base and to make informed choices.

Mission

The Ministry of Tribal Affairs along with various line Ministries of Government of India is fully committed as per the prescription contained in the Allocation of Business Rules to enhance the well-being of all the Scheduled Tribes in the country through a multi-pronged strategy as under:

- 1. Formulation and Promotion of Legislative and Executive interventions (Good Politics),
- 2. Facilitating the upgradation of levels of administration in ScheduledAreas through area and population targeted approaches (Good Governance), and
- 3. Furthering the creation of basic infrastructure for increasing livelihood opportunities, and for providing nutritional support, education, essential skills and a social safety net for situations of climatic and other distress conditions (Good Development Core).

;	Services/Transaction	Weight	Responsible	Email	Mobile	Process	Document		Fæs	
<u>. </u>		%	Person (Designation)		(Phone No.)		Kequired	Category	Made	Amount
	and residential schools for ST students, b) Schololarships at the post Matric stage to ST students.					Inviting proposals from State Govts/ UT Admns				
						Submission of proposals by State Govts./UT Admns	i) UCs in respect of releases made in the previous years			
							ii) Physical and financial progress report in respect of releases made in the previous years			
							iii)Certification regarding availability of Govt. land, Schedule of PWD construction rates, Plan/ Components			
							of Solar Heat System and Rain Harvesting System for Hostels and Ashram Schools also			

Main Services / Transactions

i	Services/Transaction	Weight	Responsible	Email	Mobile	Process	Document		Fees	
Ž		%	Person (Designation)		(Phone No.)		Required	Category	Made	Amount
					·	Scrutiny and approval by the Competent Authority in the Ministry Issue of				
						Sanction/ Release of I/ II Instalment (as applicable)				
ю	Release of financial assistance to State Governments/ UT Admns/Institutions/NGOs for :- a) Vocational Training in tribal areas, b) Socio-economic development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PTGs), the most vulnerable section amongest scheduled tribes.	15	Sh. Asit Gopal Director (NGO)	asitgopal77@	9650010049	Submission of proposals by NGOs through State Govt./UT Admns	i) UCs in respect of releases made in the previous years ii) Audited Statment of Accounts iii) List of Managing Committee iv) List of Staff members v) List of Beneficiaries vi) List of District Collector vii) Annual Report vii) Annual Report of District Collector viii) Annual Report Multi Disciplinary Committee			

Services/Transaction	ansaction	Weight %	Responsible Person	Email	Mobile (Phone	Process	Document Remined		Fæs	
		₹	(Designation)		No.)		Pompley.	Category	Mode	Amount
							Agreement Agreement Assessment Certificate Cirtificate Assessment Certificate Assessment Certificate Assessment Certificate Certificate Assessment Assessment Assis Authorisa- tion Letter for accepting electronic payment Assissing Terms and Conditions duly signed by the Organisation			
						Scrutiny and approval by the Competent Authority in the Ministry				
						Issue of Sanction/ Release of I/ II Instalment (as applicable)				
Release of financial assistance to State Governments/UT Admns/Institutions/NGOs for: a) Conducting research, seminars, workshop on tribal related issues, b) Monitoring and evaluation studies on schemes of MoTA, c) Tribal festivals, exchange of visits.	Release of financial assistance to State Governments/UT Admns/Institutions/NGOs for :- a) Conducting research, seminars, workshops on tribal related issues, b) Monitoring and evaluation studies on schemes of MoTA, c) Tribal festivals, exchange of visits.	10	Sh. K. Touthang (DS (R&M))	touthang @ nic.in	9971800727	Invitation of proposals through advertisement in Newspapers, Ministry's Web-site				

Main Services / Transactions

Services/Transaction	Weight	Responsible	Email	Mobile	Process	Document		Fees	
	%	Person (Designation)		(Phone No.)		Required	Category	Mode	Amount
					Submission of proposals by Organisations through State Govts/UT Admns.	Proposal in prescribed proforma, Annual Reports, Audited Accounts, Memorandum and Registration Certificate. Second and final instalments are released on receipt of audited statement of accounts and utilisation certificate in GFR 19A from a Chartered Accountant			
					Scrutiny and selection by Research Advisory Committee				
					Issue of Sanction/ Releases of I,II and III instalments as per schedule				

Si ;	Services/Transaction	Weight	Responsible	Email	Mobile	Process	Document		Fees	
o Z		%	Person (Designation)		(Phone No.)		Required	Category	Mode	Amount
ν,	Release of financial assistance for :- Support to Tribal cooperative Marketting Development Federation of India and State Level Corporations	vo	Sh. S. Das (DS (CP&R))	das.subrata13@gmail.com	9818893570 (26182814)	Submission of proposals by TRIFED/STDCs through the State Govt.	i) UCs in respect of releases made in the previous years ii) Physical and financial progress respect of releases made in the previous years			
						Scrutiny and appoval of the Competent Authority in the Ministry				
						Issue of Sanction/ Release of I/II Instalment (as applicable)				
9	To provide inputs/comments on the policy documents/matters, legislation proposals, Cabinet Notes and EFC Memoranda of various Central line Ministries/ Departments, in order to safegaurd the interests of STs.	10	Ms. Santosh (Director (P&M))	santosh58@ nic.in	9717616313	Receipt of policy documents, legislation proposals, Cabinet Notes, EFC Memoranda etc. from various Ministries/				
						Communicating our views to the concerned Ministry/Deptt.				

Main Services / Transactions

<u>N</u>	Services/Transaction		Responsible	Email	Mobile	Process	Document		Fæs	
		%	Person (Designation)		(Phone No.)		Required	Category	Mode	Amount
						Indepth study, consulting relevant literature, analysis, evaluation of its impact on the tribals and formulation of our opinion with the approval of Competent Authority.				
	To represent the interests of STs through suggestions/ policy inputs in the meetings of various Working Groups, Expert Groups, Task Forces and Governing Councils constituted in various Central Ministries/ Departments and Planning Commission.	10	Ms Santosh (Director (P&M))	santosh58@ nic.in	9717616313	Receipt of Agenda items from the Working Groups, Expert Groups, Task Forces, Governing Councils of various Ministries/ Departments and Planning Commission				
						Indepth study consulting relevant literature, analysis and formulation of our views				
						Presenting our views in the meetings				

<u> </u>	Services/Transaction	Weight	Responsible	Email	Mobile	Process	Document		Fees	
 j		0,	Person (Designation)		(Fnone No.)		Required	Category	Mode	Amount
	Redressal and disposal of complaints/ grievances of employees/ service providers to the Ministry.	10	Sh. J.K. Popli (Director (Admin))	jk.popli@nic.in	9868833090	Receipt of grievance	Supporting documents/ orders			
						Examination and necessary remedial action				
						Reply to the applicant				

Service Standards

z ż	Services/Transaction	Weight	Success Indicators	Service Standard	Unit	Weights	DataSource
-	Release of financial assistance to State Governments/ UT Admns for :- a) Welfare and socio-economic development of target ST population, b) Poverty alleviation and enterprenurship development amongest target ST population.	25.0	Time	4 5	days	25.0	Ministry Records
2	Release of financial assistance to State Governments/ UT Admns/ Institutions/ NGOs for :- a) Educational facilities by way of hostels and residential schools for ST students, b) Schololarships at the post Matric stage to ST students.	15.0	Time	45	days	15.0	Ministry Records
ဗ	Release of financial assistance to State Governments/ UT Admns/ Institutions/ NGOs for :- a) Vocational Training in tribal areas, b) Socio-economic development of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PTGs), the most vulnerable section amongest scheduled tribes.	15.0	Time	45	days	15.0	Ministry Records
4	Release of financial assistance to State Governments/ UT Admns/ Institutions/ NGOs for :- a) Conducting research, seminars, workshops on tribal related issues, b) Monitoring and evaluation studies on schemes of MoTA, c) Tribal festivals, exchange of visits.	10.0	Time	45	days	10.0	Ministry Records
5	Release of financial assistance for :- Support to Tribal cooperative Marketting Development Federation of India and State Level Corporations	5.0	Time	45	days	5.0	Ministry Records

Service Standards

zi ż	Services/Transaction	Weight	Success Indicators	Service Standard	Unit	Weights	DataSource
9	To provide inputs/ comments on the policy documents/ matters, legislation proposals, Cabinet Notes and EFC Memoranda of various Central line Ministries/ Departments, in order to safegaurd the interests of STs.	10.0	Time	30	days	10.0	Ministry Records
7	To represent the interests of STs through suggestions/ policy inputs in the meetings of various Working Groups, Expert Groups, Task Forces and Governing Councils constituted in various Central Ministries/ Departments and Planning Commission.	10.0	Time			10.0	Ministry Records
∞	Redressal and disposal of complaints/ grievances of employees/ service providers to the Ministry.	10.0	Time	30	days	10.0	Ministry Records

Website url to lodge http:pgportal.gov.in/

Grievance Redress Mechanism

S.No.	S.No. Name of the Public Grievance Officer	Helpline Number	Email	Mobile Number
1	Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary	23073489	bsingh@nic.in	9868993582
2	Shri R.S. Meena, Executive Director, TRIFED	26522652	rsmeena@nic.in	9868100042
3	Shri Anil P.C Raven, Sr. Manager (Proj.) NSTFDC	26712539	raven.oraon@gmail.com	9873015939

List of Stakeholders/Clients

S.No.	Stakeholders / Clients
1	Central/ State Ministries/ Departments dealing with socio-economic development of STs
2	Central/ State Government Bodies
3	Institutions (UGC/ Educational Institutions)
4	TRIFED
5	NSTFDC
9	STDCs
7	Tribal Research Institutes (TRIs)
8	NGOs
6	National Commission for Scheduled Tribes (NCST)
10	State ST Commissions
11	Citizens

Responsibility Centers and Subordinate Organizations

					2010-2011)
S.No.	Responsibility Centers and Subordinate Orgnizations	Landline Number	Email	Mobile Number	Address
1	Tribal Cooperative Marketing Development Federation of India Limited (TRIFED)	26866084	snehlatakumar@trifed.nic.in	9810234143	NCUI Building, 2nd Floor, 3 Institutional Area, August Kranti Marg, New Delhi-110016
2	National Scheduled Tribes Finance & Development Corporation (NSTFDC)	26712519	gursaroop@yahoo.co.in	9911370094	NBCC Tower, 5th Floor, Hall No. 1, Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110066.

Indicative Expectations from Service Recipients

SI. No.	Indicative Expectations from Service Recipients
1	Complete Appplication for availing financial assistance (in all aspects). (Requisite documents available on www.tribal.gov.in)
2	Early and timely submission of proposal
3	To ensure utilisation of funds within the stipulated period
4	To give adequate time/ notice to study and analyze the pros and cons of any policy/legislative/ schematic intervention.